The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME L.—NO. CCLXXXIX. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1890—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THEY ARE SURE WINNERS.

Increased Registration Shows a Sweeping Victory for Gilbert.

THE FIGURES A SURPRISE.

Party Leaders Thoroughly Satisfied with the Result.

BUT, O! THE POOR DEMOCRATS.

That the Bosses Are Disappointed Is Putting It Mildly.

ALL THE REPUBLICAN CHIEFS JUBILANT.

There is no longer any doubt as to the success of the Republican county candidates at the election Nov. 4. The Republicans, acting largely on the advice of James H. Gilbert, the candidate for Sheriff, decided to make their first fight on the registration. They were wise. They certainly have won on the first encounter. The figures of the registration Tuesday were even more favorable to the Republicans than the estimates published in yesterday's TRIBUNE.

Some 54,000 new names were added to the registry, making the total now about 194,000. The revision will reduce this to 175,000, the largest registration in the history of the city by 10,000.

This is decidedly in favor of the Republicans. In the Second Ward the new registration was 1,943 instead of 1,250 as estimated yesterday. The Third Ward was also better than expected by about 500. For the Fourth Ward and the Twelfth, the banner Republican wards of the city, the new registration, as estimated by THE TRIBUNE, was 1,900 and 3,000. It was slightly better than that in both cases. In the Eleventh, as in the Second and Third, the registration surpassed all Republican calculation.

The same is true in the case of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Thirty-second, and Thirty-fourth Wards, all reliably Republican.

No Go with the Democrats.

On the other hand the registration in the Democratic wards did not come up to the expectations of the party bosses. Lawler's own ward, the Nineteenth, which is the banner ward of the Democracy, shows a new registration of about 2,000, and the greatest are in the precincts that are nearly Republican. The Fifth, Sixth, and Twenty-ninth Wards fall short of the promise made by the Democratic organizers. The large new registration in the First and Eighteenth is largely fraudulent and will be reduced considerably through the scrutiny of the canvassers. The new Democratic registration in the Twenty-fourth will be reduced also as a result of investigation.

How the Figures Compare.

The following table will show the complete registration of last spring, the new registration of that time, and the new registration of Tuesday:

Ward.	Full registration of last spring.	New registration of last spring.	New registration of Tuesday.
1	4,633	1,500	2,276
2	4,231	753	1,943
3	4,572	626	1,769
4	4,391	694	1,922
5	5,394	823	1,568
6	5,619	957	1,537
7	4,127	638	1,136
8	3,814	671	915
9	4,583	617	1,160
10	4,644	805	1,940
11	5,346	782	2,430
12	7,955	1,411	3,137
13	5,552	856	2,012
14	3,983	536	1,190
15	4,563	668	1,190
16	5,483	853	1,289
17	3,404	760	1,107
18	4,756	1,581	2,535
19	6,321	1,101	2,089
20	3,027	475	1,038
21	4,216	581	1,202
22	3,230	552	1,368
23	5,252	1,006	1,621
24	5,007	1,032	2,381
25	3,494	511	1,313
26	3,036	431	1,027
27	1,658	195	440
28	2,508	352	473
29	4,742	934	1,516
30	6,157	1,261	2,333
31	2,663	423	1,313
32	3,883	602	1,803
33	3,241	373	865
34	4,363	560	1,687
Cicero	...	...	307

The excess of the registration of last Tuesday over the registration of last year, except, perhaps, in the case of the First, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and Twenty-fourth Wards, would be a fair measure of the Republican gain made in the registration. It is safe to say that at least 75 per cent of the new registration in the Second, Third, Fourth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Twentieth, and Twenty-fifth Wards is Republican. In the Democratic wards it is claimed by the Republicans that half the new registration is in their favor.

In Mr. Lawler's Ward.

The Nineteenth Ward, in which Mr. Lawler resides, is the only one that comes up to Democratic expectation, and the largest gains there are in the districts where the Republicans have a majority or are nearly even with the Democrats. To illustrate: In the First Precinct, east of Desplaines and north of Harrison street, in which Ald. Powers resides, the increase is only 54, as against an increase of 134, 90, 118, 105 respectively in the northern tier of precincts lying west of Desplaines street. The total increase in the four river precincts of this ward, almost solidly Democratic, is but 321, against an increase of 454 in the four western precincts, which are Democratic only by a small majority.

In the Democratic Seventeenth Ward the increase is largest in the precincts where the Republicans are able to hold their own. The three river precincts show an increase of 184 only, while the three western precincts, along May street, show an increase of 332. The two Scandinavian precincts of the ward show an increase of 274. In the Fourteenth Ward also the greatest increase is in the Scandinavian and German precincts, and in the Fifteenth Ward the increase is in the northern and strongly Republican precincts. The Maplewood precinct shows an increase of 125, and 100 of the increase is claimed for the Republicans, and the claim is allowed. In the Fifth Ward the new registration is largest along the precincts bounded on the east by Wentworth avenue and Clark street, some of which are Republican. Five of those precincts show an aggregate gain of 511, against an increase of 345 in the five western and river precincts. This indicates beyond much doubt that the new registration in the Fifth is largely Republican. In the Sixth Ward also the new registration is largest in the three Republican precincts west of the river, which show an increase of 422, against 276 in the three eastern precincts. In the Democratic Seventh and Eighth Wards the increase averages about seventy to a precinct, against an average of ninety per precinct in the less Democratic Ninth, and 140 in the Republican Tenth, and 125 in the Republican Eleventh.

The Twelfth and Thirteenth Wards made a magnificent showing for the Republicans. Of 5,200 new voters in both those wards it is safe to say that 4,000 are Republican. This will indicate a clear Republican gain of 2,800. The Eleventh, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, and Twenty-seventh Wards will make this Republican gain 5,000. In the Democratic wards it will be a stand-off.

The South Side and Hyde Park Republican wards—the Second, Third, Fourth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, and Thirty-fourth—show splendidly for the Republicans also. Of the 5,600 new voters in the Second, Third, and Fourth Wards it is probable that not more than 1,500 are Democrats. This would indicate a Republican gain of 2,600. The Hyde Park and Englewood wards will add 1,400 more, while the Stock-Yards ward—the Twenty-ninth—remains at a standstill. It will show no increase in the Democratic majority.

The fine showing made in the Twenty-fifth Ward, the eastern one of Lake View, promises an increase in the Republican majority of 500. The Twentieth Ward, which added 33 per cent to its registration, will add 500 more. It is believed that on account of the large Scandinavian vote in the Twenty-third Ward it will be carried for the Republicans this time. The Republican vote in the Twenty-fourth Ward will be increased also. In the North Side and Lake View a Republican gain of 1,500 to 2,000 can be counted on.

Not Significant of Democratic Increase.

The heavy new registration in the First, Eighteenth, and Twenty-fourth Wards is not significant of Democratic increase. When the registry comes to be revised it will be found that as far as the Democratic or lodging-house precincts of those wards are concerned there will be no net gain to speak of. Most of the roustabout Democratic voters of last spring have moved out. The newly registered voters do not equal them in number. The canvasses will reduce the lists in those precincts fully 50 per cent. The final registration in them will be less than it was last spring.

The Republican leaders were quite jubilant yesterday over the result of the registration. They claimed as high as two-thirds of the 54,000 votes registered. This would give a gain of 18,000, which was deemed too high. A conservative estimate was from 10,000 to 12,000. The fact is that except in the Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and First Wards the Democratic ward bosses did not exert themselves. They are not enthusiastic over Lawler. They were not around the polls. The Republicans worked as they have not done in years. The new registration was mostly of young business-men and the recently naturalized Scandinavian and British voters. They are certainly anti-Lawler, and will probably go the whole Republican county ticket, except some personally obnoxious candidates.

The efforts of the Republicans will now be directed to purging the registry lists of the fraudulent names of last spring. This will be as productive of good results as the energetic work of Tuesday last. Victory for the Republicans is now assured.

SERIOUS COMPLICATIONS MAY ARISE.

An Heir of the Late Gen. Barrundia Seeking Monetary Damages.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Señor R. Bengoches, husband of the youngest daughter of the late Gen. José Mari Barrundia, arrived in this city today and proceeded to the Hotel America on Irving place. He comes here to make a demand for $100,000 from the United States Government for the killing of his father-in-law. He claims that the Government is responsible because United States Minister Mizner induced the Captain of the Pacific Mail steamer to turn over Gen. Barrundia to the Guatemalan troops, and thus caused him to be murdered. The claim of the family for monetary damages is not considered alarming, but the demand made by the widow and children of the dead man for President Harrison to vindicate the majesty of the United States will, it is thought, cause trouble. Señor Bengoches will tomorrow engage the best lawyer he can find on international law and will then proceed to Washington to press the case before the State Department. The continued agitation of the case may yet lead to diplomatic complications between Guatemala and the United States. The Pacific Mail Steamship company is also interested, because one of its steamers was boarded by armed men and a passenger shot down in cold blood.

Señor Bengochea will claim before the State Department that all civilized nations extend the right of asylum to political refuges, and under the fourteenth article of the treaty between Guatemala and the United States Gen. Barrundia's blood is certainly upon this Government. Absolute liberty and security were guaranteed to Barrundia, he claims, under that treaty.

MOST IS DISGUSTED WITH AMERICA.

The Anarchist Leader to Quit the Country—He Will Settle in London.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Anarchists of this city are sad. Their leader, Johann Most, is to leave them and the country and settle in London. The great Anarchist is disgusted with American politics, and after several years' toil in his peculiar field has come to the conclusion that he can do better in Europe and gather in more converts. He would like to go to Germany but can not, and so he will work in London and ship his propaganda to Germany. Most arrived in this country Dec. 18, 1882, having just served a year and a half in jail in London for rejoicing over the assassination of Czar Alexander. He has often been arrested here for making revolutionary speeches, and served one year on Blackwell's Island. He is now under $5,000 bail to answer for an incendiary speech. In conversation with Most today he stated he thought he would sail about Christmas time. His paper, *Freiheit*, will still continue to be published in this city. He will issue it also in London for circulation in Germany. He stated that the moment has arrived when the Anarchists in Germany must step to the front and break the conservative spirit that has so long kept workingmen from entertaining ideas of anarchy, although many thousands of them are in sympathy with it.

ROBBED THE PASSENGERS ON A TRAIN.

People on the Missouri Pacific Omaha Express Relieved of Their Money.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 15.—Indefinite information of the robbery of several passengers on the Missouri Pacific Omaha express has been received here. The robbery occurred within the city limits just after the train left the Union Depot, but all persons who have any knowledge of it besides the robbers are the trainmen and passengers, and they are with the train, which has proceeded far on its way. Conductor Welch sent two telegrams to headquarters concerning the robbery, neither of which gave any definite information. The first one said that several passengers on his train had been robbed by three men. One of them acted the part of a news agent. The second dispatch stated that J. A. Howard, bound for Nebraska City, was robbed of $23, and that J. W. Dolby, bound for Cawker City, Kas., drew his revolver on the robbers and drove them from the train at State Line, a small station on the line that divides Kansas City, Mo., from Kansas City, Kas. These meager facts are all that can be learned of the robbery.

Canadian Eggs in England.

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—J. G. Curry of London, one of the most extensive dealers there in dairy products, writes that the quality of Canadian eggs when they reach London is equal to that of the finest English product and that England can with the greatest of ease absorb all the Canadian eggs produced.

A Station Agent Robbed.

TYLER, Tex., Oct. 15.—Last night as the International agent at Lindale was closing after the 11 o'clock train had passed north and just as he turned to go from the office he was confronted by two masked men, who ordered him to tell them where he kept the money. The robbers obtained about $1,400.

UNCLE SAM AFTER MORE.

ANOTHER ARREST IN THE DEMOCRATIC NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.

The Government Corrals One O'Connell, Who Confesses to Having Obtained Papers Irregularly—Other Warrants Out and Many Prepared—Prisoners Implicate Sol Van Praag—The Democratic Central Committee Defends the Accused—McKenna Held to the Grand Jury.

Four United States warrants charging perjury in procuring papers of citizenship, which perjury was suborned by the naturalization bureau conducted by the Democratic Campaign Committee under charge of "Long Nick" Sennott and Candidate for the Legislature Sol Van Praag, were issued yesterday.

Late last night a young man named O'Connell, employed at cleaning street-car tracks on Halsted street, was arrested charged with committing perjury in obtaining naturalization papers against the dignity of the United States. Commissioner Hoyne having closed his office, O'Connell was taken to the County Jail. He is not yet 23 years old and came to America when in his twentieth year. He was persuaded by members of the Democratic Central Committee and others that, having come to this country when a minor, the five years' residence prescribed by statute was not necessary and that he was entitled to his final papers upon completing his majority.

He made a confession last night giving the details of his naturalization and implicating several others. Those whom he named will be arrested today.

Within a day or two a large number of Italians will be brought in. The affidavits for their arrest are already drawn, but as the men are definitely located and are under such surveillance that they cannot escape, no haste is necessary in their cases.

Prisoners Implicate Van Praag.

When Patrick Murray, one of the Gordon street boys, who was arrested with his brother and Jerry Callaghan, was taken out for a walk Tuesday afternoon he pointed out the active and silky Sol Van Praag, Democratic candidate for the Legislature, as the man who had steered him over to the court-room and coached him so that he could make the answers necessary to procure naturalization papers. He also recognized in Democratic Candidate Van Praag the patriot who cursed him and threatened to throw him down stairs because he could not lie hard enough to pass the court and secure final papers on the first attempt.

Yesterday Jerry Callaghan in company with another man made a short tour. Callaghan also identified Democratic Candidate Van Praag as the man who escorted him and the Murray boys the Saturday night when the papers were obtained.

The work is being pushed vigorously, and adoptive citizens will regret before the exercises are ended that they did not sail from Europe a few years sooner or defer getting final papers for a corresponding period. Prominent Democratic strikers and heelers, too, will find reason within the next ten days to regret their offensive partisan acts in procuring naturalization papers for men with the brine of the sea scarcely dry on their raiment. Before the week is out there will be several surprises not of a pleasing nature.

Evidence Against McKenna.

Democratic Candidate Sol Van Praag had business elsewhere than at United States Commissioner Hoyne's office yesterday. He stole in quietly when Edward McKenna's case was called, but stole out soon, and was not seen of men for the remainder of the day. McKenna is one of the young men arrested charged with perjury in swearing to the length of his residence in this country, which he placed at more than five years, thereby obtaining his final naturalization papers. Democratic Candidate for the Legislature Van Praag was not the only Bourbon war-horse absent from the examination. Of the curious crowd that gathered not one had ever gained prominence other than that which locally attaches to the packer of a ward primary. The Hon. Bill Fitzgerald, who went bail for the alleged perjurers, was emphatically not on hand. He declined decidedly to assume further responsibility for the appearance of the prisoners in case they were bound over. The Democratic Naturalization Bureau prevailed upon Patrick P. O'Donnell and Charles Duer, proprietors of the O'Donnell & Duer brewery, to go on the bonds.

At 10 o'clock in the forenoon the case was called, but as the witnesses for the Government were not present, an adjournment was had until 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when the examination was begun. Assistant District-Attorney Hand conducted the prosecution, and Attorney W. C. Asay appeared for the accused.

Mr. Asay has been retained by the Democratic Central Committee, and will appear for all the prisoners in the preliminary examinations.

George M. Sheppy, Deputy Circuit Court Clerk, was the first witness for the prosecution. He swore the candidates for citizenship who appeared in Judge McConnell's court to answer truly the questions touching the length of their residence in this country, and his colleagues administered the oath of allegiance. Mr. Sheppy identified the affidavit made by McKenna Oct. 9.

Robert H. Muir, also a Deputy Circuit Court Clerk, recognized McKenna as one of the men elevated to citizenship by Judge McConnell Friday, Oct. 9. McKenna, at the time of his naturalization, swore that he was 23 years old and came to America when he was under 18. Judge McConnell called witness' attention particularly to McKenna, with the remark that Coffee, who was witness for the man, seemed to be standing sponsor for a great many new citizens.

Circuit Court Clerk Best testified only as to the jurisdiction of the court.

Harry F. Lee, a stenographic reporter, was the next witness. He was present when McKenna was naturalized and reduced his evidence to writing. Witness read from his notes that Coffee swore that he had known McKenna six years, and that McKenna stated that he had come to America at the age of 18 years.

McKenna's Written Statement.

George W. Rosa, one of the men employed by the Republican Campaign Committee to investigate cases of suspected fraud, was called. He visited McKenna, who was carrying a hod on Fowler Bros.' Building, which is being erected on the site of the one recently destroyed by fire.

"My business was to make inquiries of the man and ascertain whether he was entitled to his papers," said the witness. "The minute I began to question McKenna he began to tremble. After I had asked him a few questions about his acquaintance with Coffee he said:

"'What do you want to know for? Is this about those naturalization papers?'

"'Yes,' said I.

"'I knew it,' replied McKenna, 'as soon as I saw you coming.'"

In brief Rosa's testimony was to the effect that McKenna said he had known Coffee only two or three years. He first met Coffee in Chicago when he came from Aurora to visit friends in Chicago. McKenna said he had gone to Aurora directly from New York, and upon figuring up the time he had been in America placed it at four years last spring. Upon Rosa's suggestion McKenna made the appended statement in writing:

I, Ed McKenna, do not know John Coffee of No. 949 Thirty-seventh court more than three years. I first met him when I was living in Aurora. I came here from Aurora to see my friends and met him then. I came right through from the seashore to Aurora. I think I have been here five years, am not sure. ED MCKENNA.

John J. Burke, also employed by the Republican Central Committee, was with Rosa Monday at the time of the McKenna interview and can corroborate the other's testimony in every particular.

Held to the Grand Jury.

No further evidence was adduced, and Commissioner Hoyne held the prisoner to the grand jury in the sum of $1,200, with O'Connell and Duer as sureties.

The case against John Coffee, the witness for McKenna, was then called. Mr. Hand made an entry of dismissal without prejudice. He gave as his reason for this the impossibility of convicting Coffee without the evidence of McKenna, and the improbability of McKenna, with his present advisers, giving evidence against the other.

Jerry Callaghan and the two Murray boys, who were arrested Monday night, have not yet obtained bail. Their hearing is fixed for Friday. Barney Manning, the Halsted street saloonkeeper who was witness for a large invoice of freshly imported citizens, will be arraigned for perjury today. Young Sheehan will also be present or forfeit his bail-bond.

"I still have my men busy," said C. C. Woodruff yesterday, "and I'll land some of these people against the wall before the thing is ended."

The Democratic Central Committee is evidently attempting to counteract the work of the Republican secret-service men by the employment of thugs and highwaymen. Tuesday night two of the special detectives who had been stationed at places of registration were knocked down and their memorandum-books, containing much valuable information with reference to illegal registration, taken from them. One of these men was Peter Holland, who was at No. 95 Desplaines street, the registration office. He was assaulted while going home, within a few yards of the place, and his documents taken. John Serplaige, who was at the North Market street registry, was the other victim of the Democratic reciprocity policy. Both men were badly beaten, and so sudden was the attack upon them that either would find it difficult to identify his assailants.

In the First Ward at three places of registration it is estimated that between sixty and seventy fraudulent Democratic votes have already been entered. The suspected cases will be closely investigated, and proceedings necessary to erase the names from the rolls will be taken.

Simply a Democratic Scheme.

The registration of Chinese, which was exploited at length by a morning paper, is simply a Democratic attempt to distract attention from the iniquitous practices of the Democratic naturalization bureau. Mike Lawler, brother of candidate for Sheriff Lawler, who is the local "Joss" of the Chinese residents, and goes on many an Oriental's bond in time of misunderstandings with the authorities, engineered, assisted by Diplomat Van Praag, the scheme. They set up the long yell, and the Mongolian high-binders poured forth from the laundries and opium joints to the last pigtail. They went to register at "Joss Mike's" command. The load flashed before it exploded.

COLORED PEOPLE REJOICE AT RICHMOND.

The Anniversary of the Signing of the Emancipation Proclamation.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 15.—The colored people of Richmond today celebrated the twenty-seventh anniversary of the signing of the emancipation proclamation by President Lincoln by public exercises at the exposition grounds. Gov. McKinney, who had been invited to attend and deliver an address, wrote this: "That you should rejoice on the day from which you date your freedom and celebrate it in a proper manner is right and natural. See to it that each day's proceedings are characterized by good order and dignity becoming so important a period in the history of your race and our common country that nothing may occur to mar the pleasure of the occasion or justify harsh criticism of your conduct."

SEALS ARE DECREASING IN NUMBER.

Statement of Capt. Coulson of the Revenue Cutter Richard Rush.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 15.—The revenue cutter Richard Rush arrived here today, four days from Port Townsend. Capt. Coulson said: "We have not seen 100 seals this season between Oonalaska and the islands, going to and fro, and the rookeries are deserted. The fact that the Northwestern Commercial company obtained only 21,000 out of the large number of 60,000 goes far toward sustaining the assertion that seals are decreasing in numbers. We saw only five vessels the entire season in the sea itself, and if they were at work they did it entirely to the westward. We saw no appearance on board the crafts that they were engaged in illegal work, but we warned them off."

AUSTIN'S HALF-MILLION DAM.

The Capital of Texas Arranges for a Valuable Improvement.

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The City of Austin some time back voted to build a granite dam across the Colorado River 60 feet high and 1,200 long, giving 14,000 horsepower, furnishing water and electric lights, also power for manufacturers. Bonds to the amount of $1,400,000 were ordered to be issued for constructing the dam. Today bids for bonds were opened and $400,000 of bonds was taken by a syndicate of Austin capitalists. The contract for building the dam was awarded to Bernard Corrigan of Kansas City for half a million dollars, the dam to be done in two years.

SAN SALVADOR'S NEW CABINET OFFICERS

The Men at the Head of the Government—Peace in the Country.

LA LIBERTAD, Oct. 15.—Via Galveston.—The following new Cabinet has been formed: Fro Galindo, Foreign Relations and Justice; Juan Cannas, Sub-Secretary; Reyes Arrieta, Finance; Jacinto Galdamez, Sub-Secretary; Antonio Ezeta, War and Interior; Dr. Nachon, Sub-Secretary; Dr. Alberto Mina, Public Works; S. Barberena, Sub-Secretary. Dr. Rosiarte has been appointed Private Secretary to President Ezeta. The interest on the English loan has been paid, the schools have been reopened, and the army has been disbanded. Commerce is active and peace reigns throughout the country.

BEQUEATHED OVER A MILLION DOLLARS.

Will of the Richest Woman in Niagara County, New York.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The richest woman in Niagara County, Mrs. Jane S. Townsend, died last month at the old Porter Manor House at Niagara Falls. Her will was admitted to probate today, disposing of over a million dollars. Half of the estate goes to Elizabeth J. Townsend, a daughter, who is made executrix. The rest is divided equally between Mrs. Lawrence Pettibone and Mrs. Jane H. Wheeler, daughters. Mrs. Townsend was the last of the celebrated Judge Augustus Porter family of the Falls.

NATIONAL BREWMASTERS' ASSOCIATION.

Louis Frish of Chicago Elected Vice-President—The Convention Adjourns.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 15.—The Brewmasters' Association of the United States, which has been in convention here for three days, elected the following officers today and then adjourned: President, Christian Schneider of New York; First Vice-President, Louis Frish of Chicago; Second Vice-President, John Berkenstock of Philadelphia; Treasurer, Henry Auer; Secretary, A. Hieronimus of Chicago. The association decided to hold its next convention in St. Louis.

GETTING READY TO DIE.

MURDERER MAXWELL PREPARING FOR THE GALLOWS.

Scenes in His Prison Cell—A Belief That He Had Planned to Commit Suicide—Precaution of the Sheriff—The Scaffold Nearly Ready to Receive Its Victim—Some of the Condemned Man's Claims—History of the Crime.

MORRIS, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—James Maxwell, alias Murray, who is to pay the penalty next Friday for the murder of Farmer Decker, is preparing to meet his fate. He spent most of today in reading the Bible and perusing a copy of the "Life of Christ" which had been given him by some of the kind people of Morris. He is particular as to who is admitted to his cell to administer to his spiritual welfare. In fact, he seems to have no desire to see any one aside from the Sheriff and the attendants except Miss Jennie Gordon, a young woman who has labored hard to point the criminal to the way to the life beyond. Maxwell has seen fit, however, to admit the Rev. Mr. Bucks of the Methodist Church on several occasions. The latter spent an hour with him during the forenoon singing and praying. Miss Gordon spent the entire evening with him, and Maxwell joined her in the chorus as she sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and similar hymns. She left the jail at 10 o'clock, feeling confident that her labors have not been in vain. She was quite happy.

While Maxwell seems not to have any dread of death and has little to say regarding the execution Friday, the erection of the scaffold annoys him not a little. A temporary building has been put up just north of the jail, and Maxwell can hear the noise of the carpenters' tools as he walks the corridor. Every strike of the hammer reminds him of his fate, but his conduct is such as leads Sheriff Schroeder to believe that he intends to die without a murmur. He has said that he prefers a death sentence to imprisonment for life, and to all appearances he would not exchange places with Fitzhugh, the man who struck the fatal blow and is now at Joliet. He feels, however, that Fitzhugh should be at his side Friday.

Says He Has Shed No Blood.

When Miss Gordon prays for the Heavenly Father to forgive him for the murder Maxwell interrupts her and says he has not shed the blood of any man. He entertains enmity towards the jury that found him guilty and the court that sentenced him and claims not to be guilty of murder. He has nothing to say regarding his relatives, and there are many here who believe that Maxwell is not his right name. His appetite is good and he partakes of three hearty meals a day.

Sheriff Schroeder has been kind to him ever since the death penalty was pronounced, and while he has been careful to have the rules of the jail complied with he has indulged him in the matter of diet and the allowance of tobacco. The condemned man has also slept well. There seems to be some reason to believe, however, that he prefers to die at his own hands in preference to expiring on the scaffold. This is based upon remarks made some weeks ago. Yesterday he told the Sheriff he would like to be shaved and arrangements have been made to carry out the request, but the barber will not use an ordinary razor. A patent arrangement will be used and there will be no danger of Maxwell being able to grasp the instrument to do any injury to himself.

The scaffold will be completed tomorrow noon. The Sheriff decided some days ago not to import the Cook County scaffold, but have one smaller built with the exception that it is on a smaller scale. Sheriff Schroeder looks upon the work calmly and does not appear to dread the duty in the least. He has assisted in seven executions in adjoining counties. Maxwell will be the first man ever hanged in Grundy County to satisfy the law. A man named Tibbitts was lynched twenty-four years ago in the grove adjoining the jail. Schroeder was Sheriff at the time, but was away in search of a brother of the man who was taken from a jail and strung up to a tree. He has been Sheriff over twenty-four years, and served continuously with the exception of one term.

THE STORY OF MAXWELL'S CRIME.

Murder of the Deckers—The Murderer's Confession, Trial, and Conviction.

The crime for which James Maxwell is to be executed was one that was attended with a brutality rarely found even in the annals of crime. On the night of June 25 last the house of Charles Decker at Morris, Ill., was entered by two men for the purpose of robbery. Decker, a man 50 years old, was aroused and met the marauders in the hallway. One of them beat him over the head with a hatchet, fracturing his skull and inflicting other injuries, from the combined effects of which he died. His assailants left him lying on the floor and entered another apartment, where they were met by Mrs. Decker, the mother of their victim. She was knocked down and rendered insensible by a blow from the hatchet that had killed her son. The murderers then ransacked the house, but an alarm had been given by a servant of the family and they fled without securing any plunder.

A party of citizens searched the country about the village and in two hours had run Maxwell to earth and arrested him. The following day a negro named Fitzhugh was also arrested. Enough evidence was obtained implicating the pair to make their guilt a matter of little doubt, and the prisoners narrowly escaped lynching. More evidence was obtained later by which it was shown that Maxwell and his negro accomplice had planned the robbery of the Decker homestead while together in Chicago. Maxwell had induced Fitzhugh to take a part in it, and had urged him to the killing in case any should prove necessary. The program was carried out, and it was Fitzhugh who wielded the weapon that deprived Decker of life and nearly killed his mother.

Fitzhugh confessed the crime, but Maxwell clung to his story of innocence until confronted in the jail by his accomplice. Then he broke down and made a confession, saying that he always knew the gallows would be his end, but it had come rather sooner than he expected.

The trial took place, and Maxwell was sentenced to be hanged, while Fitzhugh, who turned State's evidence, got off with a term of imprisonment.

PUNISHED FOR ENTERING POLITICS.

The Prohibition Candidate for Governor of Tennessee Suspended from Church.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Tennessee Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South held its closing session at Pulaski today. Intense interest was taken in the case of the Rev. D. C. Kelley, who was on trial charged with having left his work when he began canvassing the State as the Prohibition candidate for Governor. The Committee of Trial held its session in secret, and at 2 o'clock this morning agreed upon a verdict, which was reported at noon today. They found Dr. Kelley guilty, but in view of mitigating circumstances fixed his punishment at six months' suspension from the exercise of all ministerial functions. Dr. Kelley appealed to the College of Bishops on the rulings in every step of the proceedings.

Inspecting Nickel for Our Warships.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 15.—The officers of the United States navy have just completed an inspection on behalf of the Navy Department of the nickel mines at Sudbury to ascertain if the mines are capable of furnishing the amount of nickel required for the manufacture of plates for the new American ships of war. It is understood the officers favor the use of the Sudbury nickel.

OKLAHOMA'S GOVERNOR IN DANGER.

Warned of a Plot to Assassinate Him, Gov. Steele Travels by Stage.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Gov. Steele arranged his business today so as to leave the Capital for the purpose of attending the Grand Army Encampment at El Reno. This afternoon he left on the Santa Fé road accompanied by his wife, his daughter Meta, and his son George. After the train had left he was approached by a friend, who called him to one side and informed him that it would be dangerous for him to pass through Oklahoma City. His informant said his intention to go to the encampment was known in Oklahoma City, and that a plot had been formed by his enemies there to assassinate him in case he passed through. Gov. Steele was at first unwilling to believe that the Oklahoma City partisans would go so far as to contemplate violence to the Chief Executive of the Territory, but his friend insisted that his information was trustworthy and begged him not to proceed as far as Oklahoma City. The Governor then went back to his wife and told her of the matter. She became greatly excited and pleaded with him to leave the train at once and not risk his life. She reminded him of the stormy scenes at the Capital during the attempt to change the location to Oklahoma City and of the deperate character of some of the men who were interested in the movement. It was finally decided that the Governor and his family should leave the train before it reached Oklahoma City. A stage was telegraphed for and the party left at a small station a few miles north of Oklahoma City. They will proceed to El Reno by stage.

This situation of affairs grows out of the determined effort of Oklahoma City citizens to have the Legislature pass a bill removing the Capital from Guthrie to Oklahoma City. They sent a powerful lobby to Guthrie to present their case to the Legislature, and came near carrying their point. Gov. Steele is a citizen of Guthrie, and has been accused of being partial to his own city in the struggle for the Capital.

It was Oct. 2 that a riot was threatened. The House had reconsidered its vote locating the Capital at Oklahoma City. The partisans of that place feared defeat, and during a lively debate Representative Perry of Oklahoma got the original bill (having quietly obtained Speaker Daniel's signature) and was hurrying over to the Upper House to push it through there when Guthrie sympathizers discovered the ruse and rushed after Perry. The latter passed the bill to another Oklahoma sympathizer, Nesbitt. The crowd threatened both Perry and Speaker Daniels, and a lynching seemed likely for a while. Finally the crowd learned that Nesbitt had the bill. They pursued him four blocks and caught him, recovering the bill.

The bill removing the Capital to Oklahoma City was finally passed, but Gov. Steele vetoed it. Since then the feeling against him has been very bitter in the defeated city. The press of that place has kept up a continual fire of abuse upon him, and to many the reported plot on his life will not be a surprise.

SENATOR HALE ON RECIPROCITY.

He Refers to Some of the Advantages of the McKinley Bill.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Senator Hale of Maine was the special guest of the Boston Boot and Shoe Club tonight, and he gave the members an extended exposition of the doctrine of "reciprocity." His proposition was the same as that elaborated by Secretary Blaine for trade with the South and Central American countries. The doctrine, he said, was no infraction of the doctrine of protection under which our great industries are built up, but, on the contrary, is a helper to that doctrine. "We protect," continued the speaker, "the laborer and mechanic, the artisan and the manufacturer in the United States against the product in foreign countries of the underpaid laborer, mechanic, and artisan who make the identical article which we produce, and who, without the imposition of tariff duties, would flood our market with their cheaply made product and drive out of existence our own establishments; but we do not need to protect the shoemaker of Lynn and Haverhill and Brockton, or the manufacturer who employs him, or the dealers of Pearl street, who mass and sell the product, against the labor which produces jute and other grasses in Mexico; coffees, india-rubber, and gutta-percha in Brazil; hides and skins in the Argentine Republic; soda nitrates in Peru and Chili, and sugar in Cuba and Porto Rico. Every invoice of cotton, woolen, or the metals from England, France, or Germany competes with and threatens the labor in corresponding branches of the United States, and so protection and tariff duties are invoked for the security and prosperity of our labor against these importations; but every invoice of coffee, sugar, gutta-percha, and the other articles that I have named from the Central and South American States furnishes supplies which we cannot produce, to be used and consumed by us, to be paid for by the undespoiled labor of our farms and shops and mines. With Senator Frye's subsidy measures harnessed with reciprocity I look forward to a bright future for our trade and commerce with the countries lying to the southward."

TOO IMMORAL FOR BOSTON PEOPLE.

"The Clemenceau Case" Suppressed by the Aldermen of the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Boston Aldermen showed their authority as censors of public morals today and revoked the license of the Park Theater. The production of "The Clemenceau Case" was the cause of this action. The play was first presented here Monday evening, and a burst of indignation immediately rose from the better class of theater-goers.

So pointed were the objections to it that the Board of Aldermen took the matter in hand. Last evening they visited the theater in a body and viewed the spectacle. Today a special executive session of the board revoked the theater's license. The objections raised by them to "The Clemenceau Case" was not so much the scene in which Sibyl Johnstone appears in tights typifying a nude model as to the general low moral tone of the whole play. The passionate love scene in the third act was most vigorously condemned. The blow is not aimed at the Park Theater, and as soon as a proper play is offered there a new license will probably be granted.

NEW ORLEANS' CHIEF OF POLICE SHOT.

He Is Attacked by Unknown Men and Mortally Wounded.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 16.—[Special.]—About midnight last night, as Chief of Police David C. Hennessy was going to his home, and when near the corner of Basin and Girard streets, he was attacked by three men, alleged to be Italians, and shot four times in the stomach. The Chief fired at his assailants, but they made their escape. Hennessy was removed to the Charity Hospital. He is still alive, but his wounds are mortal. The only practicable theory is that the men were hired to do the deed by enemies of the Chief.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Morton D. Banks, a furniture dealer in Baltimore, Md., failed yesterday. Liabilities $25,000.

Birchall's friends in London, Ont., are circulating a petition asking the Governor-General to commute the sentence of death.

The Carmelite nuns celebrated the centennial of the establishment of the Carmelite order in this country in Baltimore yesterday.

The gunboat Concord made her last unofficial trial trip at Chester, Pa., yesterday, covering sixty-six miles in 3 hours and 40 minutes.

Complaint comes from the City of Mexico of a scarcity of building lumber. Work on many buildings in course of erection has been suspended.

EXTRA EDITION.

4:00 A. M.

DEATH IN A HOTEL FIRE.

Twenty-five People Perish in the Flames at Syracuse.

JUMPING FROM WINDOWS.

Many Crushed Bodies Picked Up from the Pavements.

A WOMAN'S TERRIBLE DROP.

The Number of the Injured Supposed to Be Large.

TOTAL DESTRUCTION OF THE LELAND.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 16.—What proved to be the most disastrous fire that has visited Syracuse for many years was discovered in the Leland Hotel at 12:30 o'clock this morning.

At 4:30 a. m. the hotel was still burning, but the fire department had the flames under control. There were four dead bodies lying at different undertaking establishments and one dead at St. Joseph's Hospital. These bodies have as yet been un

CANNON IS NOT ALARMED.

THE BOLT OF THE DISTINGUISHED EDITORS OF NO CONSEQUENCE.

He Has No Doubt as to the Result of the Election and Is Willing for the Democrats and Their New Allies to Make Misrepresentations While He Continues to Make Votes—Raising Money in Texas to Beat Him—Other Political News.

DANVILLE, Ill. Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The fight waged against Congressman Cannon in this (the Fifteenth) district by the Democratic managers is becoming very bitter and it is safe to say that when election-day comes around but few voters will remain away from the polls. The Democratic management expected the meeting of the dissatisfied editors, held here last night, to cut a wide swath in the Cannon ranks. The result is directly the opposite. It has solidified the Republican ranks until they will march in a solid phalanx to the polls and bury Busey beneath a majority of 3,000 votes. In an interview Mr. Cannon today expressed himself very certain of his ability to win by a good majority.

"The fight," he said, "is the same the Democrats used against Tom Reed, with the addition that in this fight they have obtained a number of weak papers and expect to bury me under a load of printers' ink; but I have no doubt of the result of the election." When asked about the meetings he was holding he said that in all the races he had made for Congress he had never seen such a display of enthusiasm and such crowds of people out to hear him. The halls and opera-houses were not large enough to hold them, and friends who were with him were called upon to address the overflow.

"The editors' meeting of last evening," continued Mr. Cannon, "does not alarm me in the least. While they are making a great deal of noise I am making votes right and left. This election is not to be decided by a combination of Democratic and disappointed officeseeking Republican editors. They cannot override the will of the Republican party, which gave me a nomination without opposition. I was in Washington when the primaries were held and did not give them my personal attention. The field was open for anyone to appear against me. If these gentlemen can revolutionize parties, and make and unmake individual candidates we have certainly entered into a new order of affairs. The Democrats, assisted by their new allies, can make all the representations they choose, but they cannot succeed in driving the Republican voters in this district. On every hand, especially in the rural precincts, I am receiving the most gratifying assurances of united and determined support."

Col. W. J. Calhoun, the most eloquent attorney in Eastern Illinois, has been reported to be opposed to Mr. Cannon. In the bolting editors' meeting last night his name was suggested as a substitute for Mr. Cannon. When interviewed today Mr. Calhoun was very indignant at this unauthorized use of his name.

"I am not a candidate," said Mr. Calhoun, "for Congress or any other office. I have always been a Republican, have always voted the straight ticket, and can see no reason to make a change." Col. Calhoun is billed to speak at Rossneston tomorrow evening with Gov. Fifer. A gentleman residing in this city, who has just returned from Texas, was informed by a citizen of that State that he had contributed $5 to a campaign fund which was being raised for the purpose of defeating Mr. Cannon. This straw may indicate the source of the unexpected supply of money which is being distributed in the district.

TOLONO, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Congressman Cannon made his first speech of the campaign in this part of the district. There was a large audience, including many farmers, old soldiers, and ladies. Not more than half the people who came were able to find even standing room in the hall. Mr. Cannon was enthusiastically greeted upon his appearance. The Rev. J. R. Reasoner, an old soldier, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, presided and introduced the speaker in words of hearty commendation. Mr. Cannon's speech was devoted largely to the legislation of the present Congress. He told the people that all laws were necessarily compromises; that everybody could not have exactly what he wanted; that everything was not just as he would like to have it, but that it was the best he could secure. As a whole he unqualifiedly approved it as being more and better legislation than all the Congresses for fifteen years had enacted.

WHICH SIDE HAS THE BEST OF IT?

A Compromise Between Gov. Campbell and the Cincinnati Gangsters.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—A compromise of the Cincinnati Board of Public Improvements muddle has been agreed upon virtually, but it would take a regiment of Philadelphia lawyers to tell who had the best of it. The Democratic majority in the General Assembly have worked like nailers to get some plan that would meet with the approval of Gov. Campbell, and they have finally, after a half-dozen caucuses, secured his quasi-agreement to the plan outlined below. The arrangement, which is to take the form of a bill to be introduced tomorrow by Mr. Eggerman, amends the law under which the present iniquitous Board of Public Improvements was appointed by giving the Governor the power to remove at will for any misfeasance or misfeasance in office. The successors of the board are to be elected next April, instead of November of this year, and in the meantime a non-partisan committee is to investigate the charges of crookedness made by the Governor against Mr. Reemelin and others.

It is a question as to whether the Governor or the Cincinnati gang has the best of it in the above-outlined bill. Gov. Campbell is reported as having said that if given the authority he would remove Reemelin as soon as he could touch the wires and inform him that his resignation would be acceptable, but he may be made to look at the matter in a different light. There is a good deal of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde business in this extra session question on the part of Gov. Campbell, and Republicans take no stock in the superior information that he will remove a single member of the board. The compromise bill will be a convenient measure for him to shift the responsibility upon the shoulders of the General Assembly. Republican members can see no practical use of having an alleged examination into the crookedness of the board, if, as Gov. Campbell says, he will remove them as soon as he is given the authority of law. The non-partisan feature of the investigation is a farce. Democrats will be appointed who can be handled by the gang and nothing will ever come of the matter.

In the Legislature today the Pattison and Gaumer bills, providing for the abolishment of the Board of Public Improvements and Decennial Board of Appraisers, passed to a second reading.

CROWDS GREET SENATOR CULLOM.

A Great Audience Listens to Him Speak at Freeport.

FREEPORT, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Senator Cullom was given a grand reception in Freeport today. He arrived at 10 o'clock and was met at the depot by a committee and escourted to the Brewster House, where a constant stream of people called on him during the day. In the evening he addressed one of the largest audiences that has ever assembled to hear a speaker in Freeport. He referred at length to the measures passed by the last Congress, and said he was positive the work accomplished met with the hearty support of the majority of the intelligent people of this district. Of the McKinley Tariff bill he said the adoption of this measure would benefit the most of the people more than any measure that has ever been passed. In conclusion he paid his respects to Palmer in language that was emphatic and to the point, and predicted the election of the United States Republican ticket at the coming election.

A Political Boycott.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Tillmanites, or Farmers' Alliance party, have instituted a boycott against all merchants known to support Haskell, the nomines of the straightout Democrats, for Governor.

The red shirts, emblematic of the campaign of 1876, are being trotted out by both factions, and the fight is growing intensely hot.

The colored Republican candidates for Congress in the First and Sixth Districts stand some show on account of the bitter fight between the two Democratic factions.

Mississippi's New Constitution.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 15.—The work accomplished by the Constitutional Convention today embodies important changes in existing laws. The jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace is increased from causes in which the amount involved is $100 to those where $200 is at issue. District Attorneys instead of receiving fees for convictions in addition to salaries will hereafter be limited to salaries to be fixed by the Legislature.

Congressional Nominations.

Dist.	State.	Candidate.	Party.
4.	Massachusetts	Charles A. Gopsand	Rep.
8.	Missouri	Charles F. Joy (vice Sterritt)	Rep.
11.	New York	Charles A. Flammer	Rep.
13.	New York	F. D. Adams (vice Robinson)	Rep.
14.	New York	F. T. Stearns (vice Cockroft)	Rep.
26.	Pennsylvania	N. E. Critchfield	Rep.

Political Notes.

Senator Voorhees addressed five hundred people at Butler, Ind., yesterday.

Justin S. Morrill was reelected to the United States Senate from Vermont yesterday.

Gen. Black addressed a small audience of Democrats at Aledo, Ill., yesterday. He argued that the sugar bounty was unconstitutional.

Judge E. S. Wilson, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, and J. Stanley Brown of Rockford spoke to a large audience at Oregon, Ill., yesterday.

The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association met at Monticello, Ill., yesterday and decided not to put a ticket in the field for legislative and county offices.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy Nathan Goff of West Virginia says he does not believe that a single Democratic Congressman will be elected in that State in November.

Congressman Cheadle of Indiana spoke at Terre Haute last night to a large audience especially in behalf of his soldier comrade, Mr. Mount, candidate for Congress.

The Republicans of the Second Congressional District of North Carolina will have no opposition, the Democrats having decided to make no nomination to succeed W. J. Rogers, resigned.

The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association of Winnebago County, Illinois, has refused to indorse Andrew Ashton (Dem.), who is opposing Hitt (Rep.) in the Sixth Congressional District.

When they heard that Gen. Green B. Raum was coming to the Fifth Indiana District the Democrats attempted to arrange a joint debate between him and Congressman Cooper, who has been carrying on the fight against him as Commissioner of Pensions, but Mr. Cooper has wired that his time is all engaged.

VICTIMS OF THE FAITH-CURE RELIEF.

Several American Missionaries Breed a Fever at Sierra Leone.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—The British Minister has transmitted to the Department of State a letter from the Governor of Sierra Leone inclosing a report from the colonial surgeon at Freetown, Dr. D. Palmer Ross, relative to the case of the nine American missionaries at that place. Dr. Ross reports that the superintendent of the party, Mr. Kingman, arrived here Feb. 27, 1890, and was followed June 15 by Mrs. Kingman, Miss Dick, and Messrs. Helmick, Jaderquist, Codding, Tryce (a negro), Gates, and Harries. July 9 Mr. Kingman informed Dr. Ross that two of his party had died that day. Upon inquiry Dr. Ross learned that no doctor had been called in to attend the deceased (Messrs. Gates and Harries), the whole party being stanch believers in "faith healings"; that they had taken no medicine, and had died of fever.

Dr. Ross, knowing that tropical fever if neglected is apt to assume a virulent form among newly arrived white people, ordered the bodies to be buried as soon as possible and sent the sanitary policeman to see the order carried out, to disinfect the house, and destroy all bedding, clothing, etc., used by the deceased. That officer reported that others were sick in the house, a fact which the missionaries had not stated, and on the next day Mr. Kingman sent for the doctor to see his wife. She was found to be in the last stages of exhaustion from neglected fever, having been ill for nine days, and in spite of all that could be done she died on the evening of the 11th. On the previous day Mr. Kingman was found to be ill, but refused to accept medical assistance. That evening Mr. Tryce, who was also ill, sent for the doctor and consented to be taken to the hospital for treatment, under which he recovered.

On the 11th Mr. Kingman, though worse, having again refused to receive the doctor, that gentleman informed him that as the missionaries had by their action originated a malignant type of fever in Freetown, endangering the whole community, he would report the matter to the Governor, isolate the house, and advise that the rest of the party be sent back to America. Mr. Kingman then consented to be treated "solely on the ground that he did not wish to endanger the community," and was, on July 22, 1890, convalescent.

Dr. Ross adds that he understands those missionaries intend going due east into the interior, guided only by a compass.

In view of these facts and of the statement in the *Missionary Review* that another party of missionaries is expected the Governor of Sierra Leone calls attention to the matter, "as this climate is not suited to those who trust to 'faith healing' alone and ignore the means placed by Providence at their disposal for the relief of suffering humanity, and such are a 'danger to the community at large.'"

CANADIANS THREATEN RETALIATION.

Parliament Called Upon by the Press to Remodel Their Tariff.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 15.—There appeared to have been, as if by mutual understanding, a general attack with threats of retaliation against the United States upon the part of the conservative press of Canada all along the line. The Government press of the Dominion is slow to take any important step where the policy of the Administration is concerned, except under instruction from Ottawa, and it is generally believed that the mandate has gone forth to prepare the people of Canada for such a remodeling of the Dominion tariff during the approaching session of Parliament as will meet the McKinley bill on its own ground.

The removal of the Canadian export duty on logs is showing its effect. Already there is an enormous revival of shipments to the United States. One dealer is filling an order for 40,000 cars.

The Minister of Customs was waited upon today by representatives of the National Dispatch company of St. Albans, Vt., and the Canada Atlantic railway with reference to a matter of interest to railway companies. The representatives desire to obtain permission to bring car wheels into Canada free of duty to replace wheels which may be broken on cars in Canada. It appears, however, that this concession is not allowed to Canadian railways in the United States nor to the manufacturers of car wheels in Canada, and, under the circumstances, consideration of the matter by the Government will be necessary.

DECLINE OF THE STREET-CAR HORSE.

Street-Railway Men Say Electricity Will Take His Place.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Over 300 members were present when President Thomas Lowry of Minneapolis this morning called the ninth annual meeting of the American Street-Railway Association to order. President Lowry in his address said electricity was making such rapid strides that he did not believe that at any subsequent convention the street-car horse would be considered. In the census report, he said, out of 3,150 miles of track in fifty-six cities 2,364 miles are operated by horses, 260 by electricity, 255 by cable, 221 by steam, and the remainder, about sixty miles, being the New York and Brooklyn elevated roads. In smaller cities and towns outside the enumeration there are about 1,600 miles of electric street railways in operation.

The report of the Executive Committee recommended the plan of a mutual benefit company among the men adopted by the Washington and Georgetown railroad company as a means of harmonizing the interests of stockholders and employés. Charles Odell of Salem, Mass., read an interesting paper on "The Perfect Street-Railway Horse," and Dr. W. L. Allen of Davenport, Ia., read a paper on "Electric Motive Power Technically Considered."

Grant's Estimate of Longstreet.

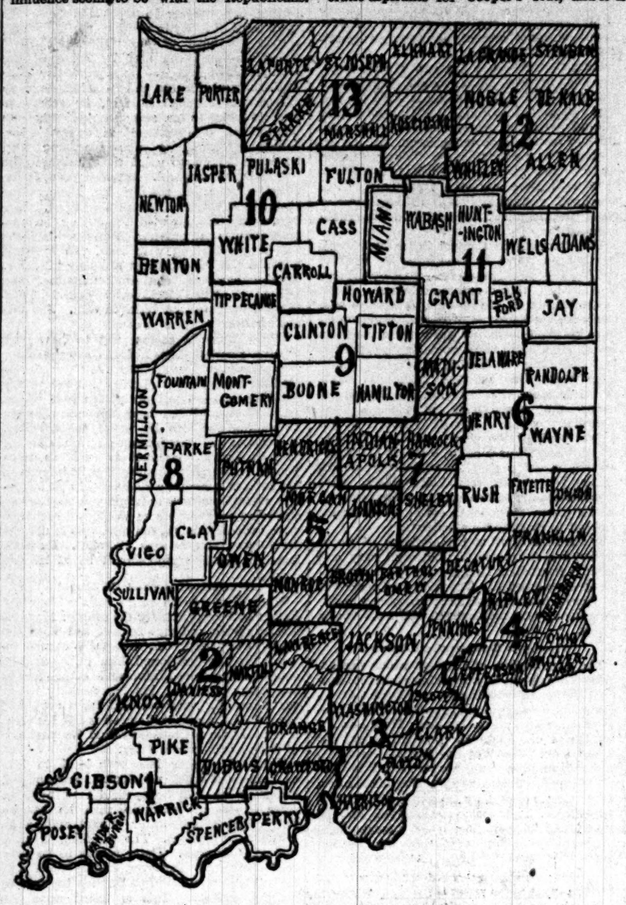
Reading Grant's memoirs and Longstreet's address of yesterday, we are impressed with the similar modes of thought and the like qualities of genius that characterized the two great soldiers. On pages eighty-six and eighty-seven of his "Personal Memoirs," after severely ridiculing both Jefferson Davis and Bragg, Grant gives the following as his estimate of Longstreet as contrasted with Davis and Bragg: "Longstreet was an entirely different man. He was brave, honest, intelligent, a very capable soldier, subordinant to his superiors, just and kind to his subordinates, but jealous of his own rights, which he had the courage to maintain. He was never on the lookout to detect a slight, but saw one as soon as anybody when intentionally given."—*Knoxville Journal.*

HOOSIERS ARE HUSTLING.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS CONFIDENT OF ELECTING STATE OFFICERS.

Blaine's Reciprocity Doctrine Has Strengthened the Party—A Chance to Reclaim Two Congressmen, One in the First and Another in the Eighth—The Stringent Provisions of the New Election Law Upsetting the Calculations of Political Prophets.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Indiana Republicans think the outlook is quite favorable for the success of the State ticket and the gain of two Congressmen in the doubtful districts. For a long time the McKinley bill operated as a disturbing element in politics, but the Blaine reciprocity doctrine is hailed with joy in Indiana and does much to militate against the discontent expressed with the Tariff bill. The drift of local influence seems to be with the Republicans.



MAP SHOWING INDIANA'S THIRTEEN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.
[Republican—plain. Democratic—shaded. Doubtful—double boundary lines.]

Gov. Hovey has been making speeches all over the State, and he says the soldiers are a unit in support of Republicanism. They do not exactly like the Dependent Pension law, but accept it, saying the Democrats never did anything for them. The head of the Republican State ticket, Milton Trusler of Fayette County, is the President of the State Grange and a splendid campaigner, after the school of Gov. Luce of Michigan. Mr. Trusler is an out-and-out farmer, and the Democrats have pitted against him another farmer, Claude Matthews of Vermillion County. There is a great difference between the manner of Mr. Trusler's farming and that of Mr. Matthews'. Mr. Trusler rides into town in wagons and on the tops of loads of hay. Mr. Matthews comes in from the country in a landau drawn by fine coach horses. Mr. Trusler is going all over Indiana, from Michigan City to New Albany, and he is making Mr. Matthews bestir himself.

Effect of the New Election Law.

No human being can foreshadow the effect exercised on the coming election by the new Election law. It has upset the calculations and opinions of all the political prophets in Indiana. The law refers to the conduct and method of holding elections. It makes provisions relative to the printing of tickets, etc., similar to those of the Australian law. It does nothing so far as registration is concerned. The bill was passed by a Democratic Legislature, and is leveled directly against the men who buy votes and the men who sell them. The law is exceedingly stringent, so much so, in fact, that it forbids candidates from taking any part in church-fair contests where articles of value are voted to the most popular candidates at so much per ballot. It punishes candidates who hire wagons and carriages to haul voters to the polls. In fact, the law has frightened all the candidates so badly they are almost afraid to shake hands with the voters. The Republicans claim, and with some show of reason, that the floating vote of the State will be cast against the party that made the law so offensive to them. It will certainly keep hundreds of Democrats from the polls. A white man will not stand up before judges of election and, confessing his inability to read or write, ask that a ticket be made for him. A colored man will not scruple to make the admission and request help, but a white Democrat will do nothing of the kind. The law absolutely forbids the solicitation of votes on or before election day by any candidate for office, and prescribes the most severe penalties against this practice. The better judgment seems to be it will hurt the Democrats more than the Republicans, but no assurance as to its ultimate effect can be given. The legislative districts have been so badly gerrymandered by the Democrats that the Republicans entertain little hope of getting a majority of the Legislature on joint ballot. The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association has nominated legislative and county tickets all over the State. They will elect some members of the Legislature, but hardly enough to produce any appreciable effect.

Outlook in Congressional Districts.

There are some breezy fights in the Congressional districts, and the Republicans have a chance to reclaim one or two of them. Judge W. F. Parrett of the First, who was retained in his seat by the Republicans during the last session as against Mr. Posey, the contestant, has been renominated. The Judge only beat Mr. Posey about thirty-six votes as shown by the face of the returns. J. S. Wright of Rockport, Spencer County, is the candidate of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association and the Republicans, and the opinion prevails that he will defeat Judge Parrett. Mr. Wright is a great man to mix with the people and Judge Parrett is not. Wright is keeping up a very peppery fight, and has a good show of beating the Judge.

The Second District is Democratic by about 2,500. The Democrats nominated on the 556th ballot at the Washington (Daviess County) Convention last spring John L. Bretz of De Bois County, defeating those old rock-rooted Democrats, Judge Cobb and Mr. Niblack. Mr. Bretz is a country lawyer without any special fitness for the place. His nomination was a great surprise to everybody and the convention left some wounds which are unhealed today. The Rev. William Darnall of Greene County is the candidate of the Republicans and F. M. B. A. against Mr. Bretz. Brother Darnall was a member of the last Legislature and quite frequently opened the exercises of the House with prayer. Then Brother Darnall would take his place on the floor and fight the ungodly Democrats. The folks, that is the Democratic folks, say that Brother Darnall talks politics all week and preaches politics Sunday. This is hardly true, although Brother Darnall hates the "bad man" and the Democratic party with equal degrees of fervor. He is after Bretz now and might beat him, too. Bretz is weak personally and Cobb and Niblack would unquestionably be pleased to see him killed off right now. Otherwise he will be in Congress until 1894.

Jason B. Browne, who has been renominated, carries the Third by about 1,800 majority. William H. Durham, a locomotive engineer living at Seymour, is the nominee of the Knights of Labor, the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, and the Republican party. Mr. Durnam was a Democrat until 1884. Then he came to the Republicans in support of Mr. Blaine, and he has been a zealous worker for Republicanism ever since. Mr. Durham is keeping the dust off Mr. Browne, and will make a big hole in his old-time majority.

Your Uncle William Holman is making his thirteenth trip in the Fourth. He has 3,500 votes of a majority and can't fail of an election. Charles T. Rankin is the nominee of the Republicans and the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, but he cannot do much with 3,500 votes against him.

George F. Cooper, who has been attempting to make trouble for Gen. Green B. Raum, has gotten himself into deep water. He has about 1,500 majority, but his is a soldier district and the soldiers have served notice on him that they will get even with him for the venom he has shown toward Gen. Raum. This is the old Watson district, too, and Gen. Watson would like to be returned to Congress in 1892. There are a good many other Democratic aspirants for Cooper's seat, and it is within the range of possibilities that he will be left at home. Mr. Dunbar, the nominee of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association and Republican party, is doing his best. The soldiers and disgruntled Democrats are likely to scorch Mr. Cooper.

The Sixth is the banner Republican district, with a majority of 10,000 or 12,000. Henry M. Johnson, a leader in the State Senate, will be the Congressman who succeeds Tom Browne, and Mr. Johnson will not be in Washington long until everybody will know who he is. He is a bombshell thrower and a sensational individual, and he is bound to stir up the House soon after he arrives. The Democrats have not thought it worth while to make a nomination against Mr. Johnson.

Mr. Bynum carried the Indianapolis district by about 2,000, and has a good chance of reelection.

Chances for Victory in the Eighth.

The Eighth is exceedingly doubtful, with the chances in favor of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association and Republican nominee, State Senator James A. Mount. This is the old Johnny Lamb district, and J. T. Johnson beat Mr. Lamb therein, to be defeated in turn by Mr. Brookshire by a measly majority of 69. Mr. Brookshire has been renominated, but Farmer Mount will probably lay him out. At least such are the latest advices from the district.

Daniel Waugh of Tipton, Republican, is as good as elected from the Cheadle district, the Ninth. The district is good for 4,000 Republican majority, and Mr. Waugh will walk all over the Democratic nominee, Mr. Leroy Templeton of Benton County.

Mr. Owen has been renominated in the Tenth for the fourth time. He has about a thousand votes to spare, and will not lose a single one of them. The district is naturally Democratic, but there are three factions, headed respectively by Dr. Hattery, Thomas Wood, and Rufus Magee, and they would sooner see Mr. Owen in Congress than any Democrat other than their individual selves.

The Eleventh is a doubtful district. A. N. Martin, Democrat, who beat Maj. Steele two years ago, has been renominated, but he has a hard man to contend with in the person of C. E. Bryant of Huntington County, who is the candidate of the Alliance and the Republicans. Col. Bryant has 400 votes to overcome, and everybody who knows him at all will be greatly surprised if he does not defeat Mr. Martin.

Mr. McClellan, Democrat, is virtually returned from the Twelfth, as his majority will not be less than 4,000.

The Thirteenth will reelect Mr. Shively, Democrat, as he has almost 2,000 majority to his credit.

CENSUS RETURNS FROM THE SOUTH.

Population of Various Towns in Texas, Alabama, and Florida.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—The Census Bureau today announced the populations of cities, towns, and States as follows:

	Population.	Inc.	Per cent.
TEXAS—Galveston	29,118	6,570	30.39
Houston	27,411	10,988	66.00
Palestine	5,384	2,837	94.66
KENTUCKY—Bowling Green	7,790	2,676	52.33
ALABAMA—Montgomery	21,290	5,077	30.38
FLORIDA—Pensacola	11,751	4,905	71.67
State of Alabama	1,508,073	245,568	19.45

Old-Time Lotteries in New England.

The anti-lottery agitation serves to recall the fact that lotteries constituted an important factor in the social economy of New England a couple of centuries ago. In those good old days whenever any great public work was to be undertaken, a road or a bridge to be built or a street to be paved, a lottery was organized. Public debts were lifted and fire losses liquidated in the same way. In fact, lotteries were almost universal here within a hundred years after the landing of the Pilgrim fathers. Massachusetts advertised three in one newspaper. Faneuil Hall was rebuilt by a lottery, after having been burned in 1761, and Harvard College got the benefit of a big lottery in 1773.—*Boston Herald.*

Money Earned by Railways.

"More work was done and more money earned by the railway companies of the United Kingdom in 1889 than in any previous year" is the general summary of the report which Mr. Giffen and Mr. Courtney Boyle make in their latest annual return to the Board of Trade. There was an increase of £11,899,000 in the capital account, bringing the total of all the railways up to £876,595,000, and in the revenue an improvement of over £2,000,000. The rise of receipts was most marked in the goods traffic; this was general all over the country, and is indicated also in the quantity of coal and iron raised. The coal brought to London by rail and canal was nearly 8,000,000 tons, being 250,000 tons in excess of the amount in 1888.—*London News.*

An Accident on the Old Colony.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 15.—An accident occurred on the North Attleboro and Walpole extension of the Old Colony railway this evening by which one man was killed and thirteen others injured. A flat-car which had been left standing on the track was struck by a construction-train at 5:20 o'clock. The flat-car jumped the track, killing Elisha Merrill, foreman of the construction gang, and injuring the others.

"GIVE US A FAIR COUNT."

INDIGNANT NEW YORK DEMANDS ANOTHER ENUMERATION.

The Police Census Was More Careful and Thorough than the One Conducted by Porter — Reasons for the Miserable Failure of the Government Count—Brooklyn to Have a Police Count—Fassett Still Prodding Tammany—Other New York News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—People in New York generally concluded today that the Federal Census Bureau had no intention of correcting the glaring errors of its enumeration of this city.

These errors have been proved incontestibly by a most careful, painstaking, and accurate recount. They have been shown to amount to the omission of 197,000 persons from the Federal census. In the face of this an officer of the bureau raised the objection that the census errors were due to people being out of town in June, and that if New York is recounted every other city has the right to be recounted.

Another officer of the bureau urged the same objections and added that the increase of population shown by the police count was due to the births which have taken place in the city since June. The greatest increases shown by the police census are in the districts where the residents are all poor people and dwellers in tenement-houses. It is absurd to say that any of them were out of town for the summer holidays.

The smallest gains of the police count were in the brown stone region, where people do go out of town and information is easy to get. Hence incompetence and laziness, not absenteeism, marked the Federal census. The idea that New York is to be cheated out of a Congressman, a vote in the Electoral College, three Representatives in the Legislature, and her proper rank among the cities of the world, lest Squedunk and Frog-Hollow should also demand justice is an idea the people of New York do not regard with complacency. Other cities have been recounted—Minneapolis was, St. Paul was, Kansas City was—for reasons trifling compared with the grounds of New York's demand.

Mayor Grant will forward tomorrow to the Department of the Interior, which controls the Census Bureau, the report of the result of the police enumeration, with schedules of comparison with the Federal census count.

A formal demand for another enumeration by the Census Bureau will accompany the report. In the absence of Census Superintendent Porter Secretary Noble will probably decide upon the application. In the meantime the work of tabulating the police returns goes on in the city record office. There will be a complete tabulation from each Assembly district, and then separately the name, age, and residence of each male adult, each female, each male child, and each female child.

Impressed by the enormous increase in the population of New York City as shown by the police enumeration, a similar recount was ordered in Brooklyn by Mayor Chapin today. It is believed in Brooklyn that the renumeration will show that that city suffered greatly at the hands of the Federal census takers. The statistician of the Brooklyn Health Department, Dr. Young, says that instead of 808,000 (the Federal census figures) there are about 880,000 inhabitants in the city.

HOW NEW YORK IS RULED.

Some Sample Facts Developed by the Fassett Committee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Before the Fassett Committee today the investigation of the Register's office was resumed and Register Fitzgerald was again prodded by Inquisitor Ivins. Mr. Fitzgerald frankly admitted that many of his clerks got their jobs because they were recommended by Tammany leaders. Some of them enjoyed the felicity of being backed by Chief Croker. It was brought out that one of the custodians, Emanuel Mendelsohn, who got his appointment through Tammany, still runs a pawnshop. Another custodian, Frank H. Gilhooly, is superintendent of a saloon. Hines, a map clerk, also finds time to run an undertaking establishment. An inspection of the work personally done by Francis J. Grimes, a copyist, who got in through the recommendation of the Jeffersonian Democracy of the Fourth Assembly District, disclosed four different kinds of handwriting, some of it very poor. The work of Driscoll, a member of the same organization, revealed the same startling peculiarities. Mr. Ivins figured it out that Driscoll was paid at the rate of $1,070.14 a page for work which he apparently didn't do himself.

INVESTIGATING INSURANCE MEN.

Sensational Charges That Are to Receive Immediate Attention.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The New York Board of Fire Underwriters at a meeting today decided to investigate fully the charges made bearing upon the improper methods of adjusting fire losses in the metropolitan district. A report made by a special committee of the Board of Underwriters states:

"That the methods at present practiced or at least sanctioned by the companies in the adjustment of losses in this city are scandalous in the extreme we presume no one will pretend to deny. No sooner does a loss happen than the adjusters—a score of them, more or less, who are engaged in that business—flock down upon the scene, and, like vultures upon the dead carcass, each one strives to make the best meal he can for himself either out of the fortunate or unfortunate assured, as the case may be, or more generally perhaps out of the companies, who are always unfortunate. Your committee is of the opinion that the jump settlements so frequently made are resorted to as a cover for practices which would not stand the light of day, and which in the interests of both insurer and insured ought not to be tolerated."

That portion of the insurance scandal affecting members of the fire-insurance patrol was also considered today by a standing committee of the Board of Fire Underwriters. The charges are understood to be that certain members of the patrol have added to the insurance loss by further damaging or permitting further damage to merchandise in a burned building. A no less serious charge of stealing goods from burned buildings is also made.

It has also been said that members of this same department of the Board of Underwriters are never so happy as when they discover evidences that a fire has been of incendiary or mysterious and questionable origin, as it gives them an opportunity of demanding money from the supposed incendiary, or of levying blackmail upon some conscience-stricken or negligent employé. The relation that the Fire Marshal's office has to the general scandal is said to be similar in some features to that borne by the insurance patrol. It affects certain attachés of the office and not Fire-Marshal Mitchell directly. The material furnished him by the political bosses is of such a nature that it is almost impossible for him to accomplish any material good for the benefit of the public. Grave as the charges against the fire patrol and Fire Marshal's office are, they are but trivial in comparison to the great evil of improper adjustment to which they are only in a small degree contributary.

STANLEY'S FIRST LECTURE.

It Will Be Delivered in New York Nov. 11 Next.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The first of the one hundred lectures that African Explorer Henry M. Stanley is to give in the United States will be delivered in the Metropolitan Opera-House Tuesday, Nov. 11, for the benefit of the convalescent home at Summit, N. J.

Apson Pond, Stanley's manager in this country, sold the explorer's services for the night in question to the gentlemen having charge of the charitable benefit. The buyers expect to clear $10,000 for the home. Chauncey M. Depew will present Stanley to the audience. Stanley will sail on the steamship Teutonic from Europe Oct. 29, accompanied by his wife and her mother.

BRUTAL CRUELTY TO A HORSE.

Arrest of a Prominent Young Society Man on the Charge.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Charles F. Bates, a well-known society man of this city, was arrested today on a requisition issued by Gov. Hill. Young Bates is wanted at Newport, R. I., for cruelty to a horse. It is alleged that while he was in Newport two weeks ago he poured a quantity of alcohol over a balky horse and then set the spirit on fire. The animal has since died. Young Bates was a favorite in Newport society last summer. He is wealthy in his own right, and is a member of the importing firm of Martin Bates & Co., No. 168 Green street. His father is senior member and founder of the house. Young Bates is about 25 years old and is a member of several clubs.

GENERAL METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Over Six Hundred Persons Have Been Received at the Pasteur Institute.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Dr. Paul Gibier, director of the Pasteur Institute in this city, states that since the opening of the institute Feb. 18 just 610 persons having been bitten by dogs or cats made application for treatment. Of that number it was found 480 were attacked by animals that were not mad. Consequently the patients, after having their wounds dressed, were sent home. In 130 cases, however, the anti-hydrophobic treatment was applied. All of these persons are today enjoying good health.

In all 480 patients were treated free of charge.

Western Railroad Rates Disturbed.

A cutting of rates from St. Paul to ports in Scandinavia by way of New York was the theme of a warm discussion at the meeting of the Passenger Committee of the Trunk Line Association. The cut is made by the "Soo" line and the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic roads—in other words, by the Canadian Pacific. It has not yet developed which of the trunk lines is bringing the Scandinavians to New York, and there is a still hunt to find out. Regular business between St. Paul and New York is affected by the cut, as a passenger buys a Scandinavian ticket in the former city for $37, uses it as far as New York, and then sells the steamer part of it for $15 or $20. On this plan he can come from St. Paul here for $17 or $18.

Notorious Bunko Steerer Nabbed.

Bunko-Steerer George Johnson, who was recently released on $5,000 straw bail, given by Louis E. Davis, his accomplice, was captured today. He is one of the gang which bunkoed Richard Goebler, a barber, out of $1,500. Goebler, disguised as a longshoreman, arrested the entire gang, one by one, at the point of a big pistol, and was himself arrested for carrying concealed deadly wapons. Goebler recovered $1,500 from the gang, with a ticket to Chicago, on condition of not appearing against them. He spent the money and came back with a demand for $5,000 and a ticket to Europe. The gang refusing to accede to this proposition, he appeared against Charles E. Morgan, who was convicted and sentenced to two and a half years in Sing Sing.

Col. Shepard's Suspension.

The flat suspending Col. Elliott F. Shepard from the Union League Club for ten days was the subject of much discussion by club men today, and it was whispered that even the Daughters of Sorosis had taken a controversial shy at the Colonel. Gentlemen well posted in club ethics hold Mr. Shepard's punishment should not have been made public, while others equally learned on such topics declare that it is a wise dispensation that gives the Colonel a taste of his own medicine. Col. Shepard refuses to be interviewed on the subject of his suspension.

Pauper Immigrants Detained.

The 538 Italian immigrants who arrived on the Fabre Line steamship Alexia Tuesday had $72.40 among them, or 13½ cents each. Two of them—Amelio Rossio and Giuseppe de Giuseppe—were escaped convicts, and had come under contract to work at Iron Mountain, Mich. They were detained. Besides these there were twenty others who had been passed before it was found that they had come here under contract. Three of these were captured and held as hostages. The others will probably give themselves up tomorrow.

Another Ocean Race Started.

Another ocean race was stated this morning when at 6 o'clock the City of New York sailed on its Eastern voyage. The Teutonic was moving within ten minutes, and as soon as they passed Sandy Hook full speed was put on, and the beautiful racers quickly disappeared from sight. The City of New York carried over 100 cabin passengers, among them being Gen. John C. New, United States Consul-General at London.

Didn't Want Her Child Named Bridget.

Mrs. Catharine Virginia Murray, who is seeking a decree of separation from her husband, Civil Justice Thomas E. Murray, recited before Judge Ingraham in the Supreme Court, special term, the story of her alleged matrimonial grievances. The couple had a terrible quarrel over the naming of their child, the husband having secretly had it christened Bridget, which greatly angered the mother.

Commissions to Immigrant Catchers.

On account of changes that the Old Dominion line is paying commissions for immigrants August Doane of the Trunk Line Association has begun paying commissions as follows:

Immigrants to San Francisco, regular fare, $56, commission to immigrant catcher, $15; to Denver, commission to immigrant catcher, $11; Missouri River points, commission to immigrant catcher, $6.

Address to Irish-Americans.

T. P. Gill, M. P., who is here as a representative of the Irish Nationalists, has issued an address to the public requesting Irish-Americans to communicate with him at the Fifth Avenue Hotel regarding the dates suitable for the various meetings to be addressed by Dillon, O'Brien, and the other delegates sent here to appeal for funds to carry on the Nationalist campaign.

Jack McAuliffe Not Arrested.

A report was circulated today that Jack McAuliffe, the prize-fighter, had been arrested, charged with causing the death of his wife. Coroner Hanly said this afternoon that McAuliffe had not been arrested. Everything pointed to the conclusion that Mrs. McAuliffe had died of heart disease.

Mayor Gleason Convicted.

The jury in the case of G. R. Crowley against Mayor Patrick J. Gleason of Long Island City, returned a verdict of guilty of assault in the third degree. Justice Cullen deferred sentence until Thursday morning. Crowley is a newspaper man, weighing about half as much as Gleason. Gleason was drunk when he committed the assault.

Marriage of a Jewish Minister.

Dr. Henry Pereira Mendes, for fourteen years minister of the Synagogue of Sherith Israel, was married today to Miss Rebecca Nicosalie Piza, daughter of the late Samuel Piza, a West Indian merchant, and niece of

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NEW HOTEL IN KENWOOD.

MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE TO BE ERECTED ON LAKE AVENUE.

It Will Be Seven Stories High, and Will Cost Probably $200,000—An Apartment House to Be Put Up on Oakwood Boulevard—Cowardly Shooting of Officer Jung by Policeman Madden—To Prevent the Construction of Frame Buildings Near the "Fair."

All the preliminary arrangements have been made for the construction of Kenwood's hotel. The lease from L. B. Stevens to J. F. and F. C. Aldrich of the northeast corner of Lake avenue and Forty-seventh street has been signed and recorded, and plans for the building are being prepared by C. J. Warren.

The hotel building is planned to conform in some degree to the shape of the lot, which is of irregular shape, and will be so arranged that every room will have outside light.

"We are not attempting to build a mammoth structure to be dependent on World's Fair patronage," said J. Frank Aldrich, in speaking of the projected hotel. "We will build a high grade family hotel, and are confident that the Kenwood site will be eminently satisfactory for such a venture."

The building is to be seven stories high and will be built of stone to the second story, with brick and terra cotta above.

"The peculiar feature of the building will be the arrangement of the rooms," said Mr. Warren. "There will be forty-two rooms on each floor and these rooms will be divided into fourteen suites. Each suite of three rooms will be furnished with a bath and a private hall."

The main entrance will be on Forty-seventh street, with a second entrance on Lake avenue. Marble and tile will be used in the interior finish of the halls and corridors.

In regard to the cost of the entire building there is some difference of opinion among interested parties. Mr. Aldrich stated that he expected the building to cost in the neighborhood of $175,000. Mr. Warren, the architect, was confident that the building would cost at least $225,000.

A handsome apartment building will soon be erected at Nos. 271 and 273 Oakwood boulevard. W. A. Dunshee took out the building permit yesterday. The structure is to be seven stories and will cost $50,000.

SHOT BY A BROTHER OFFICER.

Albert Jung Probably Fatally Wounded by a Brother Policeman.

Officer Albert Jung of the Stanton Avenue Station was shot and probably fatally injured by Officer Thomas Madden of the same station early yesterday morning. The shooting was the outcome of a trifling quarrel the two had earlier in the night.

At exactly 3 o'clock yesterday morning Officer Jung stepped to the patrol box at Thirty-third street and South Park avenue to report to his station. He heard some one approaching and, looking around, saw a man he supposed was the Patrol Sergeant. The man came close to the box, whipped out a revolver, and fired three times in rapid succession, after which he disappeared in the darkness. The first bullet had missed Jung; the second had struck his watch-chain and had become flattened against the metal; the third had passed through the upper portion of the left lung and had become imbedded beneath the left shoulder-blade.

Groping along fences, stumbling at every step, and bleeding freely from his wound, Jung managed to reach the station. He staggered in and fell into a chair.

"Madden shot me," was all he said. Doctors were sent for, Inspector Ebersold was notified, the ambulance was called, and Jung was taken to the Michael Reese Hospital. The physicians said the wound was an extremely dangerous one, but that there was a chance of recovery.

Madden could not be found. Every officer in the city was looking for him yesterday but without result. Ald. Madden, who is a brother of the man who did the shooting, was greatly overcome by the affair. He aided the police in the search for his brother, and with tears in his eyes said he would look after Jung's wife and children.

Jung was resting quietly last evening, and was able to talk about the shooting. He says he ran toward the station after the third shot was fired, and dodged into an alley. Madden followed him with his revolver in his hand, and to prevent him from shooting again at close range Jung says he fired one shot at Madden. The latter then disappeared. Jung does not know whether his bullet hit the man who was so anxious to murder him, but he thinks it did not.

FRAME BUILDINGS NEAR THE FAIR.

The Real Estate Board Wants to Prevent Their Erection.

At the last meeting of the Real-Estate Board the question of protecting the Jackson and Washington Park frontages from cheap temporary buildings was discussed. Some difference of opinion as to the best method of securing this protection was discovered among members. A committee consisting of George L. Warner, Edgar M. Snow, M. R. Barnard, F. C. Vierling, and W. R. Kerr was appointed to consider the advisability of an ordinance extending the fire limits of Hyde Park. This committee held a meeting yesterday and drafted an ordinance which will be discussed at a special board meeting to be held tomorrow. If this ordinance is satisfactory to the members of the Real-Estate Board it will be presented to the Council Monday night. The ordinance is as follows:

"Sec. 1. That the fire limits of the City of Chicago be, and are hereby, extended so as to include, in addition to the territory lying within the corporate limits of said city as the same existed April 19, 1881, all that territory bounded on the south by Sixty-seventh street, on the west by State street, on the east by Jackson Park and Lake Michigan, and on the north by Thirty-ninth street.

"Sec. 2. No frame building of any kind or description shall be erected or constructed within the fire limits of the city as the same are now or may hereafter be defined, nor shall any frame building which shall have been damaged by fire or decay to the extent of 50 per cent of its value be repaired within the fire limits of the city as the same are now or may hereafter be defined."

Provision is made that frame buildings may be built in conformity to the custom which has been in practice since 1851.

Ald Vierling has had prepared an ordinance for extending the present fire limits to Sixty-seventh street, so as to include all the territory east of State street, so as to prevent the further erection of wooden buildings.

FRICTION IN THE DRAINAGE BOARD.

Judge Prendergast Says the Engineer's Office Must Be Probed to the Bottom.

The proceedings at yesterday's meeting of the Drainage Commissioners in their new quarters in the Rialto Building seemed to indicate that all was not harmony between some members of the board and the Chief Engineer. President Nelson occupied the chair, and Commissioners Altpeter, King, Wenter, Hotz, Prendergast, and Russell were present. The friction was first noticed when Mr. Cooley reported that 108 men were employed in his department, the pay-roll for the month aggregating $9,129. Judge Prendergast wanted to know if he had hired any men since the board took away his power. Mr. Cooley said he hadn't, and asked for more men. A motion to allow them was made, but Judge Prendergast succeeded in having the matter referred to the Engineering Committee for investigation.

Then a communication was read from Mr. Cooley which said that he was unable to submit the report called for relative to the route from Chicago south and the cost of condemning the land. He said that his time had been too much occupied by the Engineering Committee, but that he would be ready by Friday, if desired.

Thereupon Judge Prendergast opened up on Engineer Cooley. He said that notwithstanding Mr. Cooley's communication he (Prendergast) had the report in question in his pocket, and that Mr. Cooley was trying to stave off an investigation now in progress by the Engineering Committee which was to be resumed Friday. The duty of the committee was plain—to probe to the bottom the work of the engineer's office.

The Superintendent was instructed to report a plan for paying the men. Attorney-General Hunt reported by letter that the several sanitary cases before the Supreme Court had been dismissed. After transacting routine business the board adjourned.

MAJ.-GEN. MILES BANQUETED.

Leading Society and Business Men Greet the Veteran Soldier.

Maj.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles was tendered a dinner last evening by the leading society and business men of the city. The dinner was in the new dining-hall of the Auditorium. The tables were set like an inverted letter U, Dr. Locke, who said grace, Gen. Miles, Judge Gresham, and Gen. Williams being near the center of the curve.

The room was decorated with escutcheons and the tables were fragrant with flowers. After the coffee there were informal addresses. The following was the menu:

Blue points.
Clear green turtle, à la Manhattan. Haut sauterne.
Amontillado.
Timballes of chicken, à la Rothschild.
Pelee Club bass (caught by O. S. A. Sprague).
Concombers. Potatoes lauzette. Marcobrunner.
Roast filet, à la Maison d'Or.
Stuffed tomatoes. Brussel sprouts.
Moet & Chandon.
Terrapine, à la Maryland.
Nilson sorbet.
Canvas-back duck, with currant jelly.
Lettuce salad. Chambertin.
Pears, Solferino style.
Ices.
Mousse Praline. Leacock Madeira.
Fruits. Cake. Coffee.

The guests were:

Capt. Eli Huggins, H. W. Bishop, Col. Edward M. Heyle, Lieut. Marion P. Maus, John J. Janes, A. D. Andrews, C. L. Hutchinson, Capt. A. H. McCauley, Capt. W. L. Marshall, Charles Fargo, Marry Nelson, Gen. M. R. Morgan, Surgeon Melville Tully, S. B. Barker, A. F. Seeberger, Gen. J. W. Stiles, H. N. Higinbotham, E. T. Jeffery, W. E. Hoyne, C. H. McCormick, Marvin Hughitt, R. R. Cable, George M. Pullman, Marshall Field, N. K. Fairbank, J. J. P. Odell, Ferd W. Peck, O. W. Potter, S. M. J. Clark, John De Koven, T. B. Blackstone, Gen. J. D. Bingham, O. S. A. Sprague, Gen. Robert Williams, Edson Keith, Franklin MacVeagh, Norman Williams, L. Z. Leiter, Mr. Peabody, Stuyvesant Fish, Mayor Cregier, Judge Gresham, Gen. Schofield, J. W. Doane, Rev. Dr. Locke, B. F. Ayer, P. D. Armour, H. H. Porter, J. N. Jewett, George E. P. Dodge, J. S. Runnells, J. C. Wyman, John B. Drake, F. A. Yoe, Col. H. C. Corbin, N. B. Ream, Maj. Eli McClellan, C. R. Cummings, Victor Lawson, A. A. Sprague, Henry R. Reed, and T. L. Livermore.

DR. HIRSCH ON "LAW AND JUSTICE."

Interesting Lecture at the First Universalist Church at Englewood.

The lecture-room of the First Universalist Church of Englewood was crowded last night to hear the first lecture of the course under the joint auspices of the Equal Suffrage Association and the Social Science Club. The large audience was attentive and highly appreciated the instructive words of the lecturer—the Rev. Dr. Emil G. Hirsch. His subject was "Law and Justice." He opened by examining what government is, its origin and its functions. He considered the three classes of opinions in reference to government—those holding it an unnecessary evil which should be abolished, those declaring it a necessary benefactor without which society could not exist, and the third occupying the ground that it is a necessary evil that must be limited to the lowest possible minimum of action.

"In the land of the Seine or the Loire," he proceeded to say "government is not quite as imprudent as it is along the banks of the Neva and the Don; but it is arrogant enough and its restrictions are irksome enough to cause the pendulum of thought and theory to swing to the opposite extreme, and thus Prince Peter Kropotkine finds as ready a hearing in France as in his native land. That individualists are idealofists a high order, strong in their passion and compassion for humanity, is conceded by all fair-minded persons, even though little acquainted with the original sources and literature of their creed. The factors entering into their calculations appear to be unreal, non-existent. They presuppose a humanity which is not as yet and perhaps never will be. If all men were perfect, if the last remnant of brutality, the last leaven of selfishness, were removed from the hearts of all men alike, I could conceive of the possibility of society organizing itself as the individualists think it should be organized."

The speaker went on to say that the primary object of government is the defense against enemies from without. He traced the growth and development of government to the present time, when it is administered with all its complex and ramified functions. The individualistic position now is impracticable. Only when all men will have become perfect the paradise of peace will arise, where now, under the actual conditions of life, with so many base elements still mixed in with the nobler tendencies of our humanity, conflicts and struggles prevail. Remember that men make the laws, not laws men. Let us to-morrow all laws were wiped from the statute-books we would not in our behavior and mode of thinking be affected by the change, however radical.

"To the honor of the race be it said," the speaker continued, "that but the fewest of men act solely upon selfish motives. It is a notorious fact that the greatest benefits bestowed on humanity came about through conduct that was anything but selfish. The great inventions were made by men who were lost to all appeals of self-interest and contributed more to the advancement of mankind than the selfish cravings of millions who affected to laugh at the self-forgetting benefactor. But government cannot do all; there remains much for the devotion of souls burning with enthusiasm for a better humanity than now inhabits our planet to accomplish. Let each, then, do honestly and tolerantly whatever he thinks will lead to the uplifting of mankind to a higher conception of life and a higher possibility, and the victory cannot fail to be ours."

HAS ONLY CHANGED ITS NAME.

Union Stock-Yards Company a Corporation of the Past—Same Management, However.

The great Stock-Yards deal, involving the sum of $23,000,000, was formally closed in New York Tuesday afternoon, and the Union Stock-Yards and Transit company becomes a corporation of the past. Its successor is the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stock-Yards company, and it will continue business at the old stand under the same local management.

At the meeting in question the purchasers came forward with $11,050,000 in cash, and $10,000,000 in bonds. The sum of $1,950,000 in cash had been previously paid over. The consummation of the deal has been expected by people in the financial world for over a week, but it was not until yesterday that the local bankers had definite information concerning the final and formal transfer.

The President of the new company, Frederick H. Winston, returned from the New York meeting last night, and when seen at his home had this to say on the subject:

"Yes, the deal has been finally closed. The whole amount of money involved was advanced by the new company to the old. The English people acting honorably in the matter and cabling us the sum of $1,970,000. The new company has had practical possession of the yards for some months and has been conducting the business as in the past. No changes will be made there now that the deal has been finally consummated."

SOLDIERS ENJOY A "SPREAD."

Veterans and Boys in Blue Have a Good Time.

At the Grand Pacific Hotel last night the white-headed Mexican veterans of Cook County held their annual meeting and banquet. Capt. P. T. Turnley, President and Chairman, reviewed the causes of the Mexican War. Judge Tuthill, the first honorary member of the club, followed with a glowing tribute to the old heroes and was heartily applauded. Col. James S. Sexton, our Postmaster, and Capt. Harlan were proposed and unanimously elected honorary members. C. C. P. Holden exhibited an interesting document in the muster-roll of Company F, Fifth Regiment of Illinois Volunteers, dated April 30, 1845. The mustering officer was James A. Cunningham. One of the Lieutenants at that time was Gen. John A. Logan, who, on his return to the States, married Gen. Cunningham's daughter. On the roll were the names of three who were present—Charles C. P. Holden, 19 years old, First Corporal; Murray F. Tuley, 18 years old, Lieutenant, 22 years old; and Nelson Barnum, 18 years old.

A most enjoyable evening was spent by Company F, First Infantry, last night at the armory on Jackson street. It was the reunion of members and ex-members. A neat lunch was spread, followed by speeches, songs, etc.

The Sons of Massachusetts held a meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel last evening. Ex-Mayor J. A. Roche, President, in the chair. It was decided to hold a banquet on "Forefathers' Day," Dec. 22, and a committee was appointed to arrange for it.

The Society of the Sons of Maine met last night at the Wellington Hotel and amended the constitution so that women are now eligible to membership. It has been decided to give the annual banquet in December.

MORE TROUBLE IN THE TUNNEL.

Lively Shaking Up of Street-Car Passengers—Other Accidents.

A chapter of accidents shortly after 6 o'clock in the La Salle street tunnel brought traffic to a standstill for an hour, attracted a great crowd and destroyed the appetite of timid passengers. An overloaded train, consisting of Lincoln avenue grip No. 703, Fullerton avenue trailer No. 321, and a Garfield avenue trailer, stuck fast on the north ascent. Behind it was a Lincoln avenue grip with two trailers. The gripman of No. 3 drew up, intending to push, but miscalculated the distance and smashed into the Garfield avenue trailer. Though none of the passengers were hurt the force of the collision was sufficient to smash the back platform of the Garfield avenue trailer and the front platform of the grip, to say nothing of the shaking up the passengers received.

Finally a horse was hitched to Grip No. 1, and with his aid the train was started. The gripman pushed too hard on his lever and at the top of the tunnel ran down the horse. The splendid animal was thrown under the wheels and the car left the track. The passengers got another fright, a big crowd gathered, and the horse was found to be so mangled that it had to be destroyed. Then there was trouble with the second train, and altogether the North-Siders put in an hour about equally divided between excitement and wrath.

E. B. Anderson of No. 456 West Division street, in attempting to board a Milwaukee avenue grip-car at the corner of Milwaukee and Chicago avenues, slipped and fell in front of the car and was dragged about twenty feet before the car could be stopped. He received serious internal injuries.

Tessie Keating, 33 years old, employed as a servant in the family of Mr. Wolf, No. 453 Dearborn avenue, while cleaning a window in the fourth story yesterday afternoon, lost her balance and fell to the ground, a distance of about forty feet, and died from her injuries about fifteen minutes later.

WEDDING RECEPTION AND MUSICALE.

Dr. and Mrs. Leeming Entertain Their Friends.

A pleasant wedding reception was given yesterday afternoon and evening by Mr. and Mrs. John Leeming, née Sibley. The hostess was assisted by her mother, Mrs. Sibley, Miss Mary Sibley, Miss Leeming, and Miss Eldridge. Refreshments of ices and punch were passed. About 200 guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Cary gave a musicale at their residence, No. 508 North Clark street, last evening, the occasion being Mrs. Cary's twenty-third birthday. The number of guests was about fifty. A pleasant musical program was rendered by Miss J. F. Biglow, Miss Jessie Mack, Mrs. O. L. Fox, and Mr. and Mrs. Cary.

Miss Mary E. Stanton, the eldest daughter of Lieut. James P. Stanton, and Mr. John W. Mitchell were married Tuesday afternoon at St. Philip's Church, corner of Forty-second street and Park avenue.

GLEANINGS IN LOCAL FIELDS.

No Liberty for Frank Woodruff.

Frank Woodruff was released yesterday from the House of Correction only to be at once re-arrested by the Sheriff of Johnson County, Kansas. Woodruff demurred against this and wanted to communicate with his attorney. Woodruff was surprised at his arrest. He had expected to receive his liberty without being detained on other charges. The Sheriff left with his prisoner on the noon train for Olathe, where Woodruff will be tried for horse stealing. Woodruff was also wanted at Manistee, Mich., for larceny, but the Sheriff there concluded he would yield to the Kansas authorities.

JOLIET, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Frank Woodruff is the latest of the distinguished gang of Clan-na-Gael villains to receive Joliet's hospitality. Woodruff arrived here today on an Alton freight train with Kansas City officers. The party put up at the jail and were entertained by Sheriff Bob Huston till the Denver express came in, when they left for Kansas. The officials reported that they had to spirit Woodruff away to escape a writ of habeas corpus which had for its object the setting at liberty of the slippery Woodruff.

They Are Now Attorneys-at-Law.

The committee appointed to examine applicants in the Appellate Court last week for admission to the bar reported yesterday. "Attorney-at-law" may be added to the cards of Hollis M. Chase, Joseph A. Connell, William H. Craig, Henry M. Cohen, George A. Carpenter, William F. Church, William S. Edgerton, Charles Hudson, William D. Heise, H. L. Irwin, Ralph W. King, Elmer A. Kimball, William W. Linn, Eugene R. Lyons, Frank A. Norcross, Charles B. Overmeyer, D. W. Parker, H. Patterson, Carl Rasch, George W. Rogers, J. N. Swarts, Henry G. Strong, Charles J. Trainor, Charles S. Wiley, F. W. Wheeler, and Charles H. Wells. The examiners were E. M. Ashcraft, Harvey Storck, and William P. Nichlack. They reported that the class of applicants was an exceptionally able one, and that William F. Church, F. F. Norcross, Joseph A. Connell, and Ralph W. King deserved honorable mention.

Jealousy That Is Commendable.

The élite of Evanston's West Side have been jealous of the East Side swells ever since the far-famed Sheridan road has been built along the shore. But they have a plan of getting even. They propose to pave Ridge avenue with asphalt from Emerson street southward and in connection with South Evanston and Rogers Park to set it aside as a boulevard. Connections with Sheridan road are to be made by diagonal roads at Rosehill and on Emerson street. When completed this will form one of the most attractive drives in the country. The Northwestern railway has agreed to stand the expense of a viaduct on Emerson street provided the village pays for grading its approaches.

Curious Case of Alleged Slander.

A curious case went to a jury in Judge McConnell's court last night. David Bloomenfeld, a shoe-dealer, sued Bernard Berscowsky for $1,000 for slander. Bloomenfeld produced a policeman, bailiffs, and neighbors by the score to show that Berzowsky called him a thief, liar, and scoundrel, and aired his opinion freely. The defendant also had witnesses by the score. Amongst them was a lawyer named Jacobson who claimed he had been accused by Bloomenfeld with accepting a bribe. Bloomenfeld is taking $100 and a gold watch from Bloomenfeld "in order to test him," and said he had turned the property over to State's-Attorney Longenecker. The jury listened to the evidence eight days. Bloomenfeld has a similar suit for $50,000 against the Sons of Benjamin Society for expelling him.

Soap Manufacturers in Session.

The first meeting of the National Soap Manufacturers' Association since the organization last June was held in the Auditorium Hotel yesterday. The session was with closed doors, and it was thought by outsiders that a trust was to be formed, but the members stoutly denied this. The subject of prices was discussed, in which some of the smaller fry complained that the large factories took advantage by cutting prices. A trust was considered impracticable, but the grievance of the small manufacturers was not settled. A resolution will be offered today to appoint a committee to investigate the matter.

Misfortunes of a Business-Man.

Henry Schraetter, a Bowmanville business-man, went to his barn early yesterday morning to look after his horses. An unknown man sprang out of the doorway and struck him in the face with a bunch of barbed wire and fired four shots at him. Schraetter ran into the house, and, after arming himself and firing several shots into the air to attract attention, went to hunt up a policeman. He found one. The officer arrested Schraetter and charged him with carrying firearms and shooting inside the city limits. He was fined $5 and the fine suspended.

Rice's Case Goes to the Jury.

The case of the State against Alexander Rice, the alleged negro murderer, was closed yesterday afternoon and the jury retired about 6 o'clock, with instructions to turn in a sealed verdict to the court this morning. Rice was cross-examined yesterday. He said the story he had told the police was untrue, and that he told it merely to save his life and keep from being mobbed.

Rice proved an alibi by five witnesses, whose testimony was not rebutted by the State, and the only evidence against him is the fact of his being able to describe the clothing the murdered woman wore and to tell the route she was taken and where left.

Spree, Despondency, Suicide.

Frank M. Folsom, who committed suicide in Columbus, O., Tuesday night by taking a dose of strychnine, was a traveling agent for the Merchants' Commercial Agency, No. 53 Dearborn street, this city. Folsom was 40 years of age and commanded a large salary. He has a wife living in Rockford, Ill. Folsom's employer said yesterday that he had been in their service for nearly two years, and barring the fact that he drank occasionally was an excellent business-man. They thought that despondency resulting from a spree caused Folsom to kill himself.

Woman as an Engineer.

The Porter Manufacturing company recovered $200 in Judge Anthony's court yesterday on a suit for $1,000 for a boiler furnished W. D. Allen, a florist near Summerdale. Allen alleged that he did not get the boiler in time as per contract, that in consequence he lost a large number of roses by reason of the cold weather, and that after he did get the boiler it did not come up to requirements. The company set up that the boiler was a good one, but that Allen had a servant-girl for an engineer.

"L" Road People Still Wrangling.

A few days ago the property-owners on Ogden avenue filed an intervening petition in the case of Wright versus the Ogden avenue "L" road, in which it was alleged that Wright and the company were in collusion. Affidavits by directors of the company and Attorney L. H. Bisbee were placed on file yesterday. Mr. Bisbee represents Wright and insists that as far as he knows the fight is genuine. The directors insist that they are opposed to Wright.

Censured the Owner of the Building.

A Coroner's jury investigated the death of John Blondett, the man killed by an elevator accident in the building at No. 169 East Randolph street Tuesday afternoon, yesterday. Its verdict was a mild censure for the owner of the building and the city elevator inspector. The jury concluded that the man came to his death from injuries received by falling down the shaft, the fall being the result of the bad condition of the elevator.

Questions for Mr. Purdy to Answer.

The Committee on Wharves and Public Grounds met yesterday afternoon and did nothing, but prepared the following questions for answer by the Commissioner of Public Works: Whether the fence parallel with the railroad tracks from the Exposition Building south to Park Row is on city or railroad property and if any railroad or the Illinois Central tracks are within the above. The committee will meet again next Monday.

Robbery at a Funeral.

Charles Burr is under arrest charged with a novel method of earning a livelihood. The police say that Burr and a female confederate dress in mourning, attend funerals, and take advantage of the mourners by picking their pockets. Yesterday Burr and his female companion attended a funeral at Sedgwick and Goethe streets. One of the mourners lost a pocketbook containing $7. An officer arrested Burr, but his companion got away.

A Crushed Finger.

Herr de Lussen, one of the visiting iron and steel men, met with a painful accident Monday night, which resulted in the loss of a finger. Herr de Lussen had entered a coupé to be driven from the Auditorium reception to his hotel, and the boy, slamming the door, caught Herr de Lussen's left forefinger and completely crushed it. After suffering great pain he called Dr. Owen, who amputated the finger.

A Policeman's Queer Escapade.

A Kensington policeman, whose name is suppressed pending official investigation Monday while on duty and in uniform went in company with a woman to a photograph gallery a few days ago, where, after arraying her in his coat, helmet, star, and mace, he had her photograph taken. He has been on the force for six or seven years, but only a few months at the Kensington Station.

John L. Sullivan's Birthday.

Tomorrow John L. Sullivan will be 32 years old, and to commemorate the occasion he will, in conjunction with Duncan B. Harrison and their supporting company, give a special matinée at the Haymarket for the professionals who are now in the city. After the performance all professionals who so desire will be introduced to the champion of the world.

Mr. Onahan Is Still Waiting.

Controller Onahan did not want to talk about it yesterday, but the fact is, though the necessary advertisement was made, no bids were received for the $1,000,000 in 3½ and 4 per cent bonds offered for sale.

John M. Smyth's Teamsters Strike.

Twenty out of twenty-two teamsters employed by John M. Smyth, the furniture dealer, went on strike yesterday. They complained that their hours are too long, as sometimes they have to work from 6 a. m. till midnight. Mr. Smyth conceded to hire new men. At one time in the afternoon it looked as if there would be trouble and the police were called. But no trouble came.

The metal cornicemakers, tinners, and furnace men have formed a joint organization after the pattern of the Carpenters' Council.

Union No. 1 of the carpenters has voted $100 for the support of the striking cornicemakers.

Chaplain McCabe's Address.

Chaplain McCabe addressed a large audience in the First M. E. Church in Evanston last evening on foreign missions. His remarks were addressed particularly to the college students, with the object of raising funds for their missionary association for the purpose of putting an alumnus of the university in the foreign mission field. A large amount was raised.

Talked Politics and Shed Blood.

John Fulton, manager of the *Daily Calumet*, and John Crawford, an overseer of the Calumet Electric railway, met in John Crisp's drug store at South Chicago yesterday afternoon and engaged in a discussion about local politics. Fulton was struck in the face and knocked down by Crawford. They were separated by friends. No arrests were made.

Lawndale Property-Owners Protest.

A committee of property-owners on Lawndale avenue has addressed another protest against the construction of a street-car line on that thoroughfare to the Mayor and Aldermen. The complainants beg that the franchise for the use of the street be denied because it will result in ruining the street.

Preferred Death to the Penitentiary.

Frederick Wilke, who was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary for shooting his son last July, attempted to kill himself at the jail yesterday morning by cutting an artery in his wrist. He had lost considerable blood when found. He was taken to Joliet in the afternoon.

Board of Education Meeting.

The Board of Education met last evening, only routine business being transacted. The various committees submitted reports, and the Judiciary Committee was instructed to draft a set of rules for the government of the board, to be presented at the next meeting.

Mr. Young Can See It.

The Arc Light and Power company's chimney continues to belch forth its great black clouds of smoke. Each day's offense is being stored up against it for new suits. The Chicago and Erie railroad company is placing smoke consumers on its locomotives.

Masons Will Turn Out in Force.

All the lodges of Free and Accepted Masons in Cook County are preparing to take part in the corner-stone-laying of the "Masonic Fraternity Temple," which will take place Nov. 6. The ceremony will take place at 3 o'clock p. m., and will be preceded by a parade of the societies.

Big Paper, Twine, and Cordage Company.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday at Springfield for the Williams Paper, Twine and Cordage company, to be located at Chicago. The capital stock is $1,000,000. The principals are named as F. J. Williams, G. Hoyt, and H. W. Campbell. None of these parties is known in Chicago nor are the names in the directory.

Directors of the Oakwood Sanitarium.

The following gentlemen were elected directors at the annual meeting of the Oakwood Sanitarium, Lake Geneva, yesterday: Josiah Barfield, Drs. Oscar King and O. B. Reynolds of Lake Geneva, and Dr. Charles Warrington Earle and Dr. Frank Waxham of this city.

Bouquets for Purdy.

Three women called at the jail yesterday and personally presented William E. Purdy with bouquets of flowers. The prisoner says the visitors are strangers to him. Purdy has not yet heard from his relatives in Canada.

Address from the Milk Producers.

The milk producers and shippers have issued an address in which they say they will adopt a system of rigid milk inspection and that the public will be properly cared for in the future.

Chicago Was Not Liberal.

The subscription books of the National Cordage Trust were closed yesterday afternoon at the International Bank. Of the $5,000,000 capital stock not over $50,000 has been subscribed in Chicago.

Items.

The Mayor yesterday revoked the license of Thomas Moran, who keeps a saloon at No. 42 West Adams street.

Commissioner Purdy will not grant the North Chicago Railroad company the right to lay tracks on North Ashland avenue until further action has been taken by the Council.

The elders of the First Presbyterian Church of Englewood did not show up before the special committee yesterday. The pastor and trustees will resign if the anti-Williams faction will pay $3,000 legal expenses.

Harry Adams, the young man arrested by Officers Bell and Hiott of the East Chicago Avenue Station for opening the safe in his boarding house at No. 97 Michigan street, was discharged by Justice Kerstern yesterday.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasse (optician), TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: 8 a. m., 52° above zero; 9 a. m., 55°; 10 a. m., 60°; 11 a. m., 63°; 12 m., 65°; 1 p. m., 67°; 3 p. m., 65°; 6 p. m., 63°. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.41; 6 p. m., 29.35.

TWO ROAD-AGENTS IN THE TOILS.

Charles H. Thorn and George Shinn Captured in Chicago.

Two notorious road-agents from California, who have been hiding in Chicago for some time, were arrested last night. They are Charles H. Thorn, alias Dorsey, alias Moore, alias George H. Lee, and George Shinn, alias Joe Thompson. Both have been connected with numerous stage robberies in the mountains of California, and Thorn is a murderer.

CHARLES THORN.

The arrests last evening were made by J. B. Hume, the chief special officer of the Wells-Fargo Express company, who was aided by a number of Pinkerton men. Shinn was living with a California woman in a house in the rear of No. 292 West Jackson street, and his partner was boarding with a family at No. 56 Gurley street.

Toward the close of the year 1878 Thorn completed his third term in the California State's Prison for stage robbery, and as he made such positive promises to reform the officials were inclined to believe he would abandon his old associates. In September of the next year, however, Thorn, in company with a man named Patterson, robbed a stage between Morris Flats and Nevada City, Cal. A banker named W. F. Cummings had a $7,000 bar of gold which he refused to hand over to the robbers, and Thorn killed him, as it was afterward proved.

Three years later Patterson was arrested in St. Louis and taken back to California and hanged. Shortly after this Thorn was caugh in Union City, Ind., and, though it was proved beyond a question that he had murdered the banker, he was let off with a life sentence.

GEORGE SHINN.

In December, 1887, Thorn, in company with George H. Shinn, a highwayman serving fifteen years for wrecking an express train at Cape Horn Mills, Cal., and robbing the express car of a large amount of money, escaped the penitentiary. Neither of the men was heard from till last month, when two stages were robbed near Morris Flats, and the description of the robbers tallied with Thorn and Shinn. They were finally traced to Chicago.

Nothing Known of Cooke's Love Affair.

SALEM, Ore., Oct. 15.—Nothing is known in this city about Dr. Clinton Cooke, who has disappeared in Chicago, being disappointed in love. His reputation here, where he has lived during his entire lifetime, is that of a quiet and studious young man.

The friends of Dr. Cooke, who has been missing since Thursday last, continued their search for him yesterday, but could find no clew as to his whereabouts. The police tried to locate the drug store from which the physician sent a telephone message to his brother the night of his disappearance, but were unsuccessful.

Adopted Self-Sustainment.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Indiana Synod of the Presbyterian Church tonight adopted the scheme of self-sustainment urged upon the synods by the General Board of Home Missions. Hereafter the weak churches will be aided directly by the synod in whose jurisdiction they are, and for this purpose a per capita tax of 25 cents will be levied upon strong churches.

Try Ed Pinaud's Burghetto Bouquet.

SAYS THERE'S NO DANGER

ARCHITECTS TALK ABOUT THE CONDITION OF GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

W. L. B. Jenney Doesn't Believe the Structure Is Going to Fall to Pieces Just Yet—He Suggests That a Strong Steel Building Be Erected in Its Place—How it Could Be Done Without Interfering with Business—What the Washington People Say.

The sensational reports concerning the condition of the Government Building have been greatly exaggerated and the report that it has been condemned as unsafe is false.

While it may be true that it is not in a model state of repair it is not so dilapidated but that it can be made perfectly inhabitable, at least that is the opinion of W. L. B. Jenney, the architect. Several years ago, when the building began to spread and show signs of falling to pieces, the Superintendent of repairs, by the order of Judges Greenam and Bradley, called upon Mr. Jenney asking for suggestions for strengthening it. An examination showed there had been a slow and continuous spreading of the safer structure. Mr. Jenney was told that the building had ceased to settle, as the levels taken a few weeks prior were identical with those of the year before. This being the case it only seemed necessary to hold the building where it then was and prevent further spreading by a thorough tying together, and then repair the damages already sustained. Four long heavy tie-rods were introduced from Jackson to Adams streets and a like number from Clark to Dearborn streets in each story of the building. This method was fully approved by the Government architect at Washington and executed by Hillinsworth & Coughlin of this city.

Mr. Jenney's Views.

"This," said Mr. Jenney last evening, "was about three years ago, and I have not examined the building since, and I am not informed as to any movements since. The nature of the foundations under Chicago buildings is of compressible clay of great depth, with the good feature that when compression ceases it is not renewed except by an increased weight. From what I knew of the building three years ago that compression had ceased under the Post-Office Building. As experience heretofore indicates, it would not be renewed without a change in the conditions. If a new movement has begun it may be due to the recent remodeling for the purpose of obtaining more working space. When the Post-Office was constructed but little was known of Chicago's soil. The Government Engineer spread a thick layer of concrete over the entire site and built thereon as if it was solid rock. It behaved differently and broke up and caused seriously unequal settlements. This was aggravated by a branch of an old slough that formerly ran through the site and to which due attention had not been given. As to the building being dangerous after the tying together by cross-rods two or three years ago I can hardly think it possible, though I have not examined it recently. Should, however, the recent changes have caused any new movement they can certainly be checked and the building made secure by putting in more tie-rods.

"But as there is a want of room in the building and the conditions being that the business cannot be removed conveniently, it is practicable to erect a new structure around it and add without interfering with the work of the Government in disbursing the mails.

"The conditions, then, being that the Post-Office must remain where it is during the remodeling, and to carry on business without much obstruction I would design a building on modern principles, that is, a fire-proofed, steel structure, covering the entire site, the new building inclosing the present one, with about double the present floor area.

"A careful study of Chicago soil and modern methods has enabled us to distribute the weight so that a building will settle evenly and not be dam

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1890.

THE latest price for silver in Wall street was 109 per ounce. That is equal to only 84.3 cents for the value of the pure metal in the United States dollar.

THE tone of the New York stock market showed improvement yesterday. There was a slight recovery in prices. The local market was dull and showed much weakness. New Yor exchange was 60 to 50 cents discount. Sterling was slightly stronger.—The Chicago produce markets were quiet but rather firm for everything but wheat. The latter had no support and declined in spite of the encouraging character of the news at home and abroad. Corn was steady under the continued demand on shipping account. Oats being scarce were strong and much higher and provisions were steady. As compared with Tuesday wheat was ½ cent lower, corn steady, oats ¾ cent higher, rye steady, barley firm, flax 1 cent higher, and pork, lard, and ribs steady.

THE *Pall Mall Gazette* says the result of the passage of the McKinley bill must be a dislocation of the British import trade with the United States, but it is doubtful if the measure will exclude European manufactures to the extent anticipated by its supporters. It recalls the fact that when duties were raised by the war tariff large quantities of textile fabrics were shut out, but the suffering was only temporary. The English manufacturer found he could compete successfully with the American in the production of novelties and designs of a superior kind, though he could not on staples. For instance, the value of the exports from Bradford to the United States had fallen from £3,700,000 in 1872 to £1,000,000 in 1878, and it was feared at one time that the trade would be totally extinguished. But it rose again, and last year the total was valued at over £4,000,000. "Experience has shown that novelties and high-class products find a market in the United States regardless of cost, while on the other hand the protected manufacturer does not exert himself to produce superior goods so long as he can secure under the tariff large profits on common goods." It will be seen from this that the Britishers are not entirely as men without hope.

THE statistics compiled at Washington show that for the calendar year 1889 the imports of wheat into the United Kingdom were 58,551,887 cwts (of 112 pounds each). Of this the United States contributed 30.29 per cent and Russia 35.54 per cent. That credits us with only 31,750,000 bushels. The Washington dispatch containing these figures says the present Chief of the Bureau of Statistics is studying statistical questions with genuine enthusiasm, has recently been investigating the competition of other countries with the United States in the exportation of food products, and has taken as the best tests the imports into the United Kingdom for last year. He is not quoted as taking into the account the flour movement, which is practically nothing from Russia, and equal in value to more than wheat in the exports from this country. Also it may be noted that some long-time observers of the situation think the comparison for breadstuffs would be made much more understandingly for the crop year between successive harvests than for the calendar period. The exports of wheat and flour from the United States during the crop year ending with last June were slightly in excess of a total of 110,000,000 bushels, the flour being reduced to its equivalent in wheat. A little more than half of the total went out in the shape of flour, which materially alters the deduction that would be drawn from a consideration of the movement of grain alone. It may also be remembered that the flour is a manufactured product, and the cost of its conversion from the berry into farina remains in this country instead of being paid as wages in Europe.

THE completion of the police census of New York City, as taken by its police force, shows 1,710,000 inhabitants, or nearly 190,000 more persons there than were found by the takers of Superintendent Porter. Hints are thrown out to the effect that the work is "padded" by 50,000 names, that transients have been counted, etc., the result being equally objectionable in excess of the truth as the official census was in defect. No doubt the police officers charged with the duty worked at it in a "liberal" spirit, and some of them may have given the benefit of a doubt to the swelling of the list. Admit a padding of 50,000, and there are still 140,000 more names than in the Federal count. It shows that a great many persons have been enumerated who were omitted last June. The greatest deviation from what ought to have been the count of four months earlier may be expected to be found in the including (under express instructions to that effect) of all residents of the city who were absent from it when their places of residence were visited, while noting the names of all visitors in the city from other parts of the Union, and also taking in those who arrived from abroad in the four months' interval who staid there. It will not be unfair to allow an overcount of 50,000 people in this way, 20,000 of whom represent the natural increase in the population, that being greater in the summer than the winter months. That still leaves a difference of 140,000, or about 10 per cent, to be accounted for, and the difference is so great as to justify the demand for a retaking of the census by the Federal authorities. If this be conceded the first step may be presumed to be a comparison of the two lists, and then a visit to those persons noted on the second, but not on the first, for the purpose of ascertaining if they were residents last June or have joined the population of New York City since then. Unless the police department has willfully erred in taking down names which ought not to be on the lists the revised census should show a total of some 1,650,000 souls, against the 1,515,000 by Porter's census. A comparison of the work done in Chicago with that of our school census indicates that a great many names were skipped here as well as on Manhattan Island, but it may be alleged that the school count was not sufficiently precise to warrant the ordering of a new enumeration here, as it was full of stupid duplications. On general principles it might be expected that the larger the city and the more closely its inhabitants are packed together the greater would be the percentage of omissions. On that principle Chicago, being the second city in the Union, is entitled to a recount; and would probably prove its right to it by the disclosure of the fact that fully 50,000 persons reside within its boundaries who were "missed" by the official enumerators last June.

A FEW official figures ought to put to shame those German Lutherans who are demanding the unconditional repeal of the Compulsory School law. If they say they are demanding this in the interest of their parochial schools, then they are trying to damage them, for the law, with all its admitted defects, has been of great benefit to those schools during the last year. It appears that the total enrollment in the public schools for the year ending June 30 last was 16,454 greater than for the preceding twelve months. The gain in the enrollment of the private schools during the same time was 6,729—and this under a law which it has been alleged was to ruin them. There were also four million more days' attendance in the public schools of 1889-1890 than in 1888-1889. The gain in that year over the preceding one was but 600,000. This shows a great improvement in the average attendance. What was true of the public schools was also true, no doubt, of the parochial ones, because the reports show that the truant officers have time and again returned boys to parochial schools and been thanked by the teachers and parents for it. In other cases those in charge of parochial schools have appealed to the truant officers for their help and have thus been enabled to swell their attendance. Since the law, with its imperfections, has done so much for the private schools, what sincere German Lutheran can join in a cry for its unconditional repeal? It would really be treason to the cause he thinks he is defending.

THE MUGWUMP "NEWS" AND THE GERMAN LUTHERANS.

A thousand delegates to the Republican State Convention of last June, representing every county and section of Illinois, after full and deliberate consultation with those who deemed their interests endangered by the Compulsory School law, took unanimous action on the subject thus:

> We recognize the American public-school system as the chief agency in securing intelligent citizenship and the chief bulwark of popular liberties, and we declare in favor of a compulsory education law which will guarantee to all children of the State ample opportunity of acquiring such an elementary education as will fit them for the intelligent performance of civic and political duties when they reach the age of manhood. But we are, at the same time, opposed to any arbitrary interference with the right of parents or guardians to educate their children at private schools, no matter where located; and we favor the amendment of the existing Compulsory Education law so as to conform with the declarations herein set forth, and also the repeal of so much of said law as provides for public supervision over private schools.

The Democratic State Convention, after similar deliberation, expressed itself to the same effect though in the form of a stump speech rather than a terse declaration of principles. It said:

> The parental right to direct and control the education of the child should forever remain inviolate, and that the provisions of the law of 1889, commonly known as the Compulsory Educational statute, impairing that inalienable right, should be at once repealed.

It declared further that where compulsory education was necessary it should be enforced.

These utterances by the two great political parties should have ended the matter and would have done so but for the dishonesty of the Democrats, who are using all the instruments at their command, including the mugwump *News*, to violate their platform for the sake of electing the avowed free-trader Palmer to the Senate and to secure a Democratic Legislature to gerrymander the State.

Early in April Gen. Palmer was interviewed in Springfield by a TRIBUNE correspondent regarding the Compulsory Education law. While approving many of its features, he said "it was open to the defects which both parties have promised to remedy." He was asked next, "Will the Democrats make a political issue on this law?" He replied:

> I can see no reason for a general issue, though it is plain to be seen it will be raised in numerous localities, especially where disaffection exists. *Of course if the Democrats are going to gain anything by a side issue of this sort I shall have no objections to offer.*

This last sentence gives the key to the present policy of the Democrats on the school question. On the one hand, they have stirred up a few German Lutherans to demand of all the candidates special pledges that they will vote to repeal the law. On the other, they have set the mugwump *News* to work denouncing all the German Lutherans, most of whom are Republicans, so that they may be driven out of the ranks of that party and those legislative districts where they have the balance of power be given to the Democrats, so that they may control the General Assembly, gerrymander the State, and send the free-trader Palmer to the Senate.

The mugwump Dem. *News*, quiescent from May till now, has discovered suddenly that there is an awful conspiracy against the common schools of Illinois. The Republican party is in it, shrieks the little mugwump concern. So is the Central Committee of that organization. So is THE TRIBUNE. They are all in a plot to slaughter the public schools, and the *News* screams at them through a column of double-leaded agony. It attacks the Lutherans on one page and the Republican party on another.

But when, during the last eleven years, has the Democratic mugwump *News* not been assailing the Republican party with the malignity of the renegade. It slandered Garfield, it traduced Blaine, it lampooned Harrison, it vilified Roche. At this moment it is not working for the public schools, but against the Republicans and for Palmer, free trade, and Democratic gerrymander.

It appears from its own statements that eighteen Democratic legislative candidates have signed the special German Lutheran pledge, while but three Republicans, whose names are not given, are said to have done so. Yet it has not a word to say of "Democratic treachery" or "Democratic plots" to destroy the schools. If the possible signing of this pledge by three Republican candidates proves that party traitorous, what does the violation of their party platform by *eighteen Democrats* prove? What does the statement of other Democratic candidates prove, like Capt. Farrell, that "they would not sign because it was not politic," but that "they were against the law and could rip it up more effectually if unpledged."

This entire pretended campaign of the Democratic mugwump *News* in behalf of the public schools is one colossal sham and lie. It is stealing the livery of the schoolmaster to play the rôle of a Palmer demagogue in. Free trade itself, it wishes to send the free-trader Palmer to the Senate and also have the apportionment gerrymandered. Itself a Republican renegade, it is eager to curry favor with its allies by doing the dirty work which is beyond their powers. There may be hopes of recognition by the Democracy should it elect the next President. He will have offices in his gift. He will select the Minister to Norway and Sweden.

But whatever the motive may be for this outburst of hypocrisy and cant, it is not the business of the renegade *News* to lecture the Republican party any more than it is of an apostate to lecture the members of the church he has abandoned. Let it go preach to Democrats. Let it howl about Democratic treachery to the cause of the public schools and accuse that organization of violating solemn pledges for the sake of Palmer and political advantages. Then there might be some faith in its sincerity.

It is not defending the schools; it is trying to betray them. It is not frightened by the course of the German Lutherans; it is simply trying to set them against the Republican party. It is not governed by principle but by Palmer, and is carrying out to the best of its ability the policy outlined by him over six months ago.

GEN. PALMER ON THE NEW STATES.

In the course of the speech in reply to Senator Cullom delivered by Gen. Palmer Monday night the latter said:

> In order to secure two Senators and one Representative in Congress, Wyoming, with a population not equal to that of the County of Peoria, is called into the Union as a peer of Illinois: Idaho, with a somewhat greater population, is made a State, and two are added to the strength of protection in the Senate.

It was a blunder on the part of Gen. Palmer to touch on this question of the admission of new States, because he has put it in the power of Senator Cullom metaphorically to blacken his eyes, smash his nose, and loosen his teeth in the combat.

Ten years ago, when the census of 1880 showed that Dakota had a population of 135,000, the Republican party began urging its admission to the Union. The Democrats opposed it steadily and maliciously; first as one State and as two after it had half a million. The Democrats knew it would go Republican, and kept it out for years for purely political considerations, though it had more people than five of the old States. Washington had 75,000 in 1880 and was known to be increasing very rapidly, yet there had to be a long and bitter fight with the Democrats before it could become a State. They blocked the way because they feared it would go Republican, and for no other reason. It had 349,000 people before it could get in over the Democratic opposition. The Dakotas, with 550,000, would still be Territories if the party to which John M. Palmer belongs had remained in control of the Government. Such being its record, it is hardly in good taste for Mr. Palmer to criticise the Republicans for making new States.

In the case of Montana, which has but 131,000 now, or only about a third of Washington, the Democrats made no opposition to its admission, for they thought they would carry it. They were mistaken, and have been sore and bitter about it. At the last session they made only a nominal fight against letting in Idaho. The word was passed along their line that it would go Democratic, and in spite of their bad luck with Montana the Democrats let it slip in, though it had but 86,000 people. It, too, has gone against them, electing the whole Republican ticket, and now they are denouncing the Republicans for letting it in.

There was something of a mistake all round in the case of Wyoming, which had last June a population of but 60,000. The fault is mainly with the Territorial officers, who estimated it at 80,000. They may have calculated that the vote of 18,000 cast in 1888 represented the usual number of heads, forgetting that many of the ballots were cast by women. But Wyoming trebled its population between 1870 and 1880. If it does as well in the present decade it will have 180,000, or a full Congressional ratio, by 1900. As more railroads are pushing into the State, as the mines are being opened, and vast irrigating schemes projected, the population will increase with great rapidity in the next ten years.

So far as the remaining Territories are concerned, the Republicans would be willing to admit Arizona and New Mexico, consolidated, regardless of politics, at any time. When polygamy is well crippled or destroyed they will be ready to add Utah to Nevada, no matter what the political complexion of the new State may be. They will admit the Indian Territory when it is organized and ready. For the policy of the Republicans is to admit the Territories regardless of politics as soon as they are fitted for Statehood. The policy of Palmer's party is to let in only those which there is reason to believe will elect to State and Federal offices men who are saturated with the principles of Calhoun and the so-called Democratic party.

THE FAVORED NATION CLAUSE.

London dispatches in yesterday's paper stated that Spain could not negotiate reciprocity treaties with the United States without violating the "favored nation" clause in its treaties with other Powers. A similar silly statement was made concerning the United States some time ago, and Senator Evarts happened to fall into that pit, and voted against the reciprocity amendment for that mistaken reason. It was shown at that time that there was nothing in the treaties of the United States with any foreign Power which would bind its hands if it chose to make a special commercial bargain with Spain or any other nation. That has been the settled doctrine since the days when Jefferson was Secretary of State.

In the first place the "favored nation" clause does not relate to custom-house duties. It relates to the broad range of courtesies which one nation may extend to the citizens of another. Supposing the treaty with Great Britain had no clause allowing British subjects to hold land in this country but did have the "favored nation" provision; and suppose, subsequently, the United States should by treaty with France allow its citizens to hold land here, then Great Britain could make a similar claim for its subjects. But if the United States in return for commercial concessions from France makes concessions of which England does not share the benefit, the "favored nation" clause has no application. France has these special favors not because of the comity of nations but because it paid for them.

Thus by the jug-handle reciprocity treaty of 1854 with Canada this country admitted free among other things the lumber of that country. But Norway and other lumber-producing countries did not claim that they were entitled to the admission of their lumber duty-free. If the United States lets in free Brazilian sugar because Brazil lets in American flour and pork free, and puts a duty on Cuban sugar because Spain persists in levying duties on American food stuffs, Spain cannot complain. It could have had free sugar, but it did not care to avail itself of the conditions.

It is possible that some of the commercial treaties of Spain may contain provisions which will interfere with reciprocity with the United States, but they expire in 1892, and therefore will not be in the way of any arrangements which that power may desire to make with this country. But even if there were treaty provisions which did interfere, Spain would break them if to her advantage to do so. That is a matter which concerns her, however, and not the United States.

THE ABSURD ALDRICH AMENDMENT.

The Burlington *Hawk-Eye* still grieves over the fact that THE TRIBUNE called Gov. Gear "a chump" because of his utter and pathetic inability to understand Mr. Blaine's reciprocity plan, which proposed to conditionally repeal the sugar duties in such a way as to open new markets to the surpluses of Iowa farmers instead of throwing them away in the wild hope that such magnanimity would touch the commercial hearts of Spanish-American nations. If Gov. Gear will promise to undo at the short session the bad work he helped to do in the long one THE TRIBUNE will agree to withdraw the term which so saddens the sensitive soul of the *Hawk-Eye*, but it cannot do so without violating the truth as long as Gov. Gear defends his grave error instead of saying he is sorry for it and promises to correct his mistake.

The defense put forth on his behalf is that "reciprocity with Spain is almost out of the question." If it is altogether out of the question why give Spain the benefit of an open, free market for Cuban sugar for nearly two years, and at the end of that time provide for reimposing but half the present duty? If there is a possibility that Spain will reciprocate that possibility will be vastly stronger if that country knows that Cuban sugar can come in free only as the price of concessions to Western farm products. But any faint inclination to reciprocate would be killed outright by the Aldrich amendment with its total remission till July, 1892, and the reimposition of but half of them after that time. That is not the way to encourage reciprocity.

Besides, as has been pointed out again and again, if the Cubans saw the sugar of other countries coming into this country free, while a duty of $40 a ton was levied on theirs simply because Spain would not let Western food stuffs into Cuba free, the natives of the island would attend to that matter instanter. They would be independent of the mother country in a month and "Cuba Libre" would be making its own treaties with the United States. The fact that half of all the raw sugar imported last year came from Cuba and Porto Rico would make the need of action on the part of the islanders all the more urgent.

If there can be no reciprocity with Spain, the Aldrich amendment was absurd. If reciprocity is possible it was unwise. In either case the amendment is something to be apologized for, not defended. Only chumps can do the latter.

REPUDIATES THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

Col. Vilas made a speech at Milwaukee Tuesday in which he stated with brutal frankness the motives which govern the Democrats of that State in their warfare on the Bennett law. It is not religious feeling which actuates them. It is not the fears of an interference with the "natural rights of parents." It is hatred of the English language. The law is to be broken down because it requires the teaching of the English language. So little respect is left for that tongue among the Wisconsin Democrats that a man like Col. Vilas, from whom one would expect better things, is moved to say that "the English language needs no particular care from the Legislature of Wisconsin," and to assert with a sneer that "all that is required for the English language is to let it alone." No fault is found with the teaching of other tongues. Latin, or Greek, or French, or German may be required to be taught and there will not be a word said against it, but as for English it must be proscribed and left to shift for itself. If the son of the foreigner learns it he must do so by stealth as he best may. After such declarations as these from a Democrat of the prominence of Col. Vilas those citizens of Wisconsin who believe in the English language and in the teaching of it in the schools ought to have no difficulty in making a choice between the tickets headed respectively by Gov. Hoard and the Milwaukee buffoon, Peck.

Col. Vilas' motive in demanding the expulsion of his mother tongue from the Wisconsin school-houses is transparent enough. The Senatorial bee is buzzing in his bonnet. He sees no way of capturing the Legislature and the seat held by Senator Spooner except by yielding to those who are demanding the proscription of English. It is his hope that a legislative seat may be stolen from the Republicans here and there and that he will reap the reward of this outspoken repudiation of the language of the country. But he is mistaken. The Legislature to be elected this fall will not do discredit to Wisconsin by sending a Vilas to the Senate.

A WORD WITH A TRICKSTER.

The *Daily News*, the snappings of which remind one of the animal which "snarled at every one he met," accuses THE TRIBUNE of vaunting "its power to swing the Republican party of Illinois by the tail," and of not being able to change 2,000 votes in Cook County, while its influence in the State outside is "practically nil." The first part of the charge is absolutely without foundation. The second may go for what it is worth. This paper has never vaunted the possession of power to change votes, and its editor recognizes well the fact that the power of any paper in that respect cannot be counted on beforehand. The most influential journal in the world may advocate a policy which is subsequently found and admitted to be the best that could have been pursued, but a popular prejudice may prevent its indorsement when advocated. The policy even may be adopted later, and the arguments used in its favor by the paper be then quoted heartily or even used as their own by the men and editors who had at first opposed it most bitterly. On the other hand it is "so easy" for a paper to swing into the popular current, advocate a measure as its own when the public mind is already sharpset in its favor, and then claim full credit for a success to which it has ministered scarcely more than the fly on the wheel does to the movement of a vehicle. THE TRIBUNE regards the true function of journalism to be to give the news without bias, and then help its readers to think for themselves in relation to it. If they adopt its reasonings, well and good. If they do not it is their privilege. The aim of the editor should be to point out the best modes of action, not to drive its readers into following that course. This being accomplished, it should be a matter for secondary though not unimportant consideration whether or not this or that line of thought and action be adopted by the people. It may be admitted in response to the direct assault by the *News* that occasions have arisen on which THE TRIBUNE has influenced less than 2,000 votes, but it may also be truly claimed that in other instances it has published facts and advanced arguments which have changed the opinions of a hundred times more than the number stated. This it has done without vaunting or being "puffed up," and in every case it has advocated what it believed would be for the greatest good to the greatest number. Can the *News* truthfully claim that for itself? It has often boasted that it prejudiced against Mayor Roche, one of the most efficient Mayors Chicago ever had, a sufficient number of Republican voters to secure his defeat and the election of Cregier as Mayor. Is it proud of that work and its result of bringing into power the gamblers, toughs, boodlers, and other bad elements in the community? Is that not work to be ashamed of? Is there any reason to suppose it will have any more cause for congratulation over its present effort to get Lawler elected to the office of Sheriff of Cook County? Supposing it to be successful in that evil effort, as it claims to have been in the case of Cregier. What then? The *News* is very much mistaken if it supposes THE TRIBUNE wants that kind of power or desires such a sort of influence—which an honest man could not possess, and would hang his head in shame if anything he had done was thought to show he had it. THE TRIBUNE is quite willing to leave such power and influence to Satan, to whom it properly belongs, and to his mugwump imps who ape his methods and envy him his power. It can only deplore the fact that any person in charge of a paper in the United States can be so full of the spirit of evil as to be actuated by such motives.

Ceases to Defend His Record.

At the meeting of the Fourth Ward Democrats Monday night Frank Lawler said he would not further attempt to defend his Council record. He cannot. It is indefensible. He never voted for an honest measure in the Council, as far as known, when it would profit him to vote against it. He never voted against a dishonest measure when he could gain anything by voting for it. He was with every steal put through the Council, big and little, and he was reckoned one of the cheapest men of the Council, too. He was not admitted to membership in the "Little Four" until the last two years of his service in behalf of boodle. Lawler does wisely in not attempting to defend his Council record.

THE young woman who is walking from San Francisco across the continent for a purse of $3,000 was still ahead of time when heard from last, and was bearing down in this direction. If not too late steps ought to be taken at once to assure her that the walking is much better by way of St. Louis.

THE Ohio Campbell threatens to become an elephant on the hands of the Democracy.

THE first monkey ever born on the sacred soil of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, is on exhibition at a museum at Pittsburg. The first white child born there is entirely forgotten. Such is fame.

A BANQUET was given in New York in honor of the elevation of Roger A. Pryor, ex-M. C. of Virginia, to the bench. Chauncey M. Depew presided and introduced ex-President Cleveland as the orator of the evening. In doing so he poured out a most flattering libation, of which this is a sample:

> If I am to name the typical American, the man who loves and believes in his country beyond everything else, the man who, determining once in what direction his duty leads, cannot be swerved from the path—the man who is doggedly persistent in what he believes to be right—the man who thinks not of self but of his country and its needs, I would name Grover Cleveland. What he has accomplished is the highest attribute to the possibilities of American citizenship. A country lawyer in the City of Buffalo, he shed lustre upon the high profession which he had chosen. As the Mayor of his native city he presented as his record a clean and economical administration. Coming into the highest position of the land without previous experience and with scarcely a precedent to guide him in the conditions which surrounded him, he won the affection of his party and commanded the respect and admiration of his opponents. I find myself in one of the proudest positions of my life in being permitted to present to you Grover Cleveland as the typical American.

THE New York *Herald* has offered a prize for the best original waltz. The hasty waltz executed by the advance agent of "The Clémenceau Case" in getting out of Boston ought to win.

THE "Doré cöttage," once the home of the English poet Wordsworth, is to be purchased by a committee of good people who have raised a fund for that purpose and will be preserved for future generations. It is believed Lord Sackville has no claim on the premises, and that the intentions of the worthy donors will not be frustrated.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., has not been claiming anything lately, but it comes forward now with a "boom tree." We look upon this as an indication that the city is determined to ketchup with the procession again.

ANGLOMANIACS never were more numerous than now, though this, of course, may not have influenced the Hon. Bill English at all in his sudden resolve to put a new book on the market.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE prints unfair statements which it calls "the growth of American cities," in which Kansas City is credited with a population of 105,000 and Denver with 136,000. THE TRIBUNE owes it to this town to explain that the census returns give Kansas City 133,000; that it outnumbers Providence, Denver, and Indianapolis, and on a fair return would also lead Rochester, Omaha, and St. Paul.—*Kansas City Star.*

It was a misprint for 133,000, and of course not intentional.

THE Bostonese will not permit Miss Sybil Johnstone and "The Clémenceau Case" to exhibit in their city. Brooklyn, it is your turn again.

OUR esteemed contemporary, *Judge*, must be getting hard up for illustrations or it would not devote a page at this late day to a cartoon representing Chicago people as still wrangling about the World's Fair.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Why He Couldn't

Mrs. Bluemass—"It seems to me, Hiram, you might take a vacation of two or three weeks. The only patients you have now are old Aunt Stericks and Deacon Hyppo, and the young man in your office could surely look after them till you come back."

Dr. Bluemass—"It won't do, Jane. If those two old chronics should take a notion to get well while I was away I could never forgive myself."

Perfectly Contented.

"Speaking of names, Miss Van Casterlinberry," observed the young man, fingering his hat nervously, "I should think you would get tired, sometimes, of having to spell and pronounce your own name for strangers who are introduced to you. It is so long, you know."

"O, no," said the young woman, "I don't mind it. I like the name better than any other I know of."

And Mr. Short coughed vaguely and changed the subject.

The Door That Kilgore Kicked.

This is the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the foot that filled the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the man that owned the foot that wore the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the Congressman all forlorn that was bruised by the man that owned the foot that dwelt in the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the nose all broken and torn, that pertained to the Congressman all forlorn, that was bruised by the man that carried the foot that worked the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the surgeon all shaven and shorn, that plastered the nose so broken and torn, that belonged to the Congressman all forlorn, that was smashed by the man that carried the foot that wielded the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the Czar with the glance of scorn, that thanked the surgeon all shaven and shorn, that mended the nose so broken and torn, on the face of the Congressman all forlorn, that was hurt by the man with the terrible foot that wore the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked.
This is the faker in Texas born, that feared not the Czar with his glance of scorn, nor the bill of the surgeon all shaven and shorn, nor cared for the nose so broken and torn, that was worn by the Congressman all forlorn, and he went to the man with the dangerous foot and purchased the boot that broke the lock that fastened the door that Kilgore kicked—and he put that boot in a dime museum.

Buyers Should Have Had the Benefit.

Keokuk *Gate City* (Rep.): If we had had our way there would have been no increase of duties on anything. We would have given no pretext to merchants and importers throughout the United States to have made Democratic speeches from every store-counter in America this fall to every woman and man who buys a bill of goods by telling them how the McKinley bill has increased prices. The Government didn't need the revenue and we think Congress should have availed itself of that fact to give American buyers of anything and everything the benefit of reduced duties and not merely have given that to the buyers of some things, as sugar and binding-twine. If it was worth while to make sugar cheaper and binding-twine then it was worth while to make everything else cheaper that Americans buy and use so far as practicable within the Government's need of a revenue. That seemed perfectly plain. We are not one of those who think that dearness is better than cheapness and little better than much, want better than have, scarcity better than plenty.

PERSONALS.

The Mizam of Hyderabad is a liberal patron. He not long since gave a dentist 8,000 Government rupees (about $4,000) for extracting two of his teeth.

Nina Meiggs, the daughter of Gen. Meiggs, prominent in the American colony in London, will marry Sir James McGregor of the Rifle Brigade Oct. 30.

Candidate Peck is said to be camping out with a hunting party in Wisconsin. After the election he will take to the woods permanently, in a political sense.

Count Hugo Henckel Donnersmarck, the oldest Austrian sportsman, is dead. He imported the first English mare in Germany in 1834, and his winnings were enormous.

James Pease, who acted as Gen. Fremont's guide in 1846, was drowned last week near Redwood City, Cal. He was 98 years of age and the oldest resident of San Mateo County.

Christine Nilsson's husband has been made Under Secretary to the new Spanish Cabinet, and the duties will come easy to him on account of his long service as Under Secretary in the Nilsson cabinet.

Rubinstein in his autobiography says 50 per cent of the Germans understand music; 16 per cent of the French and 2 per cent of the English, while the United States in that respect stands a little higher than England.

William Abraham, member of Parliament from Limerick, who is coming to America with the Irish delegation, is said to be the handsomest man in the House of Commons. He comes of a Quaker family who are of remote Hebrew descent.

Ex-President Hayes may be out of politics, but he has taken the pains to deny two recent stories about himself. One was to the effect that he is opposed to the McKinley act, and the other pertained to his matrimonial alliance with a Virginia widow.

William von Puttkamer, who says he is a nephew of Bismarck, complained to a Brooklyn Judge that he had been kicked and had the kicker held to answer. This is more than the distinguished uncle got in the way of satisfaction when he was kicked by the Kaiser a few months ago.

Editor Anthony of the Leavenworth *Times* is making a hot fight upon the head of the ticket in Kansas for his alleged surrender to the Resubmissionists. The editor calls upon the Republican Central Committee to remove Gov. Humphrey from the ticket and substitute some other man.

Ex-Senator Fair, they relate out in San Francisco, thus explained a difficulty that arose in the mind of one of his boys who heard a sermon in which it was pointed out that no wealthy men were chosen among the apostles: "Mebbe the rich men wouldn't serve, my son. Mebbe they wouldn't serve because they were too busy. Even your father couldn't spare the time to be an apostle, with stocks bobbin' up and down as they are now and some of the best mines on the coast not pannin' out worth a cent."

CURRENT NOTES.

Large checks are always fashionable for lawyers' suits.—*Boston Commercial.*

The Lord used but one pattern for all men, but he cut the majority of them smaller than the pattern.—*Atchison Globe.*

"This is the worst snap I ever struck," remarked the woodchuck when he got caught in a steel trap.—*Binghamton Republican.*

"Don't you know, prisoner, that it's very wrong to steal a pig?" "I do now, your Honor. They make such a row."—*Spare Moments.*

Dick—"I'm going to the races. Want me to put up something for you?" George—"I haven't a cent, Dick. I was there yesterday."—*New York Weekly.*

Singleton—"Well, where there's a will there's a way, you know." Littleton—"Yes, and the chances are you'll find a lawyer there, too."—*Detroit Free Press.*

If time is money, it would seem at first sight that the loafer ought to be the richest of men; but, after all, he hasn't any more than anybody else.—*Somerville Journal.*

Tommy Judkins—"Papa, what do they mean by a selling race? Is anything actually sold?" Judkins Sr.—"Yes, my son, and it is usually the public."—*Sport.*

"I have fifteen clocks I'd like to sell you." "I don't buy stolen goods, sir." "Why, they weren't stolen, my dear sir. I was married yesterday."—*Detroit Free Press.*

"What is the difference, papa, between a tour and a junket?" "A number of our own party makes a tour. A junket is the trip of a number of the opposition."—*New York Herald.*

The latest Missouri train-robbery dispatch says that the robbers were "evidently novices." Coming from Missouri this may be taken as expert testimony.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Judge—"You robbed your benefactor in a most shameful way. Do you feel no compunctions of conscience?" Defendant—"Before answering, sir, I would like to consult my counsel."—*Fliegende Blatter.*

An Atlanta young man, who has an original and picturesque way of putting things, speaking of a joke which he heard a minstrel man get off, said: "It fell so flat upon the audience that you could cut your name in the silence."—*Atlanta Journal.*

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

Marks' and Shaffner's International Specialty company begins a fortnight's engagement at the Columbia next Sunday evening. Among the performers will be M. Leonce and Mlle. Lolla, Portuguese jugglers; the brothers Borani, contortionists, from Australia; Minnie Cunningham, singer, from Drury Lane; Cazman, the magician, from Paris, and a long list of others. The sale of seats begins this morning.

Mr. Courtenay Thorpe at his recital today, the first he has given in Chicago, will read among other selections, "Little Sunlocks," from Halle Caine's "The Bondman"; "The Portrait," Owen Meredith; "The Stage Servant Girl," Jerome K. Jerome; sketches from Loti's "An Iceland Fisherman," translated by Anna Farwell De Koven; and "The Blessed Damosel," Rossetti.

The Stoddard lecture season at Central Music-Hall will open Monday evening next with the lecture on "Vienna." The sale which is now in progress exceeds anything which even this popular entertainment has before known here. The line of buyers at the box office which formed last Saturday had not broken up to last evening.

Work is progressing on the new McVicker's Theater. The rigging loft has been raised eighteen feet, which will increase the facilities of the stage for spectacular purposes. Several of the steel arches for the roof are already in place, and there is no doubt the new building will be ready for opening about New Year's.

Miss May Waldron, a much-admired Chicago actress who is leading lady for Mr. Stuart Robson, has made a hit as Kate Hardcastle in "She Stoops to Conquer." Her advancement in the profession has been rapid and well-merited.

The next attraction at the Grand will be Gus Williams and John T. Kelly in "U. and I." In the company is Miss Florrie West, a soubrette who is new to Chicago, but has won much praise in other cities.

"Rienzi" will be put on tonight at the Chicago Opera-House. "Francesca da Rimini" has been well patronized—better, indeed, than any of Mr. Barrett's Shakspearean productions.

There has been a large demand for reserved seats for the forthcoming production of "The Merry Monarch," by Francis Wilson, at the Chicago Opera-House Monday evening.

Nat C. Goodwin comes to Hooley's next week, opening Sunday night in "The Nominee," its first production here. The sale opens this morning.

Audiences at Hooley's are nightly increasing, and "The Silver Shield" seems to be a positive success.

He Asked for the Office.

Keokuk *Gate City:* The Washington correspondent of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE says that Justice Miller was appointed to the Supreme Court without seeking for the place. That is not true. He made himself a candidate for the place, stimulated and directed the efforts of his friends, and went to Washington and asked President Lincoln for the position. He has been so great, upright, and successful on the Supreme Bench, has won such just distinction and credit as a jurist throughout the English-speaking world, that it is proper and important it should be known that he was a product of that sort of practical American politics wherein a man wants an office and says he wants it, and uses all honorable efforts to get it. And Justice Miller is another evidence that that American method gives capable and upright officials.

An Evil to Be Abated.

Washington *Post:* The country will be in a much better shape when it finds it is not necessary to sneeze every time Wall street takes snuff. At present, however, that time appears to be in the dim distance.

"TRIUMPH OF ILLINOIS."

BARTHOLDI ANXIOUS TO COMPOSE A GRAND PIECE FOR THE FAIR.

He Wants It to Represent the Prairie State's Conquest in Agricultural and Industrial Productions—New Headquarters for the Directory Not Yet Selected—New Features for the Exposition Suggested—More Praise for Miss Hallowell—Various Notes.

Bartholdi is anxious to distinguish himself at the World's Columbian Exposition. He wishes to erect another monument to his greatness, and he thinks that the Fair will give him the opportunity.

But he wishes to know more about it, and to that end has written to Spaulding & Co. for details as to plans, etc. His letter was presented to the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors yesterday afternoon, and Secretary Butterworth was instructed to open correspondence with the writer at once regarding his plans.

The letter is as follows:

PARIS, Oct. 1.—H. A. Spaulding: Kindly oblige me by giving me all the information you can concerning the Chicago Exhibition. I can glean nothing over here, and I am quite anxious to know if it will take place in two years as announced.

There is no doubt in my mind that the inhabitants of Chicago will, as in every case, show themselves equal to all emergencies, and that the Chicago Exhibition will be one of the grand successes of the world. I am so confident of the result that I would feel proud to participate in this grand undertaking and join my name to this memorable anniversary.

I desire to mention that for the Paris Exposition of 1889 I made a monumental fountain for which I received the highest awards. This fountain, which is truly decorative, was purchased by the City of Lyons and is shortly to be erected in that city. My object in composing this fountain was to revive the old art of the epoch of Louis XIV., which, on account of its being rather more expensive, had been neglected for a long time. I refer to the important sculptural works in lead designed for large fountains in city parks.

For the Chicago exhibition I would be pleased to commence work as soon as possible, for I want some time to compose a grand piece which would be a glory to the United States. My idea would be to represent the triumph of Illinois in its agricultural and industrial productions. Will you kindly let me have your views in this matter; also tell me if you

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SAFE ON FRENCH SOIL.

DILLON AND O'BRIEN LANDED AT CHERBOURG YESTERDAY.

They Escaped from Dublin in a Sailing Vessel, and Had a Hard Time in Reaching France—Account of the Voyage as Related by One of the Fugitives—How Lecky, the Historian, Treats the Irish Question—Irish Archbishops Summoned to Rome—Miscellaneous Foreign News.

DUBLIN, Oct. 15.—*United Ireland* tomorrow will contain the following cablegram from William O'Brien at Cherbourg describing the departure of himself and Dillon from Ireland:

We have just arrived after a singularly fortunate passage. We rowed out of Dalkey [a suburb nine miles from Dublin] at midnight to a yacht lying two miles off shore. Not an enemy was in sight, and the next morning found us ninety miles away from Dublin towards the Welsh coast with a light breeze astern. Friday and Saturday there fell a dead calm. Sunday morning we rounded Land's End, but on the Cornwall coast the wind again died away and we were forced to lie to all day within two miles of the English coast. The crew of the Royal Adelaide of Falmouth exchanged greetings with our sailors. The Dublin steamer also passed us. A heavy fog came down Sunday night and buried us from sight. Four steamers around us were blowing fog-horns all night. By morning we had cleared the Lizard and darted across for the French coast to get out of the track of British shipping.

We were again becalmed Monday and obliged to beat up the Channel by the Channel Islands. A brisk gale sprang up Monday night and our yacht behaved magnificently. While passing Guernsey after midnight we were apparently pursued closely by a revenue cutter which was evidently unable to weather the gale and gave up the chase. This morning we were running free before the wind for Cherbourg. We landed on French territory about 11 o'clock. We had reached our last drop of water and ship's oil. All the arrangements worked well, thanks to the Dublin citizen who superintended them and with unparalleled good luck.

Mrs. O'Brien left by the night mail tonight for Havre to join her husband and go with him to America.

The Paris correspondent of the *Chronicle* says that the Pope has expressed a wish to talk with Mr. Dillon regarding the latter's dispute with Bishop O'Dwyer.

LECKY ON THE IRISH QUESTION.

The Historian Finds That Landlord Absenteeism Leads to Many Abuses.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The two final volumes of Lecky's "History of England in the Eighteenth Century," being the seventh and eighth, appeared today. They are taken up largely with Irish history.

In discussing the work and political career of Henry Grattan, the great Irish orator, Mr. Lecky says: "While Grattan always maintained with fervid eloquence the cause of Irish nationality and Catholic emancipation, his strongest conviction was that the true interests of England and Ireland were inseparable."

Mr. Lecky shows that the absenteeism of Irish landlords has been responsible in a very high degree for the infamous abuses which have been developed in the management of Irish property, and at the same time the author points out that the improvidence and ignorance of the Irish people have been the principal causes in creating the very serious congestion of population in certain portions of Ireland where the soil is miserable and unfitted to sustain so many people.

Mr. Lecky blames the middlemen and the farmers for the terrifying extortion which has resulted from the system of competitive rents during the last two centuries. It may be confidently asserted, he declares, that it has not been the general custom for the actual owners of property in Ireland to demand the full market rents. It is the men who have rented from the owners and then sublet to others who have exacted the highest rents that competition for land allowed.

The idea often advanced that the English Government had a hand in precipitating the Irish rebellion in order to assist in effecting the union Mr. Lecky scouts as wildly extravagant. On the other hand, however, he acknowledges that the union was accomplished through the instrumentality of corruption. The great experiment of the union, in his opinion, has hitherto been tried under unfavorable and unhappy circumstances. Almost continuously since the union went into effect Ireland has been distracted with political agitation, agrarian crime, and conspiracy. Moreover, it has been subjected to unusual social and economical revolutions, and has been a field for many violent and contradictory legislative experiments.

Mr. Lecky contends that through the influence of a wave of democratic feeling Ireland was accorded a much larger representation in Parliament than she was entitled to considering the fact that a majority of the Irish population was disaffected.

The historian then proceeds to trace the rise and progress of Fenianism. After the downfall of the Fenian society came the creation of an agrarian organization the promoters of which were largely paid by Fenians. This agrarian movement had succeeded in establishing over a great part of Ireland an elaborate and all-pervading tyranny. This has been accompanied by perhaps as much mean and savage cruelty and as much shameless and deliberate lying as any movement of the nineteenth century. It is difficult indeed to exaggerate the extent to which this has demoralized the Irish people and destroyed their capacity for self-government.

Mr. Lecky declares as his deliberate opinion that the Fenians have not abandoned any of the ulterior objects of their organization, but have consented to the agitation for home rule as a proximate end, because this would confer legislative powers upon the National League. The achievement of home rule would thus become a leverage for attaining their ultimate designs.

In conclusion Mr. Lecky contrasts the complete success with which England has governed India, with its 200,000,000 of people, with the signal failure of English rule in Ireland, where there are only 3,000,000 disaffected people. He finds a key to the enigma in the fact that Irish affairs have been as the very vortex of English party politics, while India has hitherto lain outside its sphere.

The *Times* in its review of the volumes says:

Mr. Lecky has preserved intact the integrity of the historical conscience. Mere partisans on either side of the Irish controversy will be bitterly disappointed at Mr. Lecky's conclusions.

The *News:*

The prophecies which have appered from time to time touching the character of these volumes, which tended to degrade a great history to the level of a party pamphlet, have proved to be false. These volumes are worthy companions of those which have preceded them. The most devoted followers of Mr. Gladstone may read them with greater profit than the friend of the Government, for, with the best will to assist the Conservative cause, Mr. Lecky is still trammeled by the inexorable logic of facts.

The *News* expresses regret that the end of the work is marred with a childish onslaught on Mr. Gladstone, whom Mr. Lecky endeavors to force into connection with Fenianism. Apart from this blemish the *News* considers the work fair.

IRISH PRELATES GOING TO ROME.

The Pope Summons the Four Archbishops of Ireland to the Vatican.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Oct. 15.—It is reported in London that the Catholic Archbishops of Ireland have been summoned to Rome. My informant states that at present the summons is known only in a limited circle, and that it has occasioned a good deal of deep interest in the Catholic Archiepiscopacy, as it is believed to have reference to the political situation in Ireland and kindred subjects.

There are four Catholic Archbishops—Dr. Logue, Primate of all Ireland and Archbishop of Armagh, Dr. Walsh of Dublin, Dr. Croke of Cashel, and Dr. Meevilly of Tuam. The Archbishops are not required to appear at the Vatican until the beginning of next year.

The Archbishops and Bishops are at present deliberating in Ireland, and will probably issue a series of resolutions on Irish affairs.

The Bishop of Peterborough at the diocesan conference this morning made an interesting speech. He observed that the Irish question could not forever stop the way, and when the dam was removed the great political current waters of strife which had been slowly accumulating behind it would break out. In what direction they would sweep he could not say, but while churchmen were thankful for the lull in attack they must not deceive themselves as to its continuance, for so long as the conscientious convictions of some and the political aspirations and necessities of others lasted the church could never be free from attack. Thankful as they should be for a lull without, still more should they be for the growing spirit of tolerance and unity within.

Brigham Young Jr. has been interviewed in Liverpool. It was, he said, a popular delusion that the Mormons were compelled to have more than one wife, and as a matter of fact only 10 per cent of the older members of the community had more than one wife. The saints had always and would always honor the laws of the land, and now that laws had been enacted by Congress forbidding plural marriages President Woodruff had issued a declaration of submission. He maintained, however, that passing this prohibitive law was a direct stroke at religious liberty. Contrary to the prevalent opinion that the recent Presidential manifesto is the deathknell of Mormonism, Mr. Young maintains that although to a great extent disfranchised and made to pose as the medium of political tricksters to gain their ends, the spiritual nature of his religion will overcome all such difficulties. In the United States, he said, the suppression of Mormonism was not a moral or a social question, but purely and simply a political question.

GLADSTONE APPEALS TO THE TORIES.

They Can Pass a Home-Rule Bill More Easily than the Liberals.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The November number of *Subjects of the Day* contains an appeal from Mr. Gladstone to Tory householders, in which he expresses a strong desire that the Tory party undertake to pass a home-rule bill, because, he says, that party can do it more easily and more rapidly than can the Liberals. He asks why they should continue to deny to Ireland the one and only thing it seeks from them—namely, self-government—central in that it should be carried on in Dublin, but local in that its power would be confined to purely Irish affairs, and its actions, like those of all other local Legislatures in the Empire, would be subject to the supremacy of the imperial Parliament.

The *Chronicle* complains of what it considers the vagueness of the foregoing definition. It says: "We may read it as meaning that the Dublin Parliament is to be unequivocally subordinate to the Imperial Parliament or as free as the Colonial Parliament."

The *Daily News* disagrees with Mr. Gladstone's admission that an overwhelming majority among the educated are opposed to home rule.

The *Standard* declares that the novelty of the article ends with its title and opening sentence, adding that "The rest is a well-worn collection of fallacies and assumptions already aired on a thousand platforms."

POOR PROSPECT OF AGREEMENT.

Portugal's New Prime Minister on the Convention with England.

LISBON, Oct. 15.—In the Cortes today, in the presence of all the Ministers, Senhor Sousa, the new Prime Minister, read a statement of his proposed policy. He said he was unable to recommend the sanction of the convention with England, but did not desire to prevent the execution of the clauses already sanctioned. The Government identified itself with the National sentiment on this question, and would willingly accept modifications which, while preserving the dignity and interests of the nation, would facilitate the restoration of harmony with its old ally; but he feared, if the Zambesi reports were true, it would be harder than ever to arrive at an equitable agreement, which Portugal always sincerely desired.

Parliament, he said, would be convoked whenever the Cabinet arrived at a decision requiring its assistance. The nation's credit had been attacked by private interests abroad, but not shaken. The Government would devote itself to economical measures in order to reduce the national expenses. The Premier asked Parliament to sink political passions and give the Government the support it needed on these two important questions.

The statement was afterward read in both Houses. The leaders of various parties made short speeches, in which they gave assurance of an attitude of good will toward the Government.

At a joint meeting of the two Houses a special decree was read closing the session. The constitutional date for the reopening of the Cortes is Jan. 2, 1891.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The *Times* says:

Unless the Portuguese Cabinet is prudent enough to change its mind or the Chambers are wise enough to dismiss it we must be content to consider the convention with England repudiated and the concessions that it contained withdrawn. Englishmen would not lament over such a result, while the African colonists would hail it with delight.

The *Standard* thinks that Premier Sousa's object is to appease party feeling and that it is not likely his decision will be final.

DEMANDS OF THE SOCIALISTS.

Resolutions Adopted by the Labor Congress at Halle Yesterday.

HALLE, Oct. 15.—At today's session of the Socialistic Congress a resolution was adopted and ordered transmitted to the Government that it was the duty of the Constitutional Government to remit the penalties under which the victims of the Socialist law are suffering.

Herr Liebknecht said the Eisenach program of 1875 required revision. Hitherto this had been impossible because of the life and death struggle on which they had been engaged. The demands of the Socialists, he said, included trial by jury, a gratuitous administration of justice and free legal assistance and medical aid for the people. With these ends in view all lawyers and doctors ought to be permanent State officials.

Another demand of the Socialists was that the question of religion be treated as a purely private matter. They also demanded that the working day be considerably shortened. The Socialist party, he declared, was the only party that laid before the people definite aims and purposes. If coercion was designated an iron band, the program of the Socialists must be called a band of adamant. In conclusion he said;

"Our party stands upon the basis of science. If we abandon this basis we are lost. But as long as we shall adhere to it we shall be invincible."

THE TRIALS AT TIPPERARY.

Mr. Healy's Objections Are Overruled by the Court as Usual.

DUBLIN, Oct. 15.—The taking of evidence against the defendants who are under indictment for conspiracy was resumed in the Magistrate's Court at Tipperary this morning. Evidence was given with the object of showing that the defendants had used their influence among the tenants on the Smith-Barry estate in the direction of inducing them not to pay their rents. The first witness called by the prosecution was a policeman. He testified that the defendants, in company with John Kelly, had made visits to the Smith-Barry tenants.

Mr. Healy here interrupted the examination of the witnesses to ask the Crown Prosecutor, Mr. Ronan, why this evidence about Kelly was introduced.

Mr. Ronan replied that the object of the prosecution in laying this evidence before the court was to connect Kelly with the O'Brien-Dillon part of the conspiracy.

Mr. Healy protested against the court dealing with matters that had taken place anterior to the time mentioned in the summons issued against the defendants.

Mr. Healy's objection was overruled.

During the proceedings Mr. Healy was handed a telegram. Tearing the envelope open he found it contained a dispatch from Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, announcing their safe arrival at Cherbourg, France, today.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Meeting of the Czech-German Reconciliation Committee at Prague.

PRAGUE, Oct. 15.—At the meeting of the Czech-German reconciliation committee today Herr Schmeijkal moved that the debate on the formation of a provincial agricultural council be concluded within eight days; also, with the view of testing the attitude of the old Czeches, that the committee immediately proceed to discuss the question of the language to be used by local officials in the transaction of public business.

Atrocities in Armenia.

VIENNA, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from Constantinople states that arrests of Armenians are still being made, and that many of those who have been taken into custody have been shockingly maltreated and tortured. Among other cruelties to which the prisoners have been subjected is the withholding from them of all food. They have also been deprived of sleep. The officials at Van, Armenia, are still arming the Turks, and outrages upon the Armenians there are of frequent occurrence.

Ireland a Source of Danger.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Earl Spencer, formerly Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, delivered a speech at Newport today in which he said that the events which were taking place in Ireland were a disgrace and a source of danger to the Empire. He expressed himself as confident that the proposals of Mr. Gladstone, if acted upon, would settle the Irish question.

Mutinous Troops Sent to India.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The detachment of the East Surrey regiment which was recently ordered from Guernsey to India, and which at first refused to obey the order, sailed from Portsmouth for India today. The embarkation of the troops was marked by no disorder. The men stated that they objected to doing foreign service and willfully misbehaved, thinking they would be punished in England, and preferring to undergo punishment here than to do service in India.

Monument to Dr. Ceccarini.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

BOLOGNA, Oct. 15.—Today there was the inauguration of a splendid monument erected at Cortoa to the memory of Dr. Giovanni Ceccarini by his wife. Ceccarini was an American citizen for many years and one of the most distinguished surgeons in New York. A number of the late doctor's friends were present at the ceremony. Dr. Gardinio, United States Consul-General, delivered a commemorative address.

Anglo-Italian Negotiations.

NAPLES, Oct. 15.—Lord Dufferin had a cordial interview of about an hour's duration with Premier Crispi to-day with reference to the Red Sea Territory. It is stated that a complete entente was effected.

Italian Criminals Not Wanted.

ROME, Oct. 15.—The Government at Washington has notified the Government here that no Italian emigrants who have been sentenced in Italian courts will be allowed to land at United States ports.

Brevities by Cable.

The deaths from cholera at Aleppo average fifty daily.

Two British vessels have been ordered to Vitu, East Africa, to avenge the recent massacre of a party of Germans there.

The Hamburg Burgerschaft has approved the Senate's proposal to add a portrait of Count von Moltke to the city gallery.

The Russian Government will shortly introduce a reformed judicial system in Siberia and the Russian possessions in Central Asia.

The Board of Planters invited many prominent persons of Havana to a meeting yesterday to discuss the tariff question. The strike continues.

The Berlin *Reichsanzeiger* publishes an imperial order creating a Colonial Council, whose duty it shall be to give expert advice on all colonial affairs.

Dr. Koch of Berlin has ceased to make experiments in the cure of consumption, and it is presumed that his method of treating the disease has been a failure.

In the Lower House of the Hungarian Diet yesterday Herr Baross, Minister of Commerce, introduced a bill relating to the support of trade and factory employés during illness, also a bill authorizing the Government to purchase the Northeastern railway.

THE ROMANCE OF A HUGE CABBAGE.

It Causes an Investment of $400,000 and a Happy Marriage.

San Francisco *Chronicle:* Romance and the rose go hand in hand and the dainty violet and the modest lily have often opened the portals of love, but it has been left to California to produce the only cabbage that ever led to a real romance that wound up in a wedding.

Eighteen months ago, according to the unquestionable statement of Granville W. Alexander, a grain merchant in this city, there stood in front of the door of one of San Francisco's real-estate dealers a cabbage from San Bernardino County weighing ninety-two pounds, and said to be the largest ever raised. While this production of California's greatness was on exhibition the Oregon express landed from England two Britons, so fresh from their native soil that they walked along the dry and dusty streets with surtouts down to their ankles and their trousers rolled up to meet their coats. They were both bound for Australia. Passing along they espied the wonderful cabbage. Both men stopped short. Up went two single eye-glasses.

"By Jove, old boy, but that's a doosedly large cabbage, doncherknow."

"Doosedly large," replied the second surprised son of Albion, and then they both went in and inquired of the real-estate man where it was grown.

Both men were wealthy. Both men were cousins, and while unknown to them the busy hand of fate was now at work, it only seemed to the curiosity-seekers that in deciding that life would be misspent unless they saw the land upon which this cabbage grew that they were only obeying the idle whim of idle gentlemen in going to San Bernardino to do so. And so they went.

Englishmen as a rule are not garrulous, and these two friends were no exception. Once in San Bernardino they were directed to the farm where the cabbage grew. They remained two weeks. At the end of that time one of them said to the rancher:

"I want so much of your land in a certain section. How much is it worth?"

"Four hundred thousand dollars."

It was paid for. The other friend said to the rancher:

"Your daughter is very beautiful, and I love her. I want to make her my wife."

Two months ago there was a wedding at the ranch. There were a number of people present, friends of the family, and the groom threw aside his taciturnity long enough at the supper table to tell how the big cabbage had led to his happiness.

MEETING OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

Twenty-seventh Annual Convention of the Brotherhood at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 15.—The twenty-seventh annual convention of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was called to order at Old City Hall, this city, by Grand Chief Engineer P. M. Arthur at 9 o'clock this morning. There was a large attendance of delegates, every division of the 452 in the organization being represented. The entire day was devoted to calling the roll, receiving credentials, and perfecting the organization. The convention will be in session at least two weeks, and will not get down to business before Friday. Tomorrow will be devoted to a grand open meeting, at which addresses will be made by the Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, Chief Arthur, Mayor Gorley, and others.

After the noon adjournment Grand Chief Arthur and First Grand Engineer Ingraham were seen, but neither of these gentlemen was willing to venture an opinion as to what understanding the convention would come to on the question of affiliation with the Federation of Railroad Employés.

Chinese Superstitions.

"Do you know why all Chinese cobblers wear spectacles?" said a San Francisco friend to me as we were walking through Mott street together yesterday taking in the sights. "No? Then I will tell you." It is recorded in Chinese history that once upon a time a cross-eyed cobbler who mended the noble shoes of Confucius had red pepper thrown in his eyes by his hot-tempered spouse, and would have been unable to see straight for a month after but that his learned patron loaned him a pair of spectacles which not only made him see perfectly at once, but which took the sight out of his eyes. The sequel of the happy cure was that the cobbler's wife, deceived by the miracle in his eyes, refused to believe that he was her husband, and permitted him to pass the remainder of his life in single blessedness. Since then every Chinese cobbler from New York to Shanghai wears spectacles to protect him from red pepper, strabismus, and bad wives."—*New York Star.*

We Will Import Industries.

Minneapolis *Tribune:* The meaning of the new Tariff bill, so far as it is highly protective, is simply this: We will import industries instead of wares. In his interview, published Tuesday morning, Geo. Pettibone, speaking with the special information that the Treasury Department is able to command, gave assurance that the early result of the Tariff bill would be to bring to this soil the capital and skill that are engaged in making goods which we have hitherto imported. It is inevitable that this free country, where no compulsory military service exists, should continue to attract a large European immigration. That being the case, it is wise so to arrange the tariff that new industries may spring up among us and competition be kept active in the labor market. Beet sugar, linen, tin-plate, and various other manufactures will rapidly develop on our soil. Thus we will import the industries.

Umbrellas Fashionable in Congo.

No article sent out to the Congo State, where there are 40,000 of people and any number of small potentates, is so popular and sells so readily for a large sum as the huge, gay umbrella of which Brussels now produces tons every year. These umbrellas are, in a certain way, the insignia of royalty—that is, they are much prized by the black kinglets who sit beneath their grateful shade. What the canopy used to be to the traveling monarchs in the time of the Crusades, the umbrella is to the innumerable feudal chieftains of the Congo today.—*London Standard.*

A Trip to California

can be made comfortably and at small expense via the Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern line in Pullman colonist sleepers that run through from Chicago to San Francisco without change. The price of a completely-furnished double berth is only $5. For information and tickets at lowest rates, apply at the Chicago and Northwestern railway ticket-offices, 208 Clark street, Oakley Avenue Station, and passenger station corner Wells and Kinzie streets.

Salt rheum often causes the hands to crack open and bleed. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures salt rheum

THEY ARE DESPONDENT.

DEMOCRATS DISAPPOINTED BY THE REGISTRATION RETURNS.

The Wild Estimates of Their Standard-Bearers Deceived Them, but They Now Admit That the Figures Are in Favor of the Republicans—That Fishy Story About Dorsey Patton—J. H. Gilbert Cleared of a Silly Slander.

There was not much enthusiasm at the Democratic headquarters yesterday. The bosses were in the dumps. The registration did not suit them. The wild estimates of the organs published in the morning had deceived them. The deception was kept up by the evening edition of one of the organs. When the real figures were ascertained and the registry returns fully canvassed it was admitted that the registration was in favor of the Republicans. Hinky Dink, Mike Lawler, Red Gaynor, Archie Donaldson, Sol Van Praag, Red Sheridan, and Jimmy Kewley "pointed with pride" to the big registration in the lodging-house precincts. But Thomas Jefferson McNally pricked this promising bubble by remarking sarcastically: "Wait till the canvassers and the supervisors get through with those lists. There will not be much of them left." Mr. McNally then intimated that the members of the Executive Committee had been "playing monkey," while the registration was neglected. At the City-Hall, strange as it may seem, the clerks and rounders were not much disappointed. They expected as much. They were not interested. They left it to Lawler's friends. Lawler had said that he could do without them. The Aldermen who through old associations and former "business" relations with Lawler are working for that gentleman confessed their disappointment, and were cheered for a moment by a fat-witted Republican Alderman who had the impudence to say that THE TRIBUNE'S estimate of registration gains in the Republican wards was too high. The Councilman went into hiding when William Gleeson sent down the official figures from the Election Commissioners' office.

The Democratic Executive Committee met in gloomy session about 5 o'clock. John J. Corbett, the Seventeenth Ward statesman, appreciating the demoralized condition of the party, sent in his resignation as a candidate. Friends of Bardonski had "seen" him and made good his "campaign expenses," it is said, and he agreed to get out. He suggested that a Polander should take his place. The "resignation" was accepted. Mr. Corbett was thanked and indorsed. Mr. Bardonski was not formally nominated instead of Corbett, but he will be placed on the ticket and there will be peace in Warsaw.

To Succeed J. H. Martin.

The committee talked over the vacancy created on the Democratic legislative ticket by the death of Mr. Martin. It was suggested that Mr. Martin's brother, a rather bright young man, should be nominated. Ald. Burke suggested a German candidate in order to help out Mr. McGann.

Carmody and Conway, House nominees in the district, then modestly suggested each for himself that some one of them should be promoted to the Senatorship and that the House vacancy should be filled out by the nomination of a German. John Cunningham is also mentioned for Senator. Young Mr. Martin will doubtless be the man.

At the committee meeting it was announced in order to promote harmony that Carter H. Harrison had consented, at the request of Charlie Kern, to figure as ornamental Chairman of the Ornamental Campaign Committee. He will have no particular duties to perform if Mr. Jonas Hutchinson knows what he is about.

The Republican Congressional Committee of the Second District waited on the Republican Campaign Committee yesterday and recommended John G. Schaar as the Congressional candidate against McGann. The Campaign Committee formally indorsed Mr. Schaar, and he is now the regular nominee. Mr. McGann will take notice accordingly.

The Republican Senatorial Committee of the Fifth District will nominate a second candidate for the House there. The registration yesterday warrants that. Mr. Fitch, ex-Ald. Weber, and Mr. Smejkal, a Bohemian furniture dealer, are spoken of in connection with the place.

It is probable that Joseph Sumlski, a young Polish-American newspaper man, will be put on the Republican ticket in the Thirteenth District with Mr. Errickson and Senator Garrity. Errickson and Garrity can be elected without much doubt.

It continues to be rumored that the Democrats will withdraw Hughes as a judicial candidate in favor of I. K. Boyesen.

PATTON'S "SKELETON" HARMLESS.

The Democratic Story About Him Does Not Amount to Anything.

One of the Democratic papers has been hinting in a mysterious manner of late that it was about to show up the skeleton in Dorsey Patton's closet. The whole story does not amount to a hill of beans and was got up for campaign purposes by Charlie Thornton, late attorney for the Town of Lake Council, which opposed annexation so maliciously, and by E. E. Brown of Englewood, who some time ago was forced off the Englewood School Board for reasons not at all to his credit.

Said Chas. N. Ingwersen of the Stock-Yards concerning this matter: "I have been a Democrat all my life, but I can't countenance these slurs made on Dorsey Patton. I have known the boy for twenty-five years, and a more open-handed, generous lad never lived. I was Sheriff of Lyons, Ia., while he lived there and never heard a word spoken against him. He was prankseme and full of animal life, but as to anything criminal about him it is nonsense." Mrs. Locke, who is visiting the Ingwersens, is from Lyons. She said last night:

"Dorsey Patton lived across the street from our house. He was rather wild before he was 20, and for fear that he would fall into bad company his father once telegraphed to Chicago to the Chief of Police to look after him while on a visit here. Some one said he once ran a wheel of fortune, or some such game, at a county fair and that he was taken to the county jail, reprimanded by the Justice of the Peace, and then let go. All of this was before he was 21. That is his whole criminal record and I know what I am saying."

The Democratic organ that has been making the threats has been inspired by a disgruntled Republican who was defeated for a nomination in some one of the local conventions recently. "Charlie" Thornton and "Ed" Brown, who tried to put the story in circulation, have records of their own.

IT WAS A SILLY SLANDER.

The Master in Chambers of Ontario, Canada, Clears J. H. Gilbert.

The following letter addressed to the Chairman of the Committee of Political Action of the Veteran Club of this city ought to settle a silly campaign slander:

OSGOODE HALL, CITY OF TORONTO, Ont.—John D. Adair, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Room 7, No. 98 Washington street, Chicago—Dear Sir: I have received your letter written in behalf of Mr. James H. Gilbert, and have great pleasure in answering it. Let me say, first, that I am a much older man than Mr. Gilbert. I knew his father well during the time you mention, from 1861 onward, and for very many years before that. As I remember, he lived for a long time before 1861 in this city, at Bay and Adelaide streets. He was a man who was respected. He had during this time a large lumber yard. About 1861 I knew James H. Gilbert, who then lived with his father's family. He was a student at law in the office of the late John Mashab, a lawyer of this city. He was little more than a boy at that time. After James H. Gilbert was admitted to practice as a barrister and an attorney, he was my partner here in the practice of the law and so continued actively engaged with me up to the summer of 1867, when our partnership was dissolved. It was dissolved in consequence of my appointment at that time to a Government office, when I necessarily gave up the practice of the profession, and Mr. Gilbert thereupon in that summer went to Chicago, where I understand he has lived ever since. I should like to be precise in my language, as the facts seem to be important to Mr. Gilbert, and I know them well. I knew Mr. Gilbert in 1861, and have known him ever since, and I know that he lived continuously in this city from that time till some time in the summer of 1867, when he removed to Chicago. You will see from the above that my acquaintance with Mr. Gilbert up to the latter date was quite intimate. I had reason to respect his principles, and have pleasure in certifying these facts, which are well known to me. I suppose the candidates for office, the appointments to which must depend upon a party struggle, must expect to be attacked by all manner of false reports, which they must bear with such philosophy as they can. I should say Gilbert ought to be rather gratified that after a residence of some twenty-three years in Chicago all his opponents can get up against him is a thing like this, which can be shown to be utterly groundless upon a reference to those who knew him here in 1857 and previous to that date. I am myself and have been for more than twenty years a judicial officer of the Supreme Court of Ontario—the Master in Chambers—having a jurisdiction under our law to decide all matters of the practice of the court. I wish Mr. Gilbert all success in obtaining the appointment he seeks, as I am sure that he will be conscientious and diligent in the discharge of its duties. I am, yours sincerely,
ROBERT J. DALTON.

The Veteran Club, it should be added, has indorsed Mr. Gilbert and will support him enthusiastically.

Beginning the Canvass.

The clerks of election have already entered on their canvass of the precincts with a view to purging the lists of the names of persons who have moved out. At least fifty clerks called at the Election Commissioners' office yesterday for their suspect notices and supplies of stamps. The callers were mostly Republicans, it was noticed.

Many called at the Election Commissioners' office yesterday to complain that they had been prevented from registration by the too early adjournment of the registry boards. They were told to call around next week Thursday, when their complaints would be considered.

The members of the First Ward Republican Club have requested John L. Manning, the Vice-President, to call a meeting of that body to take action in reference to the alleged registration of Celestials from the Chasser House in the First Ward. The meeting will be called Saturday. Twenty-four members of the club have signed the call.

The following explains itself:

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I would like to say a word about Frank Lawler, the "friend of the workingmen." At the time of the street-car strike on the West Side in 1885 he spoke to the men in Haymarket Square and scored the street-car company. Afterwards and before that he gave non-union men letters to Superintendent Lake to get jobs on the cars, and even went personally with men trying to get them jobs. Now, what kind of a friend of organized labor would you call that? A LABORER.

Political Meetings.

The General Committee of the German Lutherans held a secret meeting at St. Paul's Church, Franklin and Superior streets, last night. There was a two-hour debate about a motion made at the last meeting that in all legislative districts where the Lutherans have not their own candidates they should indorse those of the Democratic party. When it came to a vote the motion was defeated. Mr. Rank was indorsed by a unanimous vote. There will be a mass-meeting of the German Lutherans at Battery D Oct. 30.

An enthusiastic meeting of Republicans was held in the Fifth Ward last night at the hall of the Swedish Republican club. Addresses were made by James W. Nye, William Hogan, James D. Adair, L. D. Harvey, Perry A. Hull, and A. C. Oldenberg.

A union mass-meeting of the Republicans of the Second, Third, Fifth, and Sixth Wards will be held Wednesday evening of next week at Archer and Wentworth avenues. Nearly all the Republican candidates will be present.

VISITING THE LAKE SUPERIOR MINES.

The Iron Men from Europe to See Wisconsin's Big Producers.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The European iron men, now visiting the Lake Superior mines, will be in Ironwood tomorrow. They will spend most of their time in the Norrie mine, the champion of the five-year-old Gogebic Range and the largest producer of iron ore in the world. A committee of prominent mining men from Ashland and Ironwood will take the party in tow for the day.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—One hundred and sixty-five visiting British and German iron and steel men arrived here this morning. They were shown the Quinnisec Falls and hydraulic power, the wonderful Hamilton shaft, and other mining wonders here. The party will go to Calumet tomorrow, thence through the Marquette iron range.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 15.—The three trains bearing the visiting British and German iron masters arrived this morning. The company numbered about 700, including the American iron makers present. They did not stop in Louisville, but passed on to Birmingham, Ala., over the Louisville and Nashville railway, where a reception has been prepared for them and they will stop a short time. Later they will visit Middlesborough, Ky., to see the extensive iron operations there.

SHALL A NEW LABOR PARTY BE FORMED?

Mr. Powderly Submits This Important Question to the Knights of Labor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Mr. Powderly submits through the official organ of the Knights of Labor the following questions pertaining to the future course of the organization:

1. Do you favor taking independent political action?

2. Do you favor the idea of turning the order into a party?

3. Should we cooperate with members of other industrial societies organizing a party while maintaining our order as an educational and industrial institution?

4. If you favor cooperation with others, would you have your general officers unite with the officers of other industrial movements in issuing a call for a National industrial reform conference?

5. Should we continue to vote with existing parties, making the best terms possible with them on industrial issues?

All Knights are requested to send answers to these questions.

Blaine Has Blazed the Way.

Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette:* If Mr. Blaine finds the time to go to Ohio and make speeches in the campaign against the Democratic gerrymander, the country may be sure he has something to say worth hearing. Several citizens have been asking for information about reciprocity, and perhaps they will get it. This much may be said without waiting for Mr. Blaine's speeches. He has blazed the way for the winning of the next Presidential election by the Republicans, as certainly as he did the same thing when the surveys were made for the last Presidential contest; and it would be the part of wisdom for the Republicans to observe the bearings of his footsteps, that are not made in the sand or snow, but impressed upon the hard ground.

Asked to Bridge the Detroit River.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 15.—President Ledyard of the Michigan Central says that the recent soundings and surveys of the river opposite the depot were for the purpose of securing estimates for a high bridge across the Detroit River. A tunnel, besides being costly, would be unpopular and few people would travel by such a route. The soundings for the bridge were taken by Morrison, the St. Louis bridge builder, who will report on the cost and other particulars before the end of November next.

Horse-Thieves Caught After a Fight.

GUTHRIE, I. T., Oct. 15.—From advices just received from the Iowa reservation it is learned that three United States Deputy Marshals, in a chase after a band of four horse-thieves, engaged in a fight with the desperadoes. One of the thieves was killed. The others were taken prisoners. When the thieves saw that they would be unable to make away with the stolen horses, eleven all told, they shot them.

Investigating a County Treasurer.

LIMA, O., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Treasurer of Van Wert County neglected to publish his semi-annual statement and the State Auditor, suspecting something wrong, had an examination of the office made. It was found that Treasurer Sidle had borrowed nearly $12,000 to meet current expenses. The Auditor's office is also being investigated.

Convention American Labor Federation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor today issued a call for the annual convention of that organization, which will be held in Detroit Dec. 8. President Gompers says the success of the eight-hour movement has been the means of securing an increased membership in the various unions.

Not in Favor of Higher Duties.

St Louis *Globe-Democrat:* It is true, as Congressman Cannon observes, that "the farmers are the best protectionists in the world"; but they are not in favor of higher duties for the exclusive benefit of the manufacturers. And the fact is worth adding that there are a great many such protectionists who are not farmers.

Not Blaine, but Some Other Republican.

St. Louis *Globe-Democrat:* Mr. Blaine is not a candidate for President; but his heart is set upon so fixing things that nobody outside of the Republican party can be elected to that office in 1892.

Found Him Out at Last.

Rev. Mr. Squeegee (to Sunday-school class)—"Well, children, what did Ananias do?"

Johnnie Cute—"He wrote the weather reports."—*Texas Siftings.*

A Deadly Suggestion.

Bertie—"I hate that fellow Dudds, the tailor. I'd like to murder him!"

Char

JOHN SPELMAN INSANE.

HE NARROWLY ESCAPES GOING TO THE PENITENTIARY.

Many Charges of Burglary Made Against Him—His Father a Peoria Millionaire—Prosecutor Haywood Outlines the Murder Case Against the Rev. Pettit—Hurley's Disreputable Dens—Sensational Divorce Case in Carthage, Ill.—Romance in Real Life—Other Northwest News.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—John Spelman, son of the millionaire distiller and politician of Peoria, who became noted as the witness who developed a genius for forgetting when on the witness stand in the Cronin trial in Chicago, was placed on trial in the Circuit Court here last evening charged with burglary committed in a gun store in this city. The defendant acknowledged the crime, but pleaded emotional or impulsive insanity. He was defended by able attorneys, and many witnesses from Peoria, Pekin, and Bloomington were examined. At noon today the jury returned a verdict to the effect that Spelman is insane. He will be sent to one of the State institutions. The young man, who resided in Pekin, moved in good society and was married. No one suspected him of crime until he was caught in the act of robbing a store in Peoria. He was examined, released on bail, and fled. A number of mysterious thefts and burglaries were then attributed to him. He next appeared in this city, where he was arrested with the property stolen from a gun store which had been broken into. He is wanted for breaking into a ticket office in Evansville, Ind., for burglary in Peoria and Pekin, Ill., and for robbing the United States mail in Woodford County, Illinois. An agent of the Postal Department is here with a warrant in his pocket, but of course cannot serve it now. However, should Spelman be released from the asylum as a sane man the Government case and the other State cases will be pushed against him.

THE REV. PETTIT MURDER TRIAL.

Prosecutor Haywood Outlines the Case for the Prosecution.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Pettit trial was opened this morning by a lengthy speech from Prosecutor Haywood of Lafayette, going over the entire case and noting what the State will try to prove. Mr. Haywood says it will prove that a conspiracy existed between the Rev. Pettit and Mrs. Whitehead to murder his wife, to conceal that crime, and get married. "The evidence will show," continued the prosecutor, "that in July, 1889, in Tippecanoe County, Pettit was engaged in the ministry, and was pastor of the Shawnee Church, a Methodist Episcopal church, and that while acting as pastor of said church was a hypocrite, and will prove him the murderer of Hattie Sperry Pettit, his wife, whose remains were hastily shipped to New York and buried. We will prove that she was murdered with successive doses of strychnine given by her husband, so at her death he could marry the rich Mrs. Whitehead, who was one of Pettit's wife's most intimate friends. That after the remains of Mrs. Pettit were shipped to New York and buried they were disinterred and examined and in every part of her body was found strychnine; and would also show and prove that Pettit and Mrs. Whitehead were criminally intimate." Mr. Haywood consumed the entire day, giving the case to the jury in detail.

The first witness was the Rev. H. H. Dunboy, who changed pulpits with Pettit the Sunday his wife first had convulsions. He noticed the deceased returned very early and much excited. The court made an important ruling during this witness' testimony, which greatly hampers the State. He obliges them to prove a corpus delicti (or the laconic death) before testimony bearing on events subsequent to the death would be admitted. The State's case is greatly injured by the decision. Mrs. George Hawthorne, sister of Mrs. Whitehead, was called. She saw Mrs. Pettit in convulsions Sunday and was told by her that she was poisoned by strychnine put on to kill rats. Witness saw Pettit administer medicine Tuesday and soon after saw Mrs. Pettit in convulsions again. Mrs. Mary E. Mahanney was called and substantiated Mrs. Hawthorne's evidence.

HURLEY'S DISREPUTABLE DENS.

An Effort Being Made by the Authorities to Close Them Up.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—District-Attorney Rossman has begun prosecution against a number of the most notorious divekeepers in Hurley. Three or four unprovoked murders within as many weeks and numberless assaults on decent people have aroused the better citizens of Hurley to the need of organized action against the thugs who dominate the town. Owners of places are to have a hearing before Justices Blackburn and Alexander at Hurley tomorrow. Charles Leclair has bowed to the inevitable, and will move his "White House," the most notorious dance-hall in the Northwest, a mile and a half into the woods outside of Hurley. The action against the dives was begun with the intention of closing up the worst places and driving the gamblers and thieves out of the place.

SENSATIONAL DIVORCE CASE.

John Peyton and His Young Wife Are Evidently Not Happy.

CARTHAGE, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—John Peyton, a wealthy farmer living in Wilcox Township, sues his wife, Elizabeth Peyton, for divorce. Peyton, who was a widower, married Mrs. Elizabeth Deck at Alexandria, Mo., in September, 1883. She was about 32 years old and had a little daughter, Annie Deck. Peyton, who is about 68 years old, took his young wife to the farm and claims that within four months after his marriage Mrs. Peyton sent Annie to a drug store in Warsaw for a quantity of croton oil, which was placed in a jug of whisky out of which Peyton drank and became violently ill. Mrs. Peyton admits that she "doped" the whisky with croton oil in order to cure Peyton of drinking. Mrs. Peyton files a cross-bill alleging extreme and repeated cruelty. The present case is the second attempt Peyton has made to gain a divorce from his wife on the same charge. The first case was dismissed on the ground that Peyton had forgiven his spouse of the alleged crime by occupying the same apartment with her one night for the first and only time since the alleged crime is said to have been committed.

ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

Mrs. Lucy B. English Gets a Husband Without Changing Her Name.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Mr. Arthur English and Mrs. Lucy B. English, the former of St. Louis and the latter of Chicago, were married here today. Mrs. English was formerly Miss Lucy English, a belle of this city, daughter of Mrs. Kate Temple, now of Chicago. In her girlhood she married a Mr. Boyd of Burlington, Ia., but soon was left a widow. Ten years ago she married Louis Karr of this city, and lived with him in Colorado, where he died some years after she had obtained a divorce. After her divorce from Karr she married Mr. Arthur English, a business-man of Pittsburg, Pa. They lived happily for a time, but trouble came between them and a divorce followed. Some months ago a correspondence began between English and his divorced wife, which finally ended in English's proposition to marry her again, and he was accepted.

IOWA TEMPERANCE WOMEN.

Clash Between the "Loyal" and "Non-Partisan" Elements.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The first clash between the "loyal" portion of the Iowa Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the "non-partisan" or ruling element, which drew off from the National organization at the last convention in Chicago because that body would not consider a resolution declaring the organization non-partisan and non-sectarian, occurred this forenoon. The blank credentials sent out by the State officers contained provisions pledging the unions sending delegates to loyalty to the State constitution and to its non-partisan and non-sectarian clauses. In many cases these provisions were stricken from the credentials returned. When the Credentials Committee reported, with the exception of a few contests which had been taken under advisement, all the delegates bearing credentials expressing loyalty to the National rather than the State organizations were omitted. Hardly had the reading of the report ceased when a score of angry women were on their feet, all trying to be heard and demanding to know why they were not accredited as delegates. Mrs. Foster was in the chair and acted with firmness. In the midst of a flood of angry questions she urged that good order prevail. Her counsel prevailed for the time being and the entire report was rereferred to the committee. The day was consumed in hearing reports. Tonight the convention was addressed by Ex-State Senator T. E. Clark, author of the Clark law, and Mrs. Foster told why she favored a "non-partisan" union.

LOYAL LEGION GATHERING.

Twenty-sixth Annual Convention Being Held in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 15.—The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Loyal Legion opened here today. The convention was called to order by ex-President Hayes. The annual report of the Commander-in-Chief shows the membership in this country to be 8,000. This evening the delegates were entertained at a reception given in their honor by Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kerins at their residence, No. 36 Vandeventer place. Tomorrow they will visit the Merchants' Exchange in the morning and the Exposition in the afternoon, and in the evening a banquet will be tendered them at the Lindell Hotel.

GENERAL NORTHWEST NEWS.

Arrest of an Indian Who Announced Himself as the New Christ.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Ten Hands, an Indian at Big Foot's camp, was yesterday arrested by the authorities at Cheyenne agency and placed in the guard-house for posing as the looked-for Indian Messiah. He has been going on for several days in the most strange fashion, doing mysterious dancing, going into trances, etc., and asking annuities, rations, and even money and ponies from superstitious Indians who thought he was the new Christ.

Incendiary Fire in Berryville, Wis.

RACINE, Wis., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Early this morning the barns of Fred Kroeger, A. B. Piper, and W. F. Hanche, together with eleven horses, thirteen head of cattle, farming implements, grains, and hay, at Berryville, Wis., were totally destroyed, involving a loss of about $10,000. About a year ago Seigler & Son of Englewood came to Berryville with a gang of men and began hauling sand from the beach to Berryville, where it was shipped to Chicago. Young Seigler and the men became so bad that they were ordered to leave. Several of them did so. The farmers made it very unpleasant for the remaining workmen and it is thought they are the ones who fired the barns. A large reward has been offered for their arrest.

Must Serve Out His Term.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Three years ago when the feeling in Des Moines against the searchers engaged in the enforcement of prohibition was at its height James Row, an employé of the wholesale drug firm of Hurlbut, Hess & Co., had an altercation with a constable named Logan, who had attempted to arrest one of the firm's drivers. Shots were fired and Logan was killed. Row was arrested, convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He appealed, but today the Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the District Court.

Prof. Henry Wade Rogers' Successor.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The vacancy caused by the resignation of Prof. Henry Wade Rogers as dean of the Law Department of Michigan University, who resigned to accept the Presidency of the Northwestern University at Evanston, was filled today by the Regents by the appointment of Prof. J. C. Knowlton. President Rogers was appointed non-resident lecturer in the Law Department, and will deliver a series of lectures before the law students.

Verdict of Acquittal.

DAVID CITY, Neb., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The jury in the case of Daniel Casey, charged with the murder of Mrs. Ellen Riordan, May 13, 1889, this morning brought in a verdict of acquittal, after being out all night. Casey had quarreled with Mr. Riordan the night before the murder and meeting Mrs. Riordan coming to town the following day he shot her dead and attempted to kill her son who was with her. The defense was temporary insanity.

Attempted to Kill a Young Woman.

GALENA, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—An attempt to assassinate Mary Manneman, daughter of Ben Manneman, a prominent farmer of Sinsinawa, Wis., near this city, was made last night while the young lady was returning home from a Catholic church fair with a party of friends. Miss Manneman received a ball from an ordinary sized revolver behind the right ear, and the wound, while a bad one, will not result fatally. No motive is assigned for the deed.

Wage System Must Be Abolished.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The International Furniture-Workers' Union today received from the Chicago union the following telegram: "The International Labor Congress Association expresses its great pleasure at your declaration that the wage system must be abolished, believing it to be the first trades-union convention sufficiently intelligent and courageous to do so. We send you fraternal greeting."

Novak Murder Trial.

JOLIET, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The testimony today in the Novak murder trial was direct and positive. Antone Sokaloski, father of the murdered girl, swore that he saw and recognized Novak on the night of the murder. Just before the fatal shots were fired he heard him say: "Sokaloski, you dog, your hour has come; I am going to kill you." The bullets intended for Sokaloski killed his daughter.

The Wisconsin Supreme Court Scored.

HUDSON, Wis., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Wisconsin Presbyterian Synod in session took hold today of the Supreme Court "Edgerton" decision excluding Bibles from the public schools on the ground that it was sectarian instruction, and after reciting the unexpectedness of the decision, and its injurious effects upon the public schools of the State, passed resolutions condemning it.

Drowned in Trying to Save Her Child.

MARINE CITY, Mich., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Mrs. William Wellhausen and her 7-year-old son were drowned in a well at their home this morning. The boy fell into the well by accident and the mother hearing his cries grew frantic, plunged into the water, and was also drowned before help came. Mrs. Wellhausen was 46 years old and lived five miles west of here.

Looking for a Gun-Factory Site.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Army Board on Gun Factories, appointed by President Harrison to visit Indianapolis, Rock Island, Ill., and Benicia, Cal., to inquire into the facilities at those points for the location of factories for the manufacture of high-power guns, arrived here today. Indianapolis being the first place visited by them. They will remain here several days and from here will go to Rock Island.

Sentenced to Life Imprisonment.

ROCKFORT, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—John Pinnick was today sentenced to the penitentiary for life for the murder of his cousin, Frank Pinnick, in Dubois County, one year ago. The case occupied three days and the jury returned its verdict after ten minutes' deliberation.

Had Confessed but Pleaded Not Guilty.

DECATUR, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—In the Circuit Court today William H. Crawford, arraigned for the murder of Mrs. Col. Mathias in August, pleaded not guilty, although he had confessed his guilt to the State's-Attorney and other parties. Insanity will probably be the defense.

It Is a Losing Fight.

ISHPEMING, Mich., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Appearances lead to the belief that the striking miners will be back at their old places on the old terms by the beginning of next week and perhaps before. All but the hot-headed ones realize that it is a losing fight and concede their defeat.

Northwest Notes.

The Michigan Presbyterian Synod is holding its fifty-sixth annual meeting in Lansing.

The Belvidere (Ill.) City Council has decided to put in a complete system of waterworks.

F. A. Blakeslee and Miss Anna, daughter of Judge S. G. Parks, were married in Duquoin, Ill., last night.

The annual convention of the Northern Illinois Dental Association convened at Rockford yesterday.

John O. Davis, a cousin of the late David Davis, was married yesterday in Bloomington, Ill., to Miss Susan Simeka.

The veterans of the Eighth Illinois Regiment, of which Gen. Oglesby was the first Colonel, are holding a reunion in Decatur.

M. W. Harris, a Dubuque, Ia., notion dealer, is under arrest on the charge of giving a check on a bank where he had no funds deposited.

"Jack, the hair-cutter," has clipped the tresses from his seventh victim in Detroit, Miss Libbie Merrill, aged 14, who lives at No. 137 Abbott street.

The Wisconsin State Young Men's Christian Association convened at La Crosse last evening and will remain in session during the remainder of the week.

An urgent appeal has been sent to the Mayor of St. Paul, Minn., from South Dakota for assistance. Many people are unable to procure the necessaries of life.

The old First Brigade, Second Division Fourteenth Army Corps, composed of Illinois, Michigan, and New York troops, is holding a reunion in Springfield, Ill.

John Compton, a prominent business-man of Merrill, Wis., was, while passing from one car to another on a St. Paul passenger-train, thrown off and instantly killed.

There is quite a large attendance at the annual synod of the Lutheran Church in Dixon, Ill. The Rev. Lee M. Hollman of Chicago delivered the opening address.

Renner, Cratsley & Co. of Fort Wayne, Ind., wholesale and retail dealers in books and wall paper, assigned yesterday. Liabilities, $25,000; assets estimated at $35,000.

The Illinois State Board of Health yesterday received information of the outbreak of scarlet-fever at Sumner, Lawrence County, and of diphtheria at Clinton, De Witt County.

Col. H. G. Reeves, private secretary to Gov. Fifer, left for New York last night to represent the Governor at the meeting of the directors of the Illinois Central railway Saturday.

Martin Hart, a prominent farmer living near Bloomington, Ill., brought suit yesterday against Michael Cummings, John Welch, and John Carmody, his neighbors, for $5,000 for alleged assault.

At a joint meeting in Aberdeen of thirty-three South Dakota local Farmers' Alliances resolutions were passed setting forth the fact of a failure of crops and calling on the outside world for assistance.

A deserter from Fort Shaw, Montana, attempted to shoot Government Scout Roanch, who captured him. After being seriously wounded Roanch shot and killed him. His body was left lying in a gulch at Hardy.

The first State conference of charities in Indiana began yesterday at Indianapolis, with a large attendance of township trustees, superintendents of county poor asylums and orphans' homes, and others interested in charitable work.

During a heated political discussion Alvin Bennett of Decatur, Mich., charged Joseph Acton with putting copperas in his eyes in order to destroy his sight and procure an increase of pension. Bennett was indicted for slander and was yesterday fined $75.

M'DOEL GETS THE PRIZE.

THE FAVORITE WINS THE STALLION STAKES AT LEXINGTON.

Allerton Captures the Second Money—Other Events of the Day—Close of the Fall Meeting at Morris Park—Results on the Latonia Track—Racing at Bloomington, Ill., and Other Points—General Turf and Sporting News.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The trotting races today drew another big crowd. The weather and attendance were good and the track fast.

The first race was to complete the $5,000 stake, and was quite as sensational as the closing heat of yesterday. Pooling 3 to 1 in favor of McDoel.

The horses were called to the post at 12:15. As each animal came up he was greeted with applause. The horses were off at the second trial to a start that was pronounced bad, one animal, Henrietta, being three lengths in the rear when the word was given. Allerton led McDoel by a nose to the quarter, with Stevie third, Hendry fourth, Diamond fifth, and the rest strung out. On rounding the second turn Allerton led all by two lengths. As the far turn was rounded Doble began to call on McDoel, but Williams did not propose to be caught so easily, and they came into the stretch with Allerton two lengths ahead. Two-thirds of the way down the stretch McDoel got his nose in front, and the son of Jay Bird went off his feet, but he came down in a second and swept toward the goal like the wind. The break was fatal, and McDoel came under the wire a length ahead in 2:15¼.

The 2:17 pacing class was unfinished after seven heats had been paced. Sprague Wilkes, a bay horse 4 years old, by Tommy Wilkes, dam by Gov. Sprague, fell dead in the first heat of the pacing race. Somicolon won the stallion stake after losing one heat to Alabaster. The latter showed himself a good horse. Only two heats were trotted in the 2:40 class, when it, too, was postponed on account of darkness. Summaries:

The 2:17 class, pacing, purse $1,000, unfinished:

Pickaway	3	0	2	1	2	1	3
Emma	2	3	5	2	1	2	1
Grant's Abdallah	4	6	1	3	3	3	2
Minnie Castle	1	0	3	6	6	5	dis
Wayne Wilkes	5	4	4	5	3	7	0
Kitty C	6	5	6	4	7	6	0
Marendes	7	7	7	7	4	4	0
Sprague Wilkes	dead.						

Time—2:16¾; 2:19¾; 2:18; 2:18¾; 2:19; 2:22¾; 2:20.

Stallion Stakes, 2:30 class, value $2,430:

Somicolon	1	1	2	1			
Alabaster	2	2	1	2			
D. C.	3	3	3	3			
William R.	dis						

Time—2:22; 2:19¾; 2:20¾; 2:20¾.

The 2:40 class, purse $1,000, unfinished:

Dave Wilson	1	1					
Ruby Wilkes	2	2					
Mauposa	3	3					
Alisie Medium	4	4					

Time—2:26¾; 2:26¾.

LAST DAY AT MORRIS PARK.

Close of the New York Jockey Club's Fall Meeting.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 15.—The New York Jockey Club brought its autumn meeting to a close today. It has not been a successful one, and yet it is probable that the club has not lost much money.

First race, for all ages that have run and not won at the meeting, a sweepstakes of $15 each, with $750 added, five furlongs—Starters: Macaroni, 112, 16 to 5; Ballarat, 117, 4 to 1; Elmstone, 117, 15 to 1; Eclipse, 96, 8 to 5; Reilly, 96, 15 to 5. Madstone won, Eclipse second, Reilly third. Time, 1:01¾.

Second race, Stonewall Welter handicap, for all ages, a sweepstakes of $30 each, with $1,000 added, six furlongs—Starters: Bradford, 125, 15 to 1; Sir Matthew, 120, 4 to 1; Annie, 108, 9 to 5; Park Ridge, 107, 5 to 1; Silver Prince, 107, 6 to 1; Mr. Sass, 100, 20 to 1; Serapis, 100, 40 to 1. Annie won, Bradford second, Lake View third. Time, 1:15¾.

Third race, Echo Stakes, for 3-year-olds, a sweepstakes of $50 each, with $1,000 added, one mile and a sixteenth—Starters: Knowsley, 107 pounds, 6 to 5; St. James, 102, 5 to 1; Funstor Jr., 102, 6 to 1; Gunwad, 102, 5 to 1; Insight, 99, 12 to 1; Bustead, 105, 5 to 1. St. James won, Funstor Jr. second, Insight third. Time, 1:57.

Fourth race, for 3-year-olds and upward that have run and not won in a race of $1,000, a sweepstakes of $15 each, with $750 added, one mile—Starters: Benedictine, 122 pounds, 11 to 5; Elkton, 113, 4 to 1; Parasneta, 112, 5 to 1; Fosmedis, 103, 6 to 1; Masterlode, 98, 8 to 5. Parasnetta won, Masterlode second, Benedictine third. Time, 1:48.

Fifth race, fall test handicap, for all ages, a sweepstakes of $30 each, with $2,000 added, one mile and a quarter—Starters: Eurus, 116 pounds, 2 to 1; Diablo, 111, 7 to 5; Stockton, 103, 5 to 2; My Fellow, 100, 7 to 1; Outbound, 93, 20 to 1. Diablo won, My Fellow second, Eurus third. Time, 2:07¾.

Sixth race, futurity Stakes, for 2-year-olds, a sweepstakes of $50 each, with $1,000 added, six furlongs—Starters: Monterey, 111, 8 to 1; Kirkover, 111, 3 to 10; Terrifier, 111, 2 to 1. Monterey won, Terrifier second, Monterey third. Time, 1:16¾.

Seventh race, for all ages, a sweepstakes of $20 each, with $1,500 added, a steeplechase—Starters: Can Can, 110, 1 to 3; Elevo, 102, 12 to 5. Can Can took the lead at the start and held it to the end, distancing Elevo. Time, 1:56.

CLOSE FINISHES AT LATONIA.

The Spectators Differ with the Judges—Favorites Beaten.

COVINGTON, Ky, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—Up to the last race only one favorite went to the front today and the odds against the winner of that event were the same as against two or three others in the same. Although two long shots won, the bookmakers were hit hard in four of the six races. It was common talk before the fourth race that Cecil B. was stiff in the race and the judges kept a sharp eye on Jockey Freeman, who rode the filly. The riding looked a little peculiar and Freeman was sharply interrogated by the judges and so was the trainer. The proof was not deemed sufficiently convincing to merit ruling off, but the investigation will be continued. There were no less than four particularly close finishes and in three of them a large section of the public differed with the judges. The summaries:

First race, selling purse for 2-year-olds; four furlongs—Starters: Bonnie, 90 pounds; Villain, 106; Sibyl, 111; Willow, 105; Silverlight, 109; Nellie Whitaker, 109; Fair Haven, 96; Teresina, 97; Little Midget, 111; Cassius, 107. Little Midget won, Willow second, Caprice third. Time, 50¾.

Second race, selling purse for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile—Starters: Dot, 102 pounds; Argenta, 104; Bleinl, 104; Lord Tom Himyar, 107; Billy Pinkerton, 107; Lemoine H., 91; Nipper, 96; Pickup, 96; Robin, 96; Hopeful, 98. Pickup won, Argenta second, Robin third. Time, 1:45¾.

Third race, selling purse for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile and twenty yards—Starters: Phemius, 106 pounds; Valet, 101; Tenlike, 112; G. J., 97; Aunt Kate, 106. Polemus won; Aunt Kate, second; Tenlike, third. Time, 1:45¾.

Fourth race, purse for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile and a sixteenth—Starters: Cecil B., 105 pounds; Princess Annie, 105; Josie M., 109; Martin Russell, 112; Labrador, 113; Meadow Brook, 91; Flitaway, 96; Carter B., 109; Little Crete, 105. Carter B. won; Princess Annie, second; Meadow Brook, third. Time, 1:50¾.

Fifth race, a free handicap sweepstake for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Starters: Chives, 114 pounds; Mabelle, 110; Laura Agnes, 99; Drift, 96; Longieal, 95. Mabelle won, Chives second, Laura Agnes third. Time, 1:02¾.

Sixth race, a free handicap sweepstake for 3-year-olds, four furlongs. Starters: Tom Jones, 108 pounds; Mattie Allen, 109; Lee S., 110; Carrie A., 111; Woodbena, 115; Belle of Springfield, 107; Beulah B., 95; Spider, 95; Georgia Hunt, 103; Godiva, 105; Fannie S., 105; Whitney, 108. Woodbena won, Lee S. second, Mattie Allen third. Time, 50.

Trotting at Napa, Cal.

NAPA, Cal., Oct. 15.—Prince J. won the postponed trot, Mattie P. second, Foxy V. third, Rockwood fourth. Time, 2:24½, 2:23. In the match race between Marauqita and Pattie B. the former won the first heat and the latter the succeeding two. Time, 2:35½, 2:36, 2:37. In the pacing race between Gold Medal, Princess Alice, and Ned Winslow, Gold Medal took the first heat. Time, 2:17¾.

Winslow won the second heat in the pacing race in 2:15, Princess Alice second. Winslow took the third heat in 2:19½, Gold Medal second, and also won the last heat and the race under a strong pull. The match race between Sidney Ray and Almoneer was won by Almoneer in 2:23¾ and 2:21¼. Margaret S. had a walkover in the 4-year-old race and was simply jogged around the track.

Racing at Bloomington, Ill.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The fall meeting of the Bloomington Association was begun today. Three-minute trot, purse $250—Seven starters; finished in five heats. First money won by Roscoe Thorn, second Gail, third Golden May, and fourth Buck. Best time, 2:40. Two twenty-seven pace, purse $200—Three starters. Won by Moxie Hiatogu in three straight heats, second Daisy, third Indianapolis Boy. Best time, 2:31. The free-for-all trot for a purse of $250 was unfinished.

Results at Richmond, Ind.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The fifth and sixth heats in the unfinished 3-year-old trot at the Richmond Fair and Driving Park Association course trot today resulted in a victory for Boone Wilson. In the 3-year-old pace, purse $200, Mineator won, Jack Shields second. Time, 2:25¼. In the 2:30 trot, purse $400, Belle Hamilton won. Time, 2:24½. Running race, mile and repeat, purse $400, Buckeye won, Nellie Gray second. Time, 1:49.

Sale of the Withers and Galway Stables.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 15.—The horses comprising the racing stables of D. D. Withers and James Galway were sold at auction in the paddock here this morning by Col. S. D. Bruce. The details of the sale follow:

D. D. Withers' Brookdale stable—Cynosure, b. c., 4, by Tom Ochiltree—Cyclone; by Parmesan; W. C. Daly, $2,650.

Sluggard, br. c., 4, by Tom Ochiltree—Dawdle, by Saunterer; George E. Smith, $3,050.

Major Dome, br. c., 4, by Tom Ochiltree—Sweet Home, by Knight of St. Patrick; G. B. Morris, $2,800.

The Preakness stables—Montague, ch. g., 5, by Mortemer—Evadne, by Lexington; G. E. Smith, $3,510.

Geraldine, ch. m., 5, by Grinstead—Cousin Peg-67; T. W. Shreve, $4,000.

Coming Billiard Tournaments.

Yesterday was the time set for the closing of the sweepstake for the balkline championship. Schaefer and Slosson entered and Ives sent in his entry conditional upon the fact that another entry be secured. As no one seemed willing to sink $500 entrance money in a tournament of the kind Schaefer and Slosson are alone.

Maggioli and Carter Matched.

Last night at Schaefer's Frank Maggioli and Eugene Carter signed an agreement to play a match game of billiards at Denver within a month for $500 a side. They will play 1,500 points—500 a night for three nights.

Amateur Billiardists.

In Schaefer's amateur three-cushion billiard tournament last night White defeated Farriah by one point and Lederer beat Severance by a score of 25 to 17. Page now leads, with five games won and one lost.

The Woodward Fall Sale.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 15.—This was the third day of Woodward's fall sale of standard bred stock. Twenty-eight head brought $20,425, an average of $729. The following is a list of the principal sales:

Bay colt, 2, by Indian Hill, dam by Hamlet, W. H. Richter, Harrisburg, Pa., $1,025.

Bay filly, yearling, by Pilot Medium, dam by Frank Noble, J. McGuire, $1,100.

Black colt, yearling, by Director, dam by George Wilkes, J. H. Oglevie, Kansas City, $2,550.

Bay colt, 2, by William L., dam by George Wilkes, G. W. Ely, Palmer, Mo., $1,000.

Bay colt, 2, by Princeps, dam by Velox, George Lindenberger, Louisville, $1,040.

Amherst College Sports.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The Amherst College fall athletic meeting took place today at Hampshire Park, East Amherst. The Class of '92 won the honors. Alexander ('92), in putting the shot, broke the college record, by putting it 38 feet 4½ inches. This is 1½ inches over the record.

The New York Consolidation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—It has been stated erroneously that the capitalists of the local league and brotherhood club have come to an agreement to consolidate. While there is every possibility of the two organizations combining, it is nevertheless true that Messrs. Day, Talcott, and McAlpin have not agreed definitely on terms. Director Talcott said today that no positive agreement had been reached. "The players have got to be conciliated before the new club can be incorporated," said the director, "and that will take a great deal of time and patience. It is possible, though, that President Day and the owners of the New York Brotherhood Club will have things settled before the general conference meeting next Wednesday."

The Two Cleveland Clubs.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—President Albert L. Johnson of the Cleveland Players' League Club and President Frank Robinson of the National League team returned from the East on the same train this evening. When asked whether anything had been done toward ending the war between the organizations Mr. Johnson said: "On the train Mr. Robinson asked me what I had to propose toward a settlement. I told him that anything I might propose could not be officially acted upon by him until he had a conference with the other stockholders. I told him we would not confer till he had come to some conclusion with his other stockholders. Thursday or Friday we can meet and discuss propositions."

The Western Association Meeting.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 15.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Western Base-Ball Association, which was called for Oct. 22, has been postponed till November. The object of this action is that the meeting may not be held until after the compromise meetings of the National and Players' Leagues, when a better insight into the situation for next year may be had. The probable amalgamation of the major leagues makes it unlikely that either Kansas City or Milwaukee will drop out, at one time reported, and Sioux City is now looked on as the only club that may not be in the 1891 Western circuit.

Base-Ball Notes.

Catcher Graff, an Easterner, has been signed by Anson for next season.

The benefit to the Boston champions Saturday night netted them $250 each.

At St. Patrick's Church yesterday afternoon Frank C. Rhiems, the well-known manager of the City League, was married to Miss Nellie Devereaux. Among many presents was a handsome set of furniture from the Whiting Club, with which Mr. Rhiems now plays.

Capt. Comiskey has completed all arrangements for his trip to the Pacific coast this winter. He has engaged two special cars and will make the trip in first-class style.

TO BE BURIED WITH MILITARY HONORS.

Arrangements for the Funeral of Gen. Belknap—The Late Justice Miller.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—There will be soldierly ceremonies over the grave of Gen. W. W. Belknap, ex-Secretary of War, and he will be laid to rest among his comrades at Arlington. On his breast will be the honorable badges of the Loyal Legion, the Army of the Tennessee, Grand Army of the Republic, and of Crocker's Iowa Brigade. An American flag long owned by the General will be laid on the casket and will be buried with him. The red three-cornered flag of the Third Brigade, Fourth Division of the Seventeenth Army Corps, will also rest on the casket.

The honorary pallbearers will be ex-Postmaster-General J. A. J. Creswell, Gen. L. A. Grant, Assistant Secretary of War; Gen. Cyrus Bussey, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; ex-Representative John A. Kasson, Gen. Batchelder, Gen. Benet, Gen. Vincent, Senator Manderson, Hallet Kilbourn, Gen. H. V. Boynton, Gen. Veazey, Commander-in-Chief G. A. R.; Col. B. Emmett Urell, Commander Department Potomac G. A. R.; Mr. James Worthington, and Joseph M. McCammon.

KEOKUK, Ia., Oct. 15.—A largely-attended meeting of citizens was held here tonight to arrange for the funeral services and burial of Associate Justice Miller at this city Saturday. The body will arrive here at 10 o'clock Saturday morning and be taken to the Federal Court Building, where it will lie in state until 2 o'clock, at which hour it will be borne to the Unitarian church, where the funeral services will be held. Torrence Post of the G. A. R., the Sons of Veterans, and Keokuk Rifles will act as a guard of honor. All business will be suspended during the hours of the services and the buildings of the city draped in black. All the civic and military organizations, trades unions, and school children of the city will take part in the funeral procession. The Governor and State officers, the Supreme Court Judges of the State, the Judges and judicial officers and the bar of Judge Miller's circuit were asked to be present and join in the last tribute of respect to Justice Miller.

Obituary Notes.

John Van Valkenburg, Past Supreme Chancellor K. P., died at Fort Madison, Ia., yesterday.

The Rev. George Morgan Hills, rector of St. Mary's Church, Burlington, N. J., died yesterday in Tacoma, Wash. He was 65 years old.

Matthew Moulds, aged 66, died yesterday in Baraboo, Wis. He was one of the pioneers in Wisconsin, and was father of Mayor Moulds of Baraboo.

Foolish Tory Threats.

Montreal *Herald:* It is very doubtful whether the desire to continue the connection with the mother country will be strengthened by the utterance of threats of what Great Britain will do should Canada attempt to join the United States. If our political relation with the mother country did not owe its existence to sentiment it would cease to be. Hitherto this has been generally recognized, and the most earnest appeals of those who are opposed to a reciprocity arrangement with the United States have been based on the impropriety of doing anything which was unfair—as they alleged reciprocity would be—towards the mother country. Col. Denison, speaking at Toronto on the subject of forcing Canada by commercial pressure into the American Union, said: "I may say in the name of the naval and military forces of Britain that they will never be able to deliver the goods." There is not much sense in this remark, look at it which way you will, because, in the first place, under the conditions set forth there would be no action on the part of the United States which could be combated by the forces of the Empire. Even Col. Denison would hardly go to war with the United States because—if such a thing were possible—the incidence of their fiscal regulations made it imperative that the Canadian Provinces should become American States. In the second place it is quite permissible to disbelieve that Col. Denison is duly authorized to make such an announcement on behalf of the British forces, or those at whose discretion they are put in motion. More than one English statesman has said that Canada is free to do as she likes in the matter, and few people can seriously believe that a single English drummer-boy would be called upon to interfere with any decision that Canada might come to. A Toronto journal, however, thinks otherwise. It says of Col. Denison's remark, "Ponder it well and you will see that it scatters the dreams of the annexationists to the winds," and says, in effect, that the forces of the Empire would be called into requisition to render such an attempt null and void. Public opinion and the desire of the majority of Canadians will settle this question. There is no evidence that any material proportion of the population desires to be annexed, nor that the United States has much thought about annexing Canada when regulating its tariff, but it ought to be clear that to threaten the people of Canada should they enter into negotiations for joining the Union is not the way to strengthen the tie, a slight one, which binds them to the Mother Country.

Three Miners Killed.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 15.—A cave-in at the Ludington mine this morning buried five miners. Two were taken out not seriously hurt and three dead. The killed are James Fisher, W. R. Davis, and William Baley.

A Chapter of Accidents.

"And would you believe it, on the very day I was married my cashier, taking advantage of my absence, ran away with all the cash."

"Too bad; but, my dear fellow, you know that misfortunes never come singly."—*Judge.*

FOUR STEEL STEAMERS.

SOON TO BE BUILT AT THE SOUTH CHICAGO SHIPYARD.

They Will Cost $800,000 and Are to Be Ore Carriers—Big Propeller to Be Built at Saugatuck—Propeller Saxon Launched at Cleveland—Stories of the Storm's Havoc Still Come In—The Golden Fleece and Other Disasters—Narrow Escapes of Vessels at Detroit.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 15. — [Special.] — Ferd Schlesinger of this city confirms a report that the Schlesinger mining syndicate, of which he is President, has contracted to have built at the South Chicago shipbuilding yard four steel steamships to cost an aggregate of $800,000. Mr. Parkhurst, Vice-President of the South Chicago Shipbuilding company and

At THE BELL—OPENING—At THE BELL.

THREE GALA DAYS

TODAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY, October 16th, 17th, and 18th.

The wonderful growth and development of The Bell is without precedent or parallel in the world, and the phenomenal building-up of a business from a few thousand dollars in 1887 to over a million in 1890 is an evidence of such correct methods, such square dealing, and such merited confidence of the people, that it deserves a celebration of the great victory.

JUST THREE YEARS AGO TODAY THE BELL OPENED THEIR DOORS.

Our modest start was made three years ago on the main floor of the building we now occupy. This floor covered an area of 7,875 square feet. One year from that time we added the basement salesroom. This increased space, however, only afforded temporary relief. This spring we leased the entire building. After six months spent in tearing down and building up we at the present time occupy a store-room aggregating 47,250 square feet, or six times the space used at our opening three years ago. Such a wonderful growth has never before been witnessed in the mercantile history of the world. The secret of this marvelous success lies in the fact that we treat people squarely. We always have and always will keep our promises. No instance can be cited in which any promise we have made in printers' ink has not been fulfilled by our goods, our prices, and our acts. We sell Clothing, Hats, Shoes, and Furnishing Goods for less money than any other establishment in America. There is no dickering—one uniform price to all is our motto. Our salesmen are instructed where goods purchased are unsatisfactory to cheerfully exchange them or refund the money, and in all cases to treat customers courteously. Thus we have gained the confidence of the people. Remember, our opening days are today, Friday, and Saturday, Oct. 16, 17, and 18. We want you to make it a point to visit our store on one or all of these days. Everybody is invited. Everybody is expected. Even the little ones. Keep your children home from school one of these three days. Bring them to our store. Let them see in our wonderful success an example of the triumph of truth and honesty. If they profit by this lesson they will be more than compensated for the loss of one day's schooling.

During this Opening our store will be open every night until 10 o'clock.

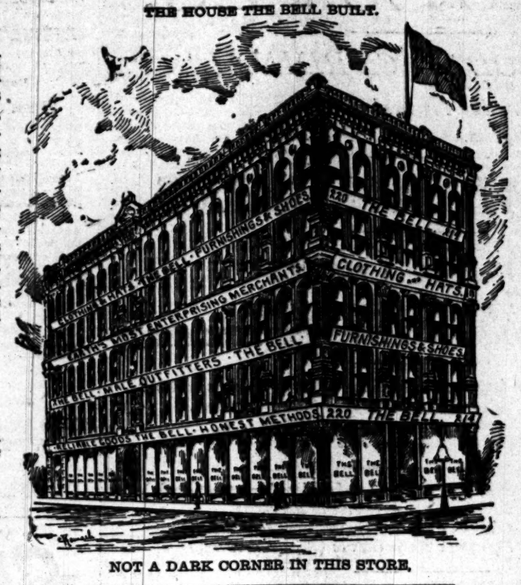
MUSIC AND FLOWERS.

At our Opening Today, Friday, and Saturday next, SIG. S. TOMASO'S MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA will render their Classical Concerts daily. Morning concert, 10 to 12:30; afternoon concert, 2 to 6; evening, 7 to 9. We hope you will come and enjoy this musical treat with us. Bring your wives, sweethearts, and children with you.

ON THESE THREE DAYS

Every floor of our building will be beautifully derorated with cut flowers and growing plants; a brilliantly variegated canopy made entirely of flowers and trailing vines will cover the sidewalk from the building to the curb-stone. Suffice to say that these decorations will be by Gallagher, the prince of florists, in his best style. Every one knows from this statement that they will be something royal.

THE HOUSE THE BELL BUILT.



NOT A DARK CORNER IN THIS STORE.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE GRAND ESTABLISHMENT NOW OCCUPIED BY THE BELL.

FIRST FLOOR—Entering the door to your left, you will find our gigantic department for Men's and Boys' Hats, five times its former size. In this department you will find the most complete stock of Headgear ever exhibited in this country. To the left is our enlarged Furnishing Goods Department, twice its former size. Everything in Men's and Boys' Fixings can be found here. In the center of this floor is located our Men's Pants Department. We have made great preparations for a large fall trade in Men's Trousers, having over 10,000 pairs in stock. In the rear can be seen our youngest child—our new Shoe Department for Men and Boys. We intend to foster this infant's growth with stimulating prices.

SECOND FLOOR—This entire floor is devoted to Boys' and Children's Clothing. It is the largest, lightest, and finest salesroom used for this purpose in the world. The walls and ceiling are beautifully decorated; all the fixtures are of oil-finished solid oak; richly upholstered chairs, luxurious divans, and couches adorn the room. The finely polished hardwood floors are artistically decorated with rich Oriental Rugs. On the handsomely carved Sixteenth Century Oak Tables ladies can at all times find all of the Illustrated Papers and Magazines of the day. Flowers in abundance and aquariums filled with shining goldfish complete the adornments of this beautiful salesroom, rendering it a pleasure instead of a task to buy Clothing for your little men. Retiring Room for ladies and children on this floor.

THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS used exclusively for Men's Suits and Overcoats. In this sumptuous department we offer a class of Fine Clothing never before shown in this city.

FIFTH FLOOR is occupied by our Offices, Reserve Stock, and Tailor Shops for altering Clothes. We allow no garment that does nor fit to leave our store.

During this Opening our store will be open every night until 10:30.

SOUVENIRS.

A dainty piece of Japanese ware presented to every purchaser on any of these three days. These rare gifts consist of a beautifully decorated Rose Jar, a fancy gold-embossed Creamer, two different styles of Japanese Teapots, an Ornamental Bottle, and artistic designs in Butter Plates. Any one of these five lovely pieces of Bric-a-Brac will be given to each lady purchaser, no matter how small the purchase, as a Souvenir of our Opening. A fragrant Boutonniere will be given to every lady visiting us during the opening.

AMIDST ALL THIS GOOD CHEER

WE HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN THE BOYS. A PARAGON SLATE (three slates in one) goes with every sale of Boys' Clothing.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

During this Opening we will offer Six Drives in this Department:

No. 1.—450 pairs of men's strictly all-wool Pants, cut medium or large legs, in plain colors or genteel mixtures, regular $4 and $5 qualities. Today, Friday, and Saturday, choice for..... **$2.48**

No. 2.—760 Men's Brown and Oxford Mixed Heavy-weight Fall Overcoats, sizes 33 to 42, cut long or short, lined with all-wool Flannel or Serge; real worth $15. Today, Fri., and Sat., choice for **$8.88**

No. 3.—625 Men's all-wool Sack or Cutaway Suits, colors blue, black, or Fancy Mixtures; regular sizes, elegantly made and trimmed; have been marked $15 and $18. Today, Friday, and Saturday, choice for..... **$9.99**

No. 4.—175 Men's Prince Albert Suits, made from all-wool black corkscrew, bound and finished in best possible manner. We have been selling them at $18. Today, Friday, and Sat., choice for **$11.99**

No. 5.—1,125 Men's Finest Fall Overcoats, dark or light colors; every style of make can be found in this royal assortment; formerly marked $18 to $25. Today, Friday, and Saturday, choice for... **$12.98**

No. 6.—845 Men's Fine Heavy-weight Imported Kersey Overcoats, colors blue, black, tan, gray, drab, etc.; cut long, medium, or English box style; real value, $22. Today, Friday, and Saturday, choice for..... **$15.00**

In Men's Finest Suits and Overcoats we have beyond question the largest line in the West. We have marked many styles down for this grand occasion. Don't think of leaving your measure until you see them.

SHOES.

SPECIAL FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

Men's plain or tipped Congress and Lace Shoes, solid leather, all sizes and widths. Today they are selling at $2.50; Friday & Saturday they go for **$1.50**

Boys' Lace, Congress, or Button Shoes, sizes 1 to 5, style perfect, quality A1; reg. $2.50 quality; Friday & Saturday only **$1.50**

Men's Hand-Made Calf or Kangaroo Shoes, oak-tanned soles; were marked $4.38. For three days they go for..... **$2.98**

Men's Imported English Walkenphast Shoes, all sizes and widths, worth $6. Go for the next three days for..... **$3.99**

We Carry the Largest Line of Men's and Boys' Shoes in Chicago.

HATS.

SPECIAL FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

98c, WORTH FULLY $2.00.

50 dozen Men's Black Fur Felt Stiff Hats, large, medium, and small shapes, satin lined and silk trimmed. We have sold them at $2. Friday and Saturday choice for..... **98c**

75 dozen Children's Turbans, assorted colors, that are worth 50c, go Friday and Saturday for **29c**

Space Too Limited to Speak of Other Big Values.

FURNISHINGS.

SPECIAL FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

All 50c Silk Four-in-Hand and Teck Ties go Friday and Saturday for..... **25c**

Men's Fast Black Hose that sell at 50c go Friday and Saturday at..... **25c**

Men's 2,100 Linen Standing or Turn-Down Collars, latest styles, worth 20c, go three for..... **25c**

Men's Blue French Percale Shirts, 2 collars and pair of cuffs with each shirt; worth $1. For three days they go for..... **35c**

Men's Double-Breasted Merino Undershirts and Drawers to Match, worth 75c, go Friday and Saturday (each)..... **39c**

Men's Fancy Derby Ribbed Underwear, shirts satin trimmed, drawers with 10-inch Jersey anklets, worth $3, go for three days (each)..... **$1**

THE BELL

214, 216, 218, and 220 State-st., Corner Quincy.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

During this Opening we will offer Six Special Sales in this Department:

No. 1.—200 Children's Blue or Brown All-Wool Jersey Suits, sizes 3 to 10 years, very heavy quality, suitable for winter wear. We have been selling them at $4. Today, Friday, and Sat. they go for **$2.78**

No. 2.—1,000 Children's Heavy All-Wool Short Pants Suits, made plaited, belted, and half belted, sizes 4 to 14 years. Our original prices have been $5 and $6. Today, Friday, and Saturday they go for **$2.98**

No. 3.—985 Children's Kilt Suits, sizes 2 to 6 years. They come in plaids, checks, and solid colors. Some have been sold at $7, some at $6, and none for less than $5. Today, Friday, and Sat. they go for **$3.38**

No. 4.—735 Children's All-Wool Winter Overcoats, sizes 4 to 11 years, cut long and made with deep capes. Wednesday they were selling for $5 and $6. Today, Friday, and Saturday they go for.... **$3.48**

No. 5.—500 Boys' Sack or Ulster Overcoats, sizes 13 to 19 years, colors blue, black, brown, and neat mixtures; our regular selling prices have been $10 and $12. Today, Friday, and Sat. they go for **$6.66**

No. 6.—400 Boys' All-Wool Sack Long Pants Suits, sizes 14 to 19 years; over 40 handsome patterns to choose from; we have never sold them for less than $10 and $12. Today, Fri., and Sat. they go for **$7.77**

Our stock of Finest Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats is double the size shown by any other clothier in Chicago. In every instance you will find the prices right. Bring the little fellows down and try them out in fall clothes.

Erecting the Largest Store In the World Necessitates Tearing Down

"THE FAIR"

State, Adams, and Dearborn-sts.,

Merchandise Will Be Sacrificed to Make Room for Rebuilding.

MEN'S, BOYS', AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AT PRICES That Were Never Known Before.

Overcoats	SUITS	Children's Suits
FROM	FROM	FROM
$1.95 to $36.00	$5.00 to $26.00	$1.95 to $11.00

An Immense Advantage in First Choice.

KENWOOD INSTITUTE

(INCORPORATED).

5000 and 5001 Lake-av., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. HELEN KIRK STARRETT, } Principals.
Miss ANNIE RITT JOHNSON, }

A Home and Day School for Young Girls and Women, combining Preparatory School for Vassar and Wellesley Colleges and the University of Michigan. Largely increased accommodations for boarding pupils. Special facilities for the study of Art and Music. Principals at home Thursday, and Saturdays. Fall term begins Monday, Sept. 22.

MISS ELLEN SIMPSON, of 3238 Mt. Vernon-st., Philadelphia, Pa., a teacher of highest standing, having a delightful home school, will educate a limited number of girls of first-class families. Special attention given to Music, French, and Art.

MISS JOHNSON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 370 Elm-st. Will reopen Monday, September 22, 1890. Miss ANNIE RITT JOHNSON, } Principals. Miss F. M. PRATT, }

MRS. HURLBUT WILL REOPEN HER SCHOOL of Physical Culture at 622 Adams-st. Oct. 7. Miss Orford, a graduate of Dr. Sargent, and formerly instructor at the Harvard Annex Gymnasium, also the School of Physical Training, Cambridge, Mass., will have charge of the practical work. An evening class at reduced rates will be formed. Apply at St. Margaret's School, 606 Adams-st.

KIRKLAND SCHOOL.

275 and 277 Huron-st., for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Sept. 17. Complete course, from Kindergarten upwards. A few boarders received. Girls fitted for college. For circulars address Miss KIRKLAND or Mrs. ADAMS.

MISS SPAIDS' SCHOOL,

No. 9 East 31st-st., Chicago. This practical Family School for Girls and Boys reopens Sept. 15th. All branches, including Kindergarten. Day and boarding Pupils.

SHIRTS | Cobb's form-fitting Shirts are the HIGHEST Standard of perfection in shirt-making. 95 Madison & 138 Dearborn.

Opium Habit Cured

Dr. S. B. Collins' Painless Opium Antidote

Will cure you at home without any interruption of ordinary business. Book sent free to any address. Hundreds of original testimonials of physicians and others for inspection at my office, Room 27 American Express Building, Monroe-st., Chicago, Ill. P. O. Drawer 691 (formerly La Porte, Ind.)

KNOX HATS. Correct Fall and Winter Styles are ready. 103 STATE-ST.

By PARKER, PLATT, WILLIAMS CO.

SELL AT AUCTION THIS DAY,

136 and 138 West Madison-st.:

1,000 Yards USED and MISFIT CARPETS, BEDROOM SETS, PARLOR SUITS, STOVES, ETC., ETC

General Stock Household Goods.

DEALERS INVITED.

Advertising

It is said will sell anything; this is true in a measure; but for staying qualities—merit is the test. Extensive advertising may sell anything where it is new or unknown, but, after it comes into general use, it is judged according to its worth. The continued and steady growth of Swift's Specific

S S S

Is the best evidence of its excellence.

It is most popular where it is best known. Every bottle sold sells ten others. Every one that takes it becomes its friend and recommends it to their acquaintances.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

UNION PACIFIC

IS THE Favorite Line TO ALL Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Montana, California, Oregon, Washington, AND Puget Sound Points.

For rates, tickets, or any desired information apply to W. H. KNIGHT, General Agent, 192 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

LEAGUE HOTEL, OAK PARK.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN RESORT.

Elegantly furnished throughout. Electric light, gas, hot and cold water, baths, steam heating, open fireplaces, and other modern accessories. Spacious grounds. Rooms with board by the week, $8.00 to $15.00 for one; or $13.00 to $20.00 for two occupants. Stable bear by under same management.

R. S. INGALLS, Proprietor.

THOMASVILLE, GA.

PINEY WOODS HOTEL

OPENS DEC. 4, 1890.

MITCHELL HOTEL

OPENS JAN. 10, 1891.

UNDER ONE MANAGEMENT.

M. A. BOWER, Proprietor.

For circulars, rates, &c., address WM. T. DAVIES, Thomasville, Ga., or F. A. BUDLONG, Windsor Hotel, New York City. Specify hotel when writing.

FOR FURS, CAPES, GARMENTS, AND ALL FASHIONABLE FURS

A visit to SHAYNE'S will convince you that Shayne's is Headquarters.

CHICAGO, OCT. 14, 1890. RECEIVER'S OFFICE, Park National Bank of Chicago, Room 504 Owings Building, Treasury Department office of Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, D. C., July 29, 1890. Notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the Park National Bank of Chicago, Illinois, that the same must be presented to Gilbert R. Shaw, Receiver, with legal proof thereof, within three months from this date or they may be disallowed. E. S. LACEY, Comptroller of the Currency.

MR. F. A. LANGLOIS,

For many years known to the best Fur trade in the city, will be pleased to see his old friends and customers at the Celebrated Fur House of JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO., 191 and 193 State-st.

Breakfast Wares.

The quaint old English Patterns seem so particularly adapted to breakfast services that we have secured from Messrs. Copeland & Sons a line of Cups and Saucers, Plates, Sugars and Creams, Chop Platters, Wheat Cake Covers, etc., in the following charming old patterns, viz.: Ionic, Old Bouquet, Mandarin, Eaton, Crossbar, and Old Crow. These patterns are printed on the Spode Imperial Body, and set handsome and artistic morning tables. Very moderate in price.

Burley & Company

77, 79, and 81 State-st.

CHINA. DECORATIVE FAIENCE. GLASS.

"THE FAIR"

State, Adams, and Dearborn-sts.

SPECIAL SALE TRIMMED HATS.

...OUR...

Millinery Dept.

Will place on sale today about 600 of the latest designs in Trimmed Hats at

$1.95, $2.48, $2.88, $3.48, $3.95, $4.48,

And up to $12.48 Each.

SOFT WORDS NOT ENOUGH.

STRONGER MEASURES NEEDED TO PREVENT KILLINGS IN AFRICA.

So Says E. J. Glave, Who Has Witnessed Some of the Murders—One of the Executions Where the Visitor Was a Spectator—How the Victim's Head Was Taken Off—Natives Killed for Fun—The Slave Trade—At the Hotels.

"I had the pleasure of witnessing a negro execution once," said E. J. Glave at the Sherman House yesterday. Mr. Glave has just returned from Alaska, where he has been exploring the interior, but for the six years prior to that he was in the Congo country with Stanley. "I had the pleasure of seeing this execution and of knowing that I wasn't strong enough to stop it. I was allowed to witness it only on the condition that I and my companion should be unarmed. But for that I should have shot the chief and the executioner. Afterward I did have forces enough to prevent it, and for two years there weren't any wanton killings. The missionaries have the place now and the slaughter is going merrily on. Soft words won't stop it. It takes something more than that to put the fear of God into those blacks. But I am drifting away from my story. Some old woman of influence had died, and accordingly to celebrate the occasion a slave had to be sacrificed. He was lashed fast in a kind of a seat and a pliant stem about fifteen feet long stuck into the ground near him. The top of it was bent over and tied fast to his head so that his neck was as taut as a fiddle-string. That was the first time I had seen them use one of their soft iron knives and I expected to see the poor fellow's neck haggled into rags, but I heard only a click when it struck the bones of the spinal column, and the man's head shot away like a pebble in a sling. A fountain of blood spouted from his neck, and the body worked and twitched exactly as a chicken does when its head is cut off. The head when picked up was chattering its jaws and rolling its eyes.

"It's awful, the amount of killing that goes on in Africa. A tribe will make up a party and go out to make captives in an adjoining village. They wait until after night and then fire upon the village until its defenders are killed. They take the rest of the folk and make slaves of them. Some are killed for the mere fun of killing them, some are slaughtered to be eaten, some for sacrifice, and others die from cruel treatment. About five out of every six captives taken die by violence. As a consequence interior Africa is being rapidly depopulated. One may go for hundreds of miles and not see a man, but may note the charred stumps which mark where villages have once been."

"Are there no wise chiefs who can see that this is destructive to their own best interests?"

"No. The chiefs are the men who have the most slaves. Of course they don't want to destroy a system that makes them rich. The poor men all hope to be slave-owners themselves. If anybody should talk against slavery he would be laughed at. It can be stopped, though, by white men taking control of the country and putting the clamps down. If any killings take place get the head chief and shoot him or string him up. No nonsense. Make him pay the penalty. It wouldn't be long before it would be an unpopular and unsafe thing to kill just for the fun of it. Have swift boats to ply up and down the rivers and men with guns that can shoot straight and slavery in Africa could be put down. It would have to be done with an iron hand, though. Soft words don't count there."

Herr Diussen of Aachen, Westphalia, Germany, one of the members of the Verein Deutsche Eisenhuttenleute, will go back home minus a finger. He attended the reception at the Auditorium the other night and the door slammed on his finger, crushing the bones. It had to be amputated.

Grand Pacific — R. C. Ryan, London; Thomas Riley, St. Paul; L. H. Selden, Minneapolis; J. C. Sewell, Portland, Ore.; Miss Nellie Yairteo, Santa Monica, Cal.; Frank F. Emerson, Omaha; F. B. Walker, Bancroft, Neb.; Miss Skinner, Westfield, N. Y.; Jacob Woolfner and wife, Peoria; Mrs. Wolfner, Peoria; A. M. Richards and wife, Bloomington, Ill.

Wellington—Delmore Elwell, New York; Thomas K. Eustace, Dixon, Ill.; H. A. Cook and wife, Fairbault, Minn.; F. H. Tell and wife, Jacksonville, Ill.; J. H. Osborne and wife, Jacksonville, Ill.; W. E. S. Bunn and wife, Peoria, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. M. Hale, Washington, D. C.; C. A. Brant and wife, La Grange, Ind.; Thomas Brady, L'Anse.

Auditorium—Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Smith, Bridgeport, Conn.; C. C. Foster, Saginaw, Mich.; Francis G. Ward, Buffalo; James U. Lent, Boston; E. H. Wells, Pittsburg; A. C. Woodworth and son, Denver; George F. Green, Portland, Ore.; T. L. Livermore, Boston; J. C. Sewell, Portland, Ore.; Henry D. Barber, Polo, Ill.

Tremont—I P. Rice, Cleveland; S. Beckwith and wife, W. Walsh, Green Lake; D. C Wright and family, San Francisco; L. Chase, Sioux City; C. M. Radford, Kansas City; J. N. Manson, Warsaw, Wis.; Mrs. F. P. Pagan, H. S Ewell, Cheboygan, Mich.

Richelieu—George Sheidley, Kansas City; A. E. Brown and wife, Evanston; T. B. Pratt, Brooklyn, N. Y.; C. M. Caverly, Boston; C. L. Cummings, Boston; C. L. Brace and wife, New York; Charles A. Peabody and wife, New York; W. G. Berlin and wife, New York.

Leland—W. S. Hayes, Akron, O.; W. S. Hopkins, Philadelphia; Col. R. T. O'Brien, Fort Sheridan; George W. Allen and wife, Sedalia, Mo.; F. J. Johnson, C. E. Johnson, Milwaukee; George H. Wiman, Kalamazoo.

Sherman—Finis Cartright, Louisville, Ky.; C. W. Fischer and wife, Pittsburg; George C. Hopper and wife, Detroit; W. H. Newell and wife, San Luis Potosi, Mexico.

To California Without Change.

In Pullman drawing-room sleeping-cars or colonist sleepers running through from Chicago to San Francisco via the Chicago, Union Pacific, and Northwestern Line. Ticket offices No. 208 Clark street, Oakley Avenue Station, and passenger station, corner Wells and Kinzie streets.

We're all of us guilty of trying to buy good, honest, reliable merchandise at impossible prices, and we've ALL of us fooled ourselves many times by purchasing the sightly things that looked cheap and all right to our inexpert eyes, until at last most of us have learned that reputable goods of well-known, trusted, and tried brands are the most satisfactory and the most economical to us.

Ask the Grocer if he has'nt found it so.
As the Dry Goods man if we are not right.
Ask the Hardware Dealer about this, or
Ask the Shoe Dealer if this is not so.

Probably you don't need to ask any one, you know it is so. The only thing is to determine "WHICH are the reliables?"

ROGERS, PEET & CO.

Are pre-eminently a house of this kind. When you mothers look at their Children's Suits and Overcoats you can see at a glance they are well made; you can see the linings are GOOD, pockets STRONG, buttonholes WELL MADE, buttons sewed on firmly, and that they fit well. You don't expect such results cost the least money, but the fact is reliable merchandise is sold at the closest percentages of profit, and yet it pays the dealer best, because it brings the most permanent patronage. Such goods cost but the merest trifle more than what is deceptive and superficial.

B., P. & Co. Knee Pant Suits..range $6.50 to $18
Other makes of Knee Pant Suits....$4.00 to $7.50
B., P. & Co. Boys' Long Pant Suits..
Range $12.00 to $25.00
Other makes of Long Pant Suits..
Range $7.50 to $14.00
B., P. & Co.'s Boys' Overcoats..$12.00 to $25.00
Other makes of Boys' Overcoats..$5.00 to $15.00

F. M. ATWOOD,
Clark and Madison-sts.,
Northwest Corner.

The Chicago Tribune IS THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF AMERICA

IMPORTERS of
Rothschild Bros.' Celebrated $1.00 KID GLOVES.

ROTHSCHILD BROS 180 STATE-ST.

OPEN TODAY "The Latest"
—IN—
KID GLOVES.

"OXBLOOD"—"CARDINAL"
Are the Newest Colors.
All Lengths. All Styles.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Our Kid Gloves

Every Pair { *FITTED TO THE HAND.* *WARRANTED* (A new pair for all that break in putting on or fail to give satisfaction.)

LADIES'
6-button length Dressed Kid "Biarrits" Mousquetaires.
7-hook Foster Lacing Real Kid Suedes (undressed).
8-inch Suede (Undressed) Mousquetaires.
5-hook and 4-button Real Kid Gloves.

MEN'S
2-clasp Real Kid Gloves (embroidered or spear backs).
2-clasp Dogskin Gloves (street or driving).
2-clasp English Cape Gloves (unbreakable drivers).
2-clasp Plymouth Buck Gloves (heavy drivers).

BOYS' AND GIRLS'
6-button length Dressed Kid "Biarrits" Mousquetaires.
5-hook Foster Lacing Real Kid Gloves.
4-button Real Kid Gloves.
2-button Boys' Pique Real Kid Gloves.

—ALL— —ONE PRICE— *$1.00* *Fitted to the Hand. WARRANTED.*

EVENING GLOVES.

We sell the very best quality shoulder length Suede Mousquetaires—
In Oxblood, Heliotrope, Light Green, Sky, Tans, Grays, Pearl, Cream, Rose, White, Black— *$3.50* *Every Pair Fitted and Warranted.*

ROTHSCHILD BROS., 180 State-st.

JAMES·H·WALKER & CO. WABASH AV. ADAMS ST.

The most complete and varied line of Ladies' Jackets we have ever shown. Good, honest material, well made, newest and most stylish shapes—no trash; every garment is guaranteed.

At $6.50 Ladies' Black Cheviot Reefers, tailor-made, perfect fitting.

At $8.50 Soft-finished Black Cheviot Reefers, shawl collar, tailor made.

At $10.00 Ladies' Black Diagonal Cheviot, silk bound, satin facings, tailor-made, shawl collar, or a fine Black or Navy Reefer, with embroidered shawl collar.

At $15.00 Exquisite Black Cheviot Reefers, with edged front of Astrachan and Astrachan shawl collar.

At $22.00 Ladies' Fine Black Cheviot Reefer, silk-lined, Astrachan shawl collar and facings, or a Black Diagonal Cheviot Vest Jacket, black Astrachan shawl collar and facings.

Our entire line of Plush Reefers, Jackets, and Long Coats, plain and fur trimmed, are offered at OLD PRICES. The same are also maintained on Seal Garments, notwithstanding the unprecedented advance in the price of Sealskins.

JAMES·H·WALKER & CO. WABASH AV. ADAMS ST.

LADIES' CENTEMERI GLOVES.

During the next few days we shall offer a lot of the celebrated P. Centemeri & Co.'s Kid Gloves, which are an unusual bargain.

3-Button in Black,
5-Button in Black,
5-Button Suede in Colors, $1.00 PAIR.

Also one lot of Ladies' and Misses' Cashmere Gloves, usually sold for 35c pair, at 19c pair. These goods are of excellent quality and in perfect condition.

FURS Seal Garments, Fur Capes, AND ALL FASHIONABLE FURS, Lowest Prices for Reliable Goods. JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO. Manufacturers, 191 and 193 State-st.

GENEVA OPTICAL CO. Manufacturers and Importers of Optical Goods. 2 Washington-st. Chicago

Candy CHAS. W. BARNES' CELEBRATED HATS. Unsurpassed for Quality and Style. NEW STORE. 223 STATE-ST.

Try us: experiment of sending $1 $2.50, or $5.00 for a box of candy, FREE PAID by express from Denver east to Boston west of the best candy in America. Address C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, Chicago

A Splendid Opportunity.

CLEARING SALE OF FINE
Wall Papers.

Will close out lots of French, English and American Goods at Half Their Value.

POSITIVE BARGAINS.

W. P. NELSON & CO.,
193 WABASH AVENUE.

Oriental Carpets and Rugs.

WAIT

For grand sale Oriental Rug Collection valued at One Hundred Thousand Dollars. Grandest collection ever seen in the United States. All imported before McKinley bill went into effect. All to be sold at auction about Nov. 1 by order of

COSTIKYAN FRERES.

Chas. Gossage & Co.,
State and Washington-sts.

For the purpose of acquainting our customers with the NEW LOCATION of the stocks mentioned below in our recently annexed buildings we announce for this week a GREAT MONEY-SAVING SALE of

Druggists' Sundries, Perfumes, Toilet Articles & Jewelry.

This will be the opportunity of the season to secure Standard Goods in these lines at Nominal Prices.

SUNDRIES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

GENUINE MARIE FARINA COLOGNE, 35c bottle. Regular Price.....50c.
PURE BAY TREE BAY RUM, 15c bottle. Regular Price.....25c.
COUDRAY'S SACHET POWDER, Violet, Jockey Club, Heliotrope, White Rose, 20c oz. Regular Price.....25c.
SHEFFIELD'S CREAM DENTIFRICE, 15c tube. Regular Price.....20c.
ENAMEL'D HANDLE WHISK BROOMS 7c each. Regular Price.....15c.
SOLID BACK FRENCH HAIR BRUSHES FLORENCE HAIR BRUSHES, 45c each. Regular Price.....75c each.

TEINETEINE.
Small Size .50
Large Size $1.00

SOAPS.
Colgate's, Oakley's, and Other Standard Makes. Your Choice, 4 cakes for 25c. Regular Prices, 10c to 15c per cake.
CASTILE SOAP, 5-lb. Bars, 45c. Regular Price, 65c.

PERFUMES.
Lautier's May Bells, Lautier's Lilac Bloom, 25c oz. Regular Price, 40c.
Atkinson's Celebrated Odors, White Rose, Violet, Wood Violet, Jockey Club, Opoponax, etc., 35c per oz. Regular Price.....50c.

JEWELRY AND NOVELTIES.

TRIPLE-PLATED SILVER MATCH BOXES, $1.00 each; regular prices, $1.50 to $2.00.
TRIPLE-PLATED BON-BON BOXES, $1.00 each; regular price, $1.50 each.
SOLID GOLD RINGS, for ladies and misses, set with Pearls, Garnets, Moonstones, etc., $1.00 each; regular prices up to $3.00.
TRIPLE GOLD-PLATED CUFF BUTTONS, ladies' and gents', $1.00 pair; regular prices up to $2.50 pair.
BRACELETS—Sterling Silver and Triple Gold Plate, an assortment of novel designs, $1.00 each; regular prices up to $2.50 each.
TRIPLE GOLD-PLATED HAIR ORNAMENTS, $1 each; regular prices up to $2.50 each.
LADIES' BAR PINS, Sterling Silver and Triple Gold Plate, $1.00 each; regular prices up to $2.50 each.
LADIES' JERSEY CHAIN PINS, Sterling Silver and Triple Gold Plate, $1.00 each; regular prices up to $2.50 each.
LADIES' TRIPLE-PLATED BEAD NECK-LACES, $1.95 each; regular prices up to $3.00 each.

CARSON PIRIE & CO.
Wabash-av. and Adams.

Today we begin a Sale of
Fine Handkerch'fs
Of such exceptional merit that we very strongly urge our patrons to avail themselves of the opportunity without delay.

Ladies' Fine Handkerchiefs,
White and colored embroidered, hemstitched, drawn work, cut edges, and initial, 25c Each.

Ladies' White Handkerchiefs,
Very superior quality, new and handsome designs, convent work, white and colored embroidered, hemstitched, drawn work, revere, cut edges, silk initial, 50c Each.

We have also a full line of GENTLEMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS at Greatly Reduced Prices.

It is no exaggeration to say that the above prices are just ONE-HALF the real value

CARSON PIRIE & CO.
Wabash-av. and Adams.

We have now received all the latest Novelties in
LADIES'
Flannel Waists and Jerseys,
Ladies' Flannel Norfolk Waists
In Navy Blue, Wine, and Slate,
$3.00.

LADIES' NORFOLK WAISTS,
In Fancy Striped Tricot, with Velvet Collar and Cuffs, a most Perfect-Fitting Waist,
$3.50.

Ladies' Glove-Fitting Jerseys,
High Shoulders, and all this season's new styles, in black and colors,
$2.00 to $5.00.

OPTICAL EMPORIUM
—OF—
1868—L. MANASSE—1890
88 Madison-st.
(Tribune Building.)

THE VALUE OF SPECTACLES Depends on the skill of the optician. We are skilled and have the Spectacles, Opera and Tourists' Glasses, Microscopes Telescopes, Barometers Drawing Tools, Photographic Outfits, Magic Lanterns, Artificial Human Eyes, &c.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

The Hosiery Department announces its First Special Sale of Fall Goods for 1890. A quantity of Ladies' and Children's goods have been purchased especially for this sale and are offered at unusually low prices. The sale will continue through this week, and includes the following:

100 DOZEN Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, with double sole and high spliced heels, at 50c a pair
100 DOZEN Children's Black Cashmere Ribbed Hose 5-5½, 30c. 6-6½, 35c. 7-7½, 40c. 8-8½, 45c. 9, 50c a pair
75 DOZEN Ladies' BURLINGTON FAST BLACK fleece lined hose, extra value at 35c a pair

We keep constantly on hand a complete line of "BURLINGTON FAST BLACK" Cotton and Lisle Thread Hosiery at from 25c to $2.50 a pair

We guarantee this brand to be positively fast and clean. They will not crock or fade in washing.

EQUESTRIAN TIGHTS for Ladies and Children continue to grow in popular favor. We are showing an extremely large line of these goods in Cotton, Lisle Thread, Wool, and Silk, at prices which place them within the reach of all.

Ladies will find them an indispensable addition to the children's wardrobe after once using them.

Chas. Gossage & Co.
State and Washington-sts.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY!

CARPETS Axminster, Wilton, Moquette, Body Brussels, Tapestries, Ingrains, &c., &c. | **RUGS** Mecca, Bahn d'Ur, Camel's Hair, Daghestan, Eulaha, Bokhara, Smyrna, Art Squares, &c.

We strongly urge the public to take advantage of the present
"EXTREMELY LOW PRICES."

NOTE—We have just added 3,000 square feet of selling space to this department.

H. J. Furber & Company

OUR FORMAL
OPENING
OF EUROPEAN NOVELTIES IN
Dress Goods and Silks
TAKES PLACE
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY.
YOU ARE INVITED.

138, 140, 142, and 144 State-st.

Pages 9 to 12.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1890—TWELVE PAGES.

Here is another opportunity for THE TRIBUNE's patrons to exercise their guessing faculties in a profitable manner:

THE TRIBUNE will give to the person making the closest estimate on the majority in this State for Franz Amberg, Republican candidate for State Treasurer, over the Democratic candidate, at the election Nov. 4, 1890, $100; for the next best estimate, $75; and for the third best estimate, $50.

Fill out the coupon below and send it to "Voting Editor TRIBUNE, Chicago, Ill."

Send in as many guesses as you please. The only restriction is that but one guess can be made on each coupon.

The coupon will appear in every issue of THE TRIBUNE up to the morning of Nov. 4.

The awards will be made as soon as the result is officially announced.

Remember, the offer is as follows:

Best Estimate	$100
Second Best Estimate	75
Third Best Estimate	50

I estimate the majority for Franz Amberg, Republican candidate for State Treasurer of Illinois, over Democratic candidate, at election Nov. 4, 1890, will be.....

Signed.....

Town.....

County.....

State.....

Street.....

No.....

CHICAGO TRIBUNE'S BALLOT FOR STATE TREASURER.

HOW TO REGULATE THE CHILD'S PLAY.

Another Interesting Lecture to Mothers at the Chicago Kindergarten.

"The Office and Meaning of Play" was the subject of Miss Harrison's talk to the mothers' class at the Chicago Kindergarten yesterday morning.

"'We are dull, therefore the child's life seems dull to us,'" said Miss Harrison, quoting Froebel. "Surely any one who understands what the child is trying to express in his hours of play would hardly call it dull or uninteresting. Some friends of Froebel were once describing to him a new microscopic discovery of some insects formerly invisible to the human eye, when he exclaimed: 'I will give you a microscope by which you can examine your child's soul!' This microscope was the true significance of play.

"Play is the inner nature of the child working outwardly. Study the play of your child and you will discover that which most interests him in all life for the time being. The play of a child is always voluntary. What is voluntarily done is the result of an inner prompting, not outer coercion, and this is what Froebel means when he says 'Play is the most spiritual activity at this period of life.'

"Childhood begins when play begins. Infancy merges by slow degrees into childhood and the transition should not be hurried or forced. Let the child live fully through each period. Childhood is predominantly the period of self-activity, of creative play, and not of acquisition of facts. That belongs to the next, or boyhood period.

"The child which enters into its play heartily will learn to throw the same effort and zeal into the work of later life. The mother can prepare her child for the work of after life by helping it to heartily appreciate play. Nurses as a rule and many mothers as well do too much for the child. It is easier to do it than to help the child just enough so it may feel it is doing it.

"All writers on the subject of child-training have advocated play for children as of the highest benefit. But it remained for Froebel to find the true nature and function of play and to demonstrate that by this instrumentality the child could be led into the same joyous zest for work that he had exhibited for the nursery games. And work is the salvation of the race.

"We shall occupy our first fifteen minutes next week in answering questions which the members of the class may desire to ask. Our subject will be, 'How to Aid the Child Enough and Not Too Much in His Play.'"

TO UNITE THE CHEYENNE INDIANS.

Gen. Miles One of a Commission to Treat with the Redskins.

Gen. Miles has been appointed by the Secretary of the Interior on a commission of three to negotiate with the Northern band of the Cheyenne Indians on the Tongue River, Montana, and with the Pine Ridge Cheyennes in Southwestern Dakóta to secure their removal to a common reservation. They are of the same tribe and don't like separation. The Pine Ridge redskins have the Sioux for neighbors, and their hatred of the Sioux is only equaled by that of the Sioux for them. The Sioux are strong in numbers, and the Cheyennes are perfectly willing to move. Neither reservation is big enough to hold the Cheyenne bands when consolidated, and to pick out a new one to be the work of the commission.

The other members are Bradley B. Smiley of Burlington, Vt., and John Sephar Jr. of Grand Forks, N. D.

The commission will meet in a few days in Washington, and thence go to Tongue River Agency, and afterward to Pine Ridge.

A majority of the male Northern Cheyennes must consent to the removal before it can be accomplished, and in accordance with a former treaty three-fourths of their Pine Ridge brethren must agree.

The western part of the Crow Reservation in Montana will doubtless be selected for the Cheyennes' future home, provided the Crows agree. They do not use this section, and perhaps they will let the Cheyennes in for a consideration. When the Crow reservation come to vote on the question of the partition of their land there may be the same lively times that occurred when the Sioux were balloting about splitting their reservation.

Class Officers at Harvard Elected.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—The seniors of Harvard University elected last evening the following class-day officers: Arthur James Cumnock, Lowell, First Marshal: Horace Andrew Davis, Cambridge, Permanent Class Secretary; Orator, Charles Wesley Willard, Montpelier; Poet, Hugh McCulloch Jr., Howardsville, Va.; Odist, Sewell Carroll Brackett, Jamaica Plains; Ivy Orator, Arthur Boylston Nichols, Boston; Chorister, Kenneth McKenzie, Cambridge; Chairman of the Class-Day Committee, John Lockwood Dodge, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Half Rates to Pittsburg Via B. and O. R. R.

On account of the Missionary Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church, to be held in Pittsburg Oct. 20 to 23, inclusive, the B. and O. will sell tickets to Pittsburg and return at $10.50 for the round trip Oct. 18, 19, and 20, tickets good returning up to and including Oct. 24. Through sleepers and dining-car service on vestibuled limited train leaving Chicago at 2:55 p. m. Also through sleepers and day coaches on train leaving Chicago at 5:55 p. m.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.
For clearness and fine flavor unsurpassed.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 15.—[SPECIAL.]—The Secretary of State today granted permission for the organization of the following corporations:

Continental Lumber Company; location Chicago; to buy and sell lumber; capital stock $25,000; incorporators J. V. Brennan, Edwin R. Neeley, and Alonzo A. Exline.

Cavaner Railway Power Transmission and Brake Company; location Chicago; to manufacture and sell railway appliances; capital stock $200,000; incorporators Alexander K. Cavener, Thomas E. Freeman, and Harry C. Whitehead.

Osborn Construction company; location, Chicago; to carry on a general engineering and contracting business; capital stock, $100,000; incorporators, Porter J. Norton, Theodore Burkhard, and Judson Latin.

Sparta Livery and Sales Stable; location, Sparta; to conduct a livery and boarding stable; capital stock, $10,000; incorporators, M. A. Dennis, A. A. Brown, and James Bottom.

Williams Paper, Twine and Cordage company; location, Chicago; to manufacture paper, twine, and cordage; capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, F. J. Williams, James C. Hoyt, and H. W. Campbell.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPERTY for $1,000 and upwards were filed for record Wednesday, Oct. 15:

Cornell av, 465 ft n of Fifty-third st, w f, and ½ of 125x125 ft, dated Oct. 11 (H. H. Sprague to F. P. Sprague)..... $ 7,500

North Paulina st, 156 ft s of Wabansia av, s f, 24x124 ft, dated May 20 (J. Sullivan to F. Hemig)..... 1,000

Normal av, 81 ft s of Wabansia, e f, 24x100 ft, dated Oct. 9 (J. M. Eckhardt to C. J. Eckhardt)..... 1,550

Charles st, n e cor of One Hundred and Twelfth, w f, 600 ft to alley, dated Sept. 22 (J. A. Dixon to H. C. McCally)..... 1,100

Sheldon st, 286 ft s of Byron, w f, 100x176 ft; also Lawndale av, near Fifty-third st, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct 11 (Mary Peeples to Anna Engo)..... 3,240

West Sixteenth st, 95 ft e of Rockwell, s f, 24x124 ft, dated Sept 29 (P. Keller to M. E. Keller)..... 4,000

Lot 16, Blk 4, Kensington, dated Oct 1 (S. Klee to A. Neuber)..... 5,000

Milton av, 196 ft s of Elm st, w f, 25x100 ft, dated Oct. 15 (estate of C. Abrahamson to H. Merz)..... 1,000

West Polk st, n e cor of Francisco av, s f, 51x124 ft, dated Oct 13 (J. A. Brooks to L. Kaiser)..... 2,875

Nebraska st, 200 ft w of Loomis, s f, 32x100 ft, dated Oct. 1 (M./H. Reidy to H. Moorse)..... 3,150

Throop st, bet Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth, e f, 100x125 ft, dated Oct. 4 (J. A. Todd to M. S. Winter)..... 4,900

May st, n e cor Seventieth, w f, 48x124 ft, dated Sept. 15 (G. J. Taige to G. Taige)..... 1,540

North Oakley av, 125 ft s of Hirsch st, w f, 25x124 ft, dated April 13, 1889 (A. Loeb to J. Jensen). 1,200

Same property, dated Oct. 4 (same to same)..... 4,200

Twenty-second st, 300 ft w of Hoyne av, n f, 25x124 ft, dated Sept. 30 (G. M. Hord to A. A. Ehrmann)..... 1,300

Hewes st, 170 ft n of North av, e f, 25x120 ft, dated Oct. 14 (P. Hoffmann to J. Nowak)..... 2,250

Desplaines st, 412 ft s of Fifty-third, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Aug. 18 (J. Kirby to H. McCormick)..... 2,000

Desplaines st, 62 ft s of Fifty-third, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 14 (H. McCormick to J. Kirby)..... 2,000

Wabash av, 99 ft n of Thirty-sixth st, w f, 25x183½ ft, improved, dated Sept. 29 (A. M. Reinheimer to J. and C. Murphy)..... 12,100

Ohio st, 288½ ft w of Ashland av, s f, 24x78 ft, dated Oct. 14 (H. Culver to H. Anderson)..... 1,400

Belmont av, 130½ ft w of Pine Grove, n f, 81½x150 ft, dated May 24 (W. L. Schrader to H. Dietrich)..... 10,000

Same property, dated Sept. 22 (H. Dietrich to A. J. and W. Thaler)..... 10,062

24 lots in Jeffery-Av Syndicate sub of blk 3, Caroline sub, 25, 38, 14, dated Oct. 14 (S. Loewenstein et al. to H. W. Ames)..... 15,000

Albany av, 186 ft s of W. Madison st, e f, 25x124 ft, imp, dated Sept. 24 (W. R. Patterson to E. Emrich)..... 3,185

Campbell av, 32 ft s of Van Buren st, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 1 (M. J. Frawley to A. Crail et al)..... 2,500

Michigan av, 100 ft s of Seventy-fourth st, e f, 100x182 ft, dated Sept. 12 (A. M. Rothschild to P. Fish.)..... 3,000

Kedzie av, between Armitage av and Courtland st, e f, 50x177 ft, dated June 21 (T. E. Morris to J. M. and S. C. Bietz)..... 1,350

Seventy-eighth place, n e cor of Railroad av, e e f, 50x130 ft, dated Sept. 11 (R. W. Bridges to A. Lovell)..... 2,500

Cook st, between Sixtieth and Sixty-first, w f, 25x124½ ft, dated Sept. 1 (E. P. Strandberg to O. Ahlquist)..... 1,000

Edgar st, 213 ft s of West Cityburn place, e f, 24x125 ft, dated Oct. 11 (J. Kindt to F. Kindt). 1,000

Campbell av, 125½ ft n of Forty-eighth st, w f, 100x124 ft, dated Oct. 1 (G. O. Gordon to C. W. Lobdell)..... 34,000

St. Lawrence av, s w cor of Forty-fourth place, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 10 (M. J. Boardman to J. Johnston)..... 2,500

Butterfield st, bet Fortieth and Forty-first, w f, 25x100 ft, dated Oct. 15 (J. Finnegan to M. C. Conley)..... 1,900

Thomas st, s w cor of Dudley, n f, 25x106 ft, dated Oct. 7 (J. F. Lorenzen to H. C. Ball)..... 1,380

West Kinzie st, 201½ ft e of Forty-fourth, n f, 25x100 ft, dated Oct. 3 (Porter & Goodman to D. Scannel)..... 1,150

Wright st, 24 ft n of Pierce pl, e f, 48x125 ft, dated Aug. 20 (G. Gordon to G. J. and S. Morey)..... 2,500

Wallace st, 72 ft n of Tremont, w f, 24x125 ft, dated Aug. 20 (G. J. and F. S. Morey to G. Gordon)..... 4,300

Irving av, 454 ft n of Taylor st, w f, 25x136 ft, dated Sept. 1 (E. Weichsel to R. C. Chandler) 3,000

Pine Grove av, 300 ft n of Nellie st, w f, 100x228 ft, dated Sept. 11 (A. and E. Arend to J. G. Kircher)..... 10,000

Washington st, 251 ft e of West Forty-first, s f, 252x130 ft, dated Sept. 1 (E. H. Porter to D. Norris)..... 2,050

Edward av, near Seventy-eighth st, e f, 25x199 ft, dated Oct. 1 (G. O. Lindstrom to J. P. Olson)..... 2,000

State st, 128 ft s of Twenty-sixth st, w f, 64x166 ft, dated Sept. 30 (J. Addison to P. L. Hulten)..... 14,850

Seventy-first st, 110 ft e of Woodlawn av, n f, 100x125 ft, with 37x125 ft in same subdivision, dated Aug. 15 (H. T. Miller to M. A. Loring)..... 11,400

Thirty-first st, 282 ft w of Laurel, s f, 24x124 ft, dated Aug. 7 (J. Dickson to P. Sullivan)..... 1,200

California av, near n e cor of Bismark st, w f, 25x100 ft, dated Sept. 11 (E. D. and M. D. Dean to F. Proehle)..... 1,500

North Paulina st, 100 ft n of Austin av, w f, 24x99 ft, dated Oct. 15 (W. Hunstock to M. Kehoe)..... 2,000

The premises No. 467 South Leavitt st, dated Oct. 15 (W. McCarthy to W. J. and M. McLaughlin)..... 4,000

Jeffery av, 141 ft w of Eighty-second st, w f, 100x125 ft, dated Sept. 30 (J. J. Seppie to C. Haffner)..... 2,400

St. Lawrence av, n w cor of Forty-fourth place, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 1 (M. J. Boardman to J. Johnston)..... 3,500

Englewood av, w of Wallace st, s f, 32½x124½ ft, dated Sept. 15 (G. Tatge to G. J. Tatge)..... 4,000

Center st, 175 ft w of Evanston av, s f, 25½x150 ft, dated Aug. 30 (A. Chytraus to Wm. Kunz). 1,125

Center st, 394 ft w of Evanston av, s f, 40x150 ft, dated Aug. 30 (Same to F. Smeeding)..... 1,100

Aberdeen st, 91 ft e of Sixtieth, w f, 25x124½ ft, dated Oct. 13 (E. Nilson to T. E. Miller)..... 3,800

Lot 8, S. ½ of Blk 9, Eggleston, M. B. sub to Auburn Park, Sec. 29, 38, 14, dated Oct. 4 (E. and D. Pollock to Arnold & McArthur)..... 6,000

18 lots in B 1, 20 lots B 4, 2 lots B 5, 20 lots B 6, all of Blk 1 and 8, Washington & Barrington Add to Pullman, dated Sept. 9 (W. C. Bartlett to L. W. Yaggy)..... 40,000

Lots 47 and 48 of Blk 1, Boones st, s w ¼ Sec. 4, 37, 14, dated Oct. 13 (S. A. McCary to C. J. Sullivan)..... 1,000

Austin av, s of Lawrence, e f, 100x128 ft, dated Sept. 30 (L. E. Crandall to A. H. Brotzman)..... 1,200

Dover st, n of Irving Park blvd, w f, 125x129 ft, dated Oct. 14 (same to A. H. Brotzman)..... 1,750

First st w of Halsted and s of Sulzer, w f, 50x134½ ft, dated Oct. 13 (H. J. Wallingford to J. M. Dowling)..... 2,900

Harvard st, w of Forty-second, n f, 125x129 ft, dated Oct. 14 (A. G. McCormick to R. G. Nesbitt)..... 1,200

Twelfth st, 100½ ft w of Albany av, n f, 25x118 ft, dated Oct. 13 (D. J. Coyne to W. J. Heinss Jr.)..... 2,050

Davlin st, 679 ft n of Lake, e r, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 9 (S. C. Sullivan to S. W. Both)..... 1,600

Oakdale av, 120½ ft w of Evanston, s f, 20½x90 ft, dated Oct 4 (R. Elder to G. W. Elder)..... 1,600

Herndon st, 25 ft s of Nellie st, e f, 24x125½ ft, dated Sept. 11 (H. G. Haugan to W. F. Marr)..... 9,000

Ellis av, n w cor of Forty-second st, e f, and ½ of 111½ ft to alley, dated April 1 (C. S. Jones to W. Meador)..... 1,000

Winter st, s of Garfield blvd, e f, 50x124 ft, dated July 29 (H. A. Gardner to J. J. McGrath)

Lot 2, Blk 11 of Lot 1, Warner's sub in Sec. 22, 40, 13, dated Oct 13 (J. B. Turck Jr. to L. N. Loacks)..... 1,000

Berkeley av, 197 ft s of Forty-fourth st, w f, 50x100 ft, dated Sept. 18 (B. F. Cronkrite et al. to A. J. Bennett)..... 1,000

Oakenwald av, 30 ft s of Orchard st, w f, 25x111 ft, dated Oct. 15 (O. H. Ward to C. C. Deardoff)..... 1,000

North Paulina st, 276 ft s of Tuttle av, e f, 50x166 ft, dated Oct. 8 (A. B. Fryer to P. Christoffel)..... 1,000

Delaware st, 141 ft w of West Forty-eighth, s f, 25x125 ft, dated Aug. 29 (C. E. Gebbeis to M. H. Evans)..... 3,600

Grand boulevard, 94 ft e of Forty-second-st, w f, 21x150 ft, dated Oct. 10 (H. R. Wilson to G. C. Worthington)..... 16,500

South Chicago av, between Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth sts, s w f, 50x124 ft, dated Sept. 15 (W. Jacobs to W. G. Denney)..... 2,750

South Chicago av, between Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth sts, e w f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 4 (same to M. Florence)..... 1,375

South Chicago av, between Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth sts, s w f, 100x125 ft, dated Sept. 15 (same to J. J. Morris)..... 5,500

South Chicago av, s of Seventy-first st, n e f, 64x130 ft, dated Oct. 6 (V. P. Keeney to D. Lennon)..... 8,000

Turner st, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth, w f, 25x125 ft, dated Oct. 15 (A. Hasselleaf to G. Engdall)..... 2,600

Lot on court between State st and Wabash av, and between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth, e f, 100x28 ft, dated Sept. 15 (J. Cox to Chicago South Side Rapid Transit R. R. Co.)..... 5,000

Lot on court between State st and Wabash av, and between Twentieth and Twenty-first, e f, 25 ft, dated Sept. 16 (same to same)..... 1,920

Lot on court between State st and Wabash av, and between Twentieth and Twenty-first, lines, 14x25 ft, dated Sept. 16 (M. M. Stewart to same)..... 1,120

Wabash av, 149 ft n of Thirty-seventh st, w f, 25x114 ft, dated March 15 (S. W. George to M. Calhoun)..... 3,125

Champlain av, n w cor of 30th st, e f, 100x130 ft, dated Sept. 11 (E. D. and M. D. Dean to F. Proehle)..... 8,750

Henry st, 300 ft w of Paulina, s f, 24x118 ft, dated Oct. 15 (E. L. Stubbe to C. Tabbert)..... 4,350

Grand blvd, 42 ft s of Forty-second st, w f, 21x150 ft, dated Oct. 10 (H. R. Wilson to N. B. Record)..... 16,500

Vilas av, 74 ft e of Leavitt st, n f, 74x121 ft, dated Sept. 1 (J. C. Kohn to C. E. Lukens)..... 1,100

La Salle av, opposite Carl st, w f, 25x120 ft, improved, dated Oct. 6 (M. E. Sands to A. Gruenklee)..... 13,000

North Robey st, 82 ft s of Bryson, w f, 25x150 ft, dated Oct. 14 (M. C. Gehrke to E. G. Grey)..... 4,000

208 lots in D. S. Place's third addition, situated n e cor Twelfth and West Forty-fourth sts, dated Aug. 14 (S. Kerr to J. C. Schumacher)..... 124,000

Grand boulevard, s e cor of Vincennes place, w f, 125x150 ft, dated July 5 (H. Dibblee to F. H. Fleming)..... 28,125

Same property as above, dated Sept. 29 (F. H. Fleming to J. C. Griffin et al)..... 30,000

Grand boulevard, n e cor of Vincennes place, w f, 140½x150 ft, dated Sept. 29 (same to same) 33,600

Same property, dated Sept. 29 (H. Dibblee to F. H. Fleming)..... 31,500

The above was by error reported on Forestville av.

OUTSIDE SALES.

One hundred and twenty-third st, s w cor of Crawford av, 40 acres, ex R. R., dated Sept. 11 (R. D. Curtis to G. R. Letourneau)..... 36,000

63.40 acres in W ½ S E ¼ Sec. 31, 41, 12, dated Oct. 3 (C. N. Neise to F. Boskill)..... 32,000

All of Lowry's Add. to Norwood Park, dated Aug. 1 (C. D. McLelland to L. V. Smith)..... 27,000

West Sixteenth st, 600 ft e of Austin av, 10 acres, dated Aug. 22 (W. S. Ramey to C. F. Walker). 20,000

NEW SUBDIVISIONS.

Lowry's Add to Norwood Park, by C. D. McLelland.

Seventy-sixth st, s e cor of Jeffery av, by H. W. Ames.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT ISSUED THE following permits yesterday:

O. Y. Lindman, two-story brick dwelling, No. 4721 Ellis av., to cost $15,000.

W. A. Dunsher, seven-story brick flats, Nos. 271 and 273 Oakwoods av., to cost $50,000.

P. E. Argus, two-story frame dwelling, Grand Terrace and Jefferson st., to cost $1,800.

H. K. Tenny, two-story frame dwelling, No. 5221 Kimbark av., to cost $3,000.

Charles Drummond, two-story brick barn and dwelling, Ravenswood, to cost $6,500.

Thiele & Pingston, two-story brick flats, No. 358 Roscoe st., to cost $4,500.

Jenny Lloyd, one-story brick cottage, Oakwoods and Archer avs., to cost $1,000.

U. Urbanaky, one-story brick cottage, No. 879 Thirty-third st., to cost $1,000.

Charles R. Sayton, to erect two two-story brick flats at Nos. 7067 and 7039 Sherman st, to cost $4,000.

Frank Sbarbaro, to erect two three-story brick stores and flats at No. 1338 West Madison st, to cost $10,000.

A. Trepton, to erect a two-story frame addition at No. 6035 McChesney st, to cost $1,000.

Joseph Kilburg, to erect three-story brick flats at No. 51 Johnson st, to cost $5,500.

Rose Stane, to erect three-story brick flats at No. 126 Gurley st, to cost $8,000.

J. Kirchlofer, to erect three-story brick store and flats at No. 331 Lincoln av, to cost $2,500.

H. Fix, to erect a one-story frame cottage at No. 101 Perry av, to cost $1,000.

Julius Ratzeke, to erect one-story brick store and dwelling at No. 230 Armitage av, to cost $1,500.

W. Bock, to erect three-story brick barn and flats at No. 284 Sedgwick st, to cost $2,500.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—IRISH SETTER; FEMALE. APPLY 51 Seeley-av.

LOST—BETWEEN GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL and corner Washington and Clark-sts., a small pocketbook containing canceled checks and other papers of no value except to owner. Return same to DR. BENJAMIN BROWN, Southern Hotel, cor. 22d-st. and Wabash-av., and get $5 reward.

LOST—AT COLUMBIA THEATER, TUESDAY evening, Oct. 14, a purse containing $9. Return to 355 Ontario-st.

LOST—ON GRAND BOULEVARD NEAR 43D, lady's bag with pocket-book. Return to 4213 Grand boulevard and receive reward.

LOST—DIAMOND B CUFF-BUTTON; $18 CASH reward to finder. A. H. Baldwin Loan Co., 153 Washington-st., Room 9.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—INFORMATION WANTED OF THE whereabouts of my mother, Julia Wall, or Mathew, Julia, John, and Marian Wall, my brothers and sisters, who were living in Chicago when last heard from. Address MRS. MARGARET E. GRACEY, Quinn-st., Nunurkah, Victoria, Australia.

PERSONAL—PARTIES WHO SAW COTTAGE Grove-av. cable run over boy at Twenty-fifth-st., 5:30 p. m., June 10, 1889, will please send address to G 124, Tribune office.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—WE WORK FOR FAME, OR IN other words if we fail to make your old jewelry equal to new we charge you nothing. Our prices lower than the lowest; all work finished with great specialty fine watch and clock repairing; we cut every body's prices on watches and defy competition. RICHARD T. WALLACE & CO., wholesale and mfg. jewelers, 56 State-st.

PERSONAL—DIAMONDS—A LARGE AND CAREfully selected stock for the fall trade. New designs in brooches, rings, etc. Terms as easy as ever. Goods delivered on first payment. My prices of interest you. A saving guaranteed to customers. GEO. E. MARSHALL, diamond importer, 110-112 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—ALEXANDER'S DETECTIVE Agency, 121 and 183 West Madison-st., Room 21—Evidence collected and information obtained; none but reliable detectives employed. All business strictly confidential. Legal advice furnished free.

PERSONAL—GILSON BORTMESS—SPIRIT ARTist, trance test medium. 1218 Michigan-av.

PERSONAL—SEND YOUR OLD GOLD JEWELRY and old silver to us. We take it in trade for new goods or pay you cash for it. Jewelry repaired like new or no charge. H. F. WORCESTER & CO., Manufacturing Jewelers, 323-325 Dearborn-st. and 402 State-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 238 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet; instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails: satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service; hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—LADIES' SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, moles, freckles, and warts removed by the electric needle. MRS. DR. HENNINGS, 139 La Salle-av.

PERSONAL—WINDOW LETTERING WANTED in exchange for dentistry. Address H 52, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY competent double entry bookkeeper of twelve years' experience, for the last five years connected with one of the largest and best known houses in the West, and during the last two years in charge of their business in towns in the West, South, and East successively; best of reasons for leaving; can furnish first-class references from former employers and others. G 83, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER BY A thoroughly competent and experienced young man; best of reference. Address H 59, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper, shipping clerk, or salesman; references A No. 1. Address G 95, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN WHOLESALE HOUSE by reliable German man of 30 years; well educated, speaks and understands tolerably good English; willing to work for advancement. G 154, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS assistant bookkeeper, invoice or shipping clerk. A1 city references. Address O 18, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ACTIVE YOUNG man, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, would like position with a manufacturing pharmacist; five years' experience in a leading Eastern house; best of reference. Address G 169, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ENERGETIC YOUNG man, expert bookkeeper, would like position as office manager; five years' experience; understands German and the Scandinavian languages; best of references. Address G 168, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED A1 bookkeeper with best of references is looking for permanent position. Address H 61, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN aged 26, who has had 8 years' experience in railway freight accounts in Canada. Address H 58, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN IN clothing, men's furnishings, or hat store; have had seven years' experience; best of references from last employer. Address H 62, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—DRUGGIST, WITH SIX years' practical experience; country preferred, or would travel for drug house; best of ref. Address DRUGGIST, 419 Irving-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED bookkeeper; best of references and bond. Address H 63, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED bookkeeper who is willing to do anything that pays. Best city references and bond if required. Address O 35, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper and good penman, evening work that can be taken home. Address H 56, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGH AND rapid accountant; formerly a bank cashier; conversant with exchange, real estate, insurance, commission beef, etc.; salary $1,500 to $1,800: what have you? Address O 22, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper and office man; city references. Address H 51, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BILL CLERK BY A young man of experience; city references. Address H 17, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper by a young man of temperate habits; A 1 references. Address H 18, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS SHIPping clerk; 8 years' experience; best city reference. Address H 12, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN IN GROcery; 5 years' references. Call or address KING, 177 South Albany-av.

SITUATION WANTED—IN RETAIL DRUG Store, Monday, Wednesday, Friday, also Saturday evenings. T. A. JAMISON, Chicago College of Pharmacy.

Stenographers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE or retail store supplied with very expert stenographers, also those inexpert, yet accurate, from our advanced dictation class; some owning machines. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR STENOGRAPHERS whose character and ability we have investigated; reports on file. Polytechnic Free Employment Bureau, Madison and Fifth-av.

Salesmen.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 TRAVELING SALESman of good address is open for engagement at once or January 1. Address H 64, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 SPECIALTIES TO sell to jobbers and retailers in Chicago and the West, in dry goods, hardware, drug, and grocery lines, by two well-known salesmen. Best of reference. Address S. & H., 502 Tacoma Bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT SALESman or collecting. Can give references. Also security. Address O 19, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—POSITION IN THE CITY in railway office as telegraph operator; 5 years' experience; best of reference. Room 425, Hotel Brevoort.

Coachmen. Teamsters. Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY GOOD driver and groom. Best city references. Address A A 54, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; UNDERstands furnace and not afraid of work; city references. 231 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATION WANTED—ON A GENTLEMAN'S place as coachman or general work. Address A 30, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS COACHman; best city references. H 86, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS EXPErienced coachman; sober and understands his business thoroughly; first-class references. Address H 57, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND Gardener, lately from the East; three years in last place; would prefer country. H 70, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGLISHMAN (MARried) as coachman or groom; understands the care of fine horses, etc. Address H 82, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A DAILY NEWSPAper writer and manager of experience, conversant with the methods of the largest and most successful advertisers, with important business house or railway; has extensive and practical knowledge of newspapers and periodicals, and can design attractive advertisements and place them intelligently and economically; highest references. H 28, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR APPLICANTS OF various kinds, whose character and ability we have investigated. POLYTECHNIC FREE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, Madison and Fifth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO ADDRESS ENvelopes and do writing at home. Please address H. C. DAVIS, 84 Loomis-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD PENMAN AS assistant bookkeeper or general office work. Address ROSE THOMSON, 858 Clybourn-av.

SITUATION WANTED—AT A FINE LADY PENman to do writing of any kind at her home. Address O 20, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED young lady, office work, cashier, or work in a laundry. Address H 94, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY IN office, confectionery, or bakery on South Side. Address H 55, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESLADY OR clerk in store, either millinery, dry goods, or general store; experienced, having been in business; can also trim. Address MISS E. 1626 E. Indiana-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN GIRL TO work in office. Apply 157 West Madison-st., Room 30.

Stenographers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE gratuitously supplied with very expert stenographers, also those inexpert, yet accurate, from our advanced dictation class; some owning machines. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATION WANTED—AS LADY STENOGRAPH er and typewriter. Address Box 96, Hegewisch, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED, EDucated, and refined lady stenographer desires situation; Remington; references. H 81, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED LADY Stenographer and typewriter, double entry bookkeeper; understands office work, especially insurance and real estate; Remington machine; age 33 years. Address H 1, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED LADY Stenographer and typewriter; can write 125 words shorthand and from 60 to 80 on typewriter; willing to assist in other office work; highest references from former employers; would commence at $10 per week. Address MAY, No. 19 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE STENOGRAPHer, one years' experience; city references. H 66, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN GIRL TO do general housework in American family; city preferred. Address H 92, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSE, GENERAL GIRL, 2nd cook. 559 Madison-st., Flat A.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GERMAN girl in good, small American family; North Side; no other girl. Address H 9, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT, RESPECTable girl for general housework in private family. 550 23d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SECOND GIRL. GOOD city reference. 700 West Ohio-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED woman for housework in small family. Apply at 127 Chestnut-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Address 4069 Wentworth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—A WILLING GIRL FOR second work; general housework; small family. Address 481 Center-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDE GIRL; general housework; not long in country; like to learn English. 104 26th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GIRL for general housework. References. 3004 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR SECOND WORK OR waitress in nice American family by a capable Wisconsin girl. Call 3123 Indiana-av.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GERman girl, with best recommendations, desires to secure a few places for weekly family ironing; North Side only. Call at 622 North Wells-st., third flat, or address O 24, Tribune office.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—A GOOD EXPERIENCED nurse desires position to take care of children. Good references. Apply at 2251 Cottage Grove-av.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SUPERIOR PRIVATE family domestics of all nationalities furnished at SMITH'S THROOP-ST. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 9 AND 11 THROOP-ST., NEAR MADISON.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WE SUPPLY BEST girls to good families; open day and evening. West End Ladies' Employment Bureau, 91 Warren-av., cor. Paulina-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH A KNOWLEDGE of cutlery and shelving, useful to clerk in wholesale house; permanent position for a good worker. Address H 47, Tribune office.

WANTED—MAIL PACKER; EXPERIENCED and rapid. References required. H 48, Tribune.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS GROCERY ORDER and delivery clerk. Address H 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF West Side real-estate office, on commission; must furnish good reference. Address H 31, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND notion house young man as assistant in office; must be active and accurate and willing to commence for low wages. Address, stating age and experience, H 8, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GERMAN DRUG CLERK AT 629 W. Lake-st

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—RARE BARGAINS TO MATCH THE times.

	Per foot.
200 feet, so. front, West Lake-st	$ 110
161 feet Oakland-boulevard	240
125x125 Cedar-st	400
50 lots on Carpenter, each	400
4 lots on School-st, each	1,000
Wentworth-av., cor. Maple, per foot	150
25 lots on Center-av., per foot	15
66th, near Madison-av., per foot	70
100x150 Gorgeil and 53d, per foot	200
25 ft., Hilsabeth, near 79th	20
236 ft. cor. 58th and May	16
1,000 ft. on Belt, 4 miles	40
75 ft., Stanton-av	125
40 acres, best snap	150
20 acres, great snap	200

ROWLEY & BLACK, 85 Washington-st., R. 1.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE.

Lots on Wood-st., Sheridan-av., Greenwood-av., Grace-st., Hope-av., and 305½ feet at Dauphin Park, 40 to 65 per foot; corners and inside lot at Cheltenham.

WEST SIDE.

Finest house in La Grange; 9 rooms; stone foundations; bells, b. alarms; lot 80x128; on easy payments.

NORTH SIDE.

Octagon stone-front 12-room house, $11,000; rents for $1,500; can't be built for $17,000; easy walking distance to Court-House.

ACRES.

9 acres, high and dry, cor. Indiana-av. and 87th; 665-foot frontage on 87th-st., route of L road, only $3,000 per acre; ¼ cash, bal. easy.

HOBBIE & SOUTHWICK, 85 Dearborn-st., R. 501.

FOR SALE—

A finely improved North Clark-st. corner; modern and new; pays 10 per cent, stores and flats. Price $9,000.

A vacant lot, 40x150, on North Clark-st., near Oak. A BARGAIN.

A 9-story brick on North Clark-st., near Kinzie; rents for $1,800; price $23,000; easy terms.

ENGERS, COOK & HOLINGER, Exclusive Agents. 167 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—7 HONEST VALUES—8 ELEGANT English-roofed houses and fine lots at $4,500 to $6,500.

8 on Lake-av., $6,500 to $15,000.
6 on Langley-av., $2,500 to $7,500.
2 on Greenwood-av., $9,500.
6 on West Side at great bargain.

Come and see us for houses.

We also have A1 bargains in business and residence lots, all directions, at 15 per cent below value.

Acres—every direction. We would like to see you on acres. "desirable and low-priced."

ONE OR TWO SNAPS.

ROWLEY & BLACK, 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—

FINE CORNER.

N. W. COR. CALUMET-AV. AND 97TH-ST., 100X128. PRICE $40 PER FOOT. TERMS ARRANGED TO SUIT PURCHASER.

W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 AND 158 LA SALLE-ST. BRANCH OFFICE 3020 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

FOR SALE—

16 CHOICE EAST-FRONT LOTS, Suitable for immediate improvement.

Price, $600 each.

Lots across the street are sold out at $800. We will guarantee that these are at least $100 under the market. There is a reason.

TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE STATE-ST. FRONTAGES.

State-st., bet. 41st and 42d, 25 to 150 feet at $140.
State, opposite 52d-st., 82½ ft. at $150.
State, bet. 14th and 16th-sts., 250 feet and improvements at $600.
And other good bargains.

By H. S. MERRITT & CO., 406, 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, extra well built, on good street; lot 25x125, alley on side and rear; close to steam and street car lines; only $2,000. See this.

McELROY, KEENEY & CO., 134 and 136 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—

SPECIAL BARGAIN ON 36TH-ST.

400 feet frontage; best corner on the street; lowest price; must be sold.

TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$3,000 FOR A GOOD BRICK FLAT building of 5 and 7 rooms; full lot.

WRIGHT & TURNER, 167 Dearborn-st., R. 410.

FOR SALE—NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE; HOT AND cold water, etc.; 2 blocks from State-st.; $3,000, $600 down, balance easy.

McELROY, KEENEY & CO., 134 and 136 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—DEARBORN-ST., NEAR VAN BUREN —50x71, rent $4,500; a bargain. Also 50x172, Dearborn bet. Van Buren and Polk, several choice pieces at reasonable prices.

Clark-st., near Harrison, 50 ft.; cheap.
Clark-st., near Van Buren, 50 ft., improved.

HIBBARD FORTER & BRO., R. 23, 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—$1,600 BUYS A 9-ROOM 2-house arranged for two families; rents $15 down and $10 a month.

McELROY, KEENEY & CO., 134 and 136 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FOR CHOICE REAL ESTATE AN investments in all parts of city call on

GEO. A. MUELLER & CO., 175 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—AT GREAT BARGAIN—NEW FLAT building; clear 10 per cent; always sure rented; price $22,500. Address O 40, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$2,200 BUYS A NEW 5-ROOM COTtage with bath and all improvements; close to steam and street cars; only 5c fare; $300 down and $20 a month. This is a decided bargain.

McELROY, KEENEY & CO., See it. 134 and 136 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—

We have a party who owns one of the finest residences in the city, worth $25,000; will take gilt-edge farm within 50 miles of Chicago on line of railroad; must be free from incumbrance.

J. C. MAGILL & CO., Madison and La Salle-sts.

FOR SALE BY OWNER—$9,000—8-ROOM BRICK house; thoroughly modern; street-car lines within one block; paved street. Address H V 86, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WANTED—OFFERS ON COTTAGE of 6 rooms and inside. Great bargain (improved). West Madison. W. A. MOORE, 310 Opera-House Bldg.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY KINNEY & KIMBALL, 108 DEAR born-st., Rooms 8 and 9:

The very substantial and elegantly finished three-story brown-stone front residence, Nos. 2622 and 2624 Michigan-av., in hardwoods throughout, tiled bathrooms, hot water heat, beautifully carved mantels, beveled plate-glass mirrors; dining and sitting rooms paneled in quarter sawed oak.

Parlors in birch, plumbing the best, sideboards, china closets, butler's pantry, complete in every respect, lighting, burglar alarms, adamant plaster and tinted walls, and will be sold at a price which cannot be duplicated.

A large amount of the purchase money can remain at 5 per cent.

FOR SALE—GENUINE BARGAINS.

C. P. MICK & SON, 305 Chamber of Commerce.

Madison-av., s. w. cor. 56th-place, 148 ft.	$ 55
Drexel-av., cor. 66th-st., 48 ft., for	4,000
Michigan-av., cor. 78th-st., 300 ft.	20
Cottage Grove-av., north of 80th-st., 50 ft.	40
Indiana-av., cor. 76th-st., 300 ft.	20
Indiana-av., cor. Harvard, 100x160	45
35th-st., cor. Harvard, 100x160	50
Vincennes-road, near 64th-st., double frontage, 50 ft., cheap	90
Northwest cor. Wright and 66th-sts., 71x150, for	4,500
Northeast cor. 62d and Laflin-sts., 50x125	50
Northeast cor. 62d and Ada-sts., 48x130	60
Northeast cor. 62d and Bishop, 100x125	60
Northwest cor. 63d and Throop-st., 120x99	60
63d-st., near Stewart-av., 100x141, two fronts	90
65th-st. northwest cor. Carpenter, 50x100	50
9 lots on Throop-st., near 63d, for	4,000

FOR SALE—BY J. M. SWEET, R. 2, 99 WASHINGton-st.:

140 feet near 21th-st., $250 per foot.
Stone-front house near 24th-st., lot 25x170, $1,000 per foot.
MICHIGAN-AV.
Frame house and lot opposite Park-row, lot 30x117; this property will be sold at a bargain.
Two brick houses, cor. Indiana and 19th-st.; lots 50x130; $40,000; desirable pieces of property.
Two frame houses on Drexel-boulevard, near 40th-st, lot 50x120; $30,000. Lots on 60th-st., fronting Midway Plaisance, near the Chicago University grounds, $300 per foot. Lots at W. Lake and W. Van Buren-sts., inside lots, $40 per foot. Farms in Ills., Waukesha; and other improvements; good buildings, pens, $50 to $100 per acre; would exchange for city property; also specialty of acres. J. M. SWEET, 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—VACANT LOTS.

BARGAINS.

100 ft., Langley-av. and 49th, east front.
100 ft., Prairie-av. and 32d.
100 ft., Hasting-st., near Robey.
100 ft., Yale-st., near 36th.
375 ft., 61st-court and Horne-av.
50 ft., 52d-st. and Champlain.
63 ft., Langley-av., near 38th; cheap for quick sale.

O. M. WELLS & CO., 162 La Salle-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—

BEAUTIFUL CORNER

N. W. FORRESTVILLE-AV. AND 50TH-ST. 125X102, AT $300 PER FOOT.

WM. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 AND 158 LA SALLE-ST. BRANCH OFFICE 3020 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

FOR SALE—

GRAND BOULEVARD.

East front, south of 40th-st., 50x180 feet, $225 a foot.

South Park-av. frontage, 51st to 63d-st., corners and inside lots.

W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE RESIDENCES; LARGE list. H. O. STONE & CO., 306 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—STATE-ST.—85x136, NEAR 63D.—at $145; 50 ft. on 39th, 78x136; very cheap. JOHN J. KERRIGAN, 518 Inter Ocean Building, Dearborn and Madison-sts.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS ON 67TH-ST. AT C. and R. I. R. R. Depot; $15 a foot. SKINNER, 178 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE GROVE-AV., E. F., NEAR 40th-st., 25x75, with brick improvement, paying fair rental; a choice piece at a bargain.

KING & RIDGWAY, 94 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE CORNER OF COTTAGE GROVE-av. and 36th-st.; size of lot, 100x125; price only $650 a foot. Apply D. G. HAMILTON or to JOHN WAIN, 93 Washington-st., Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—FIFTH-AV., NORTH OF HARRISON, 50 or 25 feet; a bargain.

H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE GROVE-AV., NORTH OF 39th, double front, 50x125, from street to street; only $12,500. 81 Reaper Block.

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS AND 20 YEARS' LEASE of ground, 3117 and 3119 Dearborn-st.; 15 per cent net on price asked. Apply Room 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—67TH-ST., 165 FT., NEAR CENTRAL-av., $15 A FOOT. KERRIGAN, 518 Inter Ocean Bldg., Dearborn and Madison.

FOR SALE—6-ROOM BRICK RESIDENCE, WITH $1,000 brick barn, on Dearborn, near 36th-st., for $4,000; full cem. to brokers. If not in a few days.

LESSEY & BOSART BROS., 16 Lakeside Building.

FOR SALE—$2,200 TO $11,500 RESIDENCE ON South Side; on time to suit any one; stop paying rent and get your home before winter. We have a few special bargains; must be sold quick.

JOHN H. STONE & CO., 306, 307 Dearborn

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

SOUTH SHORE PROPERTY.

The finest property near Jackson Park; convenient to South Kenwood and South Shore Stations on Illinois Central suburban line. FIRST-CLASS improvements guaranteed ($8,000 building restriction); this guarantees the grade or character of the property. PRICE INCLUDES STONE SIDEWALKS, DOUBLE ROWS OF TREES, WATER AND SEWER, AND MACADAMIZED STREETS. This property is east fronts on Lucila-av., north of 63d-st.; lies high and dry and within three blocks of station; 600 FEET AT $55 FT. We can deliver NOW at these bargain figures, but it's for a quick sale.

SOUTH SIDE HOUSES.

Examine our list before buying.

Special bargain—Very easy terms of a nice 8-room house on Myrtle-av., north 36th-st., 50 ft., e. f. lot at a price $1,000 under market.

8-room modern, Sheridan-av., 50 ft., e. f., north 63th-st.

Special in an elegant 11-room residence located on Farwell-av., in Rogers Park, at terms and price that you will buy at if properly investigated.

10 rooms, South Park-av., 50 ft., e. f., north of 70th-st.; modern in all details; a bargain at $7,000.

LOTS EVERYWHERE AND PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

35 ft. 69th-st., just west of Stony Island.
50 ft., Lexington-av., e. f., close to 64th-st., $80.
50, 100, or 150 ft. on Lexington-av., w. f., close to 65th-st.
60 ft. Myrtle-av., e. f., north 65th-st.
100 ft. Luella-av., south 76th-st.
200 ft. on Cregier av., south of 75d-st.
Sheridan-av., corner, 50 or 100 ft., north 61st-st.
25 ft., Lake-av., south 41st-st.
100 ft., e. f., just south 60th-st., on Ellis-av., $60 ft.; yes, $60; and we can deliver now.
25 ft. e. f., Grace-av., south of 64th-st., $35.
50 ft. corner near Monroe-av. and 54th-st., $115.
100 ft., Luella-av., near 76th-st.
Oglesby-av., corner south 61st-st., at less than $90.
Madison-av. corner near 61st place, $160 ft.
Sheridan-av., 57 ft., e. f., near Pinlsance.
50 ft., w. f., Sheridan-av., south of 64th, $90.

SPECIAL.

100 ft. corner Jeffery and 51st-st., $30.
100 ft. e. f. Jeffery-st., at $25 ft.; can sell this in 100 ft. pieces.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SHORE PROPERTY.

The finest property near Jackson Park; convenient to South Kenwood and South Shore Stations on Illinois Central suburban line. FIRST-CLASS improvements guaranteed ($8,000 building restriction); this guarantees the grade or character of the property. PRICE INCLUDES STONE SIDEWALKS, DOUBLE ROWS OF TREES, WATER AND SEWER, AND MACADAMIZED STREETS. This property is east fronts on Lucila-av., north of 63d-st.; lies high and dry and within three blocks of station; 600 FEET AT $55 FT. We can deliver now at these bargain figures, but it's for a quick sale.

PORTER & CO., SUITE 315, 85 DEARBORN-ST.

ACRES. ACRES.

5 acres frontinge on 35th-st. This is a very choice offering, and investigation will satisfy you that this is a speculation to buy at the PRICE we can deliver.

SPECIAL—2½ ACRES, 77th-st., and e. f. on Yates-av. This will pay to subdivide at once.

Many choice properties for all kinds. Examine our list. We have what you want.

PORTER & CO., R. 315, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE— SOUTH SIDE

MODERN HOMES.

By BARRY BROS., Owners, 120 Dearborn-st., Rooms 53 and 54.

Nos. 3225, 3227, and 3229 Wabash-av. These are 3-story, 10-room houses, rock-faced buff Bedford stone fronts, with stone steps, finished in hardwood all through; wood mantels with art tiling, grates and dampers in parlor and sitting rooms; handsome buffet with beveled plate mirrors in dining-room; gas fixtures wired for electric gas lighting; walls all tinted and frescoed; butler's pantry, large kitchen well lighted; laundry with metal tubs; furnace, fruit room, etc., in basement; plumbing and sewerage the best that money will buy. We offer you in these houses an elegant home that will last you a lifetime in the choicest location on Wabash-av., the frontage being all built up with fine residences; lots 175 feet to 20-foot paved alley; only one block to Indiana-av. cars; cable-cars, two blocks to Indiana-av. cars; price $11,500; $4,000 cash, balance monthly.

We placed on the market two weeks ago a block of six 3-story houses on Ellis-av. and 45th-st. like those described above, and have only four left, 3455 Ellis-av. If you contemplate buying a home go and see this house, only two blocks from Cottage Grove cable-cars, four blocks to Ill. Central station at 43d-st.; two blocks to 43d-st. cross-town cars; price, $10,500; $3,500 cash, balance monthly.

FOR SALE—

3220 GRAND-BD.

A THREE-STORY AND BASE BROWN STONE FRONT, FINISHED THROUGHOUT IN VARIOUS HARDWOODS, BEAUTIFULLY CARVED MANTELS, SIDEBOARDS, HALL TREES, CONSOLE TABLES; HOT-WATER HEAT; BEST OF PLUMBING AND SEWERAGE; HOUSE WILL BE FINISHED ABOUT NOV. 1; WILL SELL AT A BARGAIN, OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR NEW YORK PROPERTY. HOUSE OPEN FOR INSPECTION. FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS INQUIRE OF

EDWARD MENDEL, Owner, 3564 Grand-bd.

FOR SALE—

NEW MODERN RESIDENCE, NEARLY COMpleted, 3354 South Park-av., 3-story and cellar; rock-faced stone front, stone porch and steps; polished hardwood throughout, with cabinet finish; recess sideboard, hall tree and wardrobes built in elegant console and mantels, porcelain bath, laundry tubs, and sinks. The most approved sewerage and plumbing; servants' bath; electric lighting and bells; plate glass, artistically decorated; carefully and substantially built; a bargain for a home or investment.

W. H. PRUYN, owner, on premises.

FOR SALE—OAKWOOD-BLVD., SIX LOVELY residences; sold separate; perfect gems.

Bryant-av., new modern stone-front cheap.

Groveland-av., fine modern house and 25-foot lot.

Langley-av., near Oakwood-blvd., 10-room, brick house, barn and lot, 25x175, $6,500.

9-room brick, same locality, only $5,800.

8-room brick, 37th, near Ellis-av., $4,400.

35-room corner house, Lake-av., $16,000.

E. S. DREYER & CO., 90 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHICE COR. ON 67TH, PARK frontage, $200. N. w. cor. 50th-st. and Forestville-av., 125x184, $900. S. w. cor. 46th and St. Lawrence, 30 x120, $125. 50x125, s. front, on 46th-st., $60. 50x125, e. f., on Champlain-av., 46th, $400. 100x125, St. Lawrence-av., 46th, $500. Choice 7-acre block, Auburn Park; five-acre block, Chicago Lawn; South Side property a specialty. MUSSENDEN & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

FOR SALE—

Corner Wallace and 35th-sts., 32x125 feet; $150 per foot; good terms.

SNOW & DICKINSON, Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—WABASH-AV., OPPOSITE HAVLIN'S Theater, 50x168 to paved alley, with 14-room house and barn.

W. G. BAKER, 33, 175 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—

COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

Two adjacent lots near 55th-st.

BELDEN F. CULVER, 50 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE BUSINESS PROPERTY paying 9¼ per cent net on price; $34,000; leased for long term to one party. Apply to GEO. S. CRILLY, Room 304, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—25 FEET ON 2D-AV., IMPROVED; pays over 7 per cent on price asked. OWNER, Room 306, 115 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—

Cor. 76th and Michigan-av., $25 a foot.
Cor. 78th and Spencer-av., $25 a foot.
State-st. lots from 90th to 95th at lowest prices.
Cor. 63d and Cottage Grove-av., $100 a foot.
Cottage Grove-av. corners facing Washington Park.

McKEY & POAGUE, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—20 OR 40 ACRES ON 39TH-ST., EAST of Richland-av., $1,250 an acre; bargain.

5 corners on Washington Park, will sell in 25-ft. lots. Cottage Grove-av., north of 35th-st., only $245 a ft.

NELSON THOMASSON, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THREE HUNDRED FEET on river by two hundred feet deep to Lumber-st., between 17th and 18th-sts.

G. F. SHIPPEY, 209 Opera-House Bldg.

FOR SALE—80 FEET NEAR MARSHALL FIELD'S wholesale; $80,000; old improvements; pay 5 per cent. OLIN HALL, 183 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—1-ROOM BRICK HOUSES, 37TH-ST., east of Grand-blvd.; only $4,000; easy payments. 51 Reaper Block.

FOR SALE—

Michigan-av., east front, near 31th-st., 80x118 feet, will divide. GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO., 184 La Salle-st.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES, HAVE YOU SEEN THE "MERLO SHOE?"

We make it in OPERA and COMMON SENSE last and A, B, C, D, E widths. Reliable, bright Dongola. We at all feet and warrant every pair. Sold only by

MERLO SHOE CO., 138 W. Madison-st., one door east of Dime Museum.

PENSIONS.

ADA C. SWEET, PENSION CLAIM AGENT—ALL kinds of pensions or war claims. Room 32 Commercial Bank Building, 125 Dearborn-st., Chicago. Ill

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS— PIERCE RAILROAD.

Manufacturing, coalyard, and stonegard sites on Pan-Handle road, Wisconsin Central, and Northern Pacific, north of 12th-st.; giving switches from an east-west road and a west-bound.

Tel. 2781.

126 ft. on railroads by 483 ft. deep.
250 ft. on railroads by 627 ft. deep.
410 ft. on railroads by 480 ft. deep.
Will sell in smaller pieces.
Also many other desirable locations.
J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—

WEST TWELFTH-ST.,

N. E. COR. WEST 44TH-ST., 200X125; PRICE, $12,000; TERMS ARRANGED TO SUIT PURCHASER.

W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 AND 158 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—

Fine corner on Madison-st., west of California-av., 125x198. One of the choicest pieces for improvement on the street.

SNOW & DICKINSON, Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—W. LAKE-ST.—8 LOTS, EACH 24X125, near Keeler-av., south front.

27 or 56 ft. by 100, Van Buren-st., near Campbell-av.; will be sold very cheap.

Lots 150, Central Park-av., fronting Garfield Park; only $70 per ft. E. S. DREYER & CO., 90 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—W. MADISON-ST.—VERY DESIRABLE corner, improved, paying 6 per cent net, low rental; price $40,000.

W. Madison, choicest locality, elegant Al buildings; $27,000.

W. Madison, large, fine corner, vacant; now is the time to secure this.

H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS—TWO 2-story brick houses, eight and ten rooms, arranged for one or two families, elevation of ground highest in city; owner corner Western-av. and Superior-st., including Sunday.

FOR SALE—MADISON-ST. LOT, NEAR 47TH, $1,250; near 6th, $2,100; Monroe, near 43th, $800 and $650; Harrison, near 43d, $650; near boulevard, $1,050; Colorado, near 42d, $1,100; boulevard corner, $40; Kedzie-av., $250; corner, $575, only $25; Fillmore, near Homan, $550. J. T. BUTON 1204 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—VAN BUREN-ST., NEAR CALIFORnia-av.; choice lot, 5x125.

CHANCE TO MAKE $200.

Adams-st., n. e. cor. Honore; 50 feet and two frame houses.

Monroe-st., elegant corner house, 2-story and basement, brick; A1 condition; extra size lot, brick barn; only $13,000 if secured at once.

H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—FOR COMMISSION TO BROKERS— 200 feet, Campbell-av. cor. Taylor-st. Tel. 2781.

406 feet, Harvard-st., west of Campbell-av.
972 feet, Taylor-st., west of Campbell-av.
250 feet, Fillmore-st., west of Campbell-av.
Will sell in smaller pieces.
Above have switches from Pan-Handle, Wis. Cen., and Northern Pacific Railroads.
J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE — EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS— Four, five, and eight room brick cottages, built and finished in first-class style; elevation of ground highest in the city; refer to people who have bought; inquire of owner, Western-av. and Superior-st., including Sunday. STEINBRECHER.

FOR SALE—

Choice property, Humboldt-boulevard, 325x175; east front; 4 blocks north of Humboldt Park. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2D SO. CANAL-ST., NEXT TO COR. Van Buren, 25 ft. lot with frame building $700 per foot.

H. O. STONE & CO., 306 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS— Elegant 1-room brick house, all modern improvements, with large barn; also fine 5-room brick house in good order. Apply, including Sunday, at branch office, Oakley and Wilmot-avs., one block north of Milwaukee-av., or main office, Western-av. and Superior-st. STEINBRECHER.

FOR SALE—

A choice 30-foot lot on Warren-av., between Albany and Kedzie. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BETWEEN RIVER AND HALSTED-st. investments. H. O. STONE & CO., 306 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM BRICK COTTAGE, 954 North Hoyne-av.; bargain for cash.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT CORNER BRICK HOUSE, Jackson-blvd. Address OWNER, 351 W. Adams-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—VAN BUREN, NEAR Oakley; 50x125; the cheapest east of Western-av. J. W. SHEPARD, Room 43, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTHEAST CORNER OF KEDZIE-av. and West 19th-st., 50x125; $3,500. RATLEDGE & WRIGHT, 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—JUST THINK—ONLY $20 MONTHLY will pay for two-story brick; 8 rooms; modern improvements; small payment down; near Garfield Park; will double in two years; only two left. 177 La Salle-st., Room 34.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS— 10 lots, Hermitage-av., near Harrison-st. Tel. 2781. J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—A VERY COMPLETE AND HANDsome 2-story flat building near Garfield Park; each flat 7 rooms with bath; cheap; a big bargain.

JOHNSON & SAXE, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN ON WEST MADISON-ST., near Center-av. J. B. WOODRUFF & CO., 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—

Manufacturing site, 22,500 square feet, on Carroll-av., near Sacramento; cheap; $4,800.

GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO., 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$5,000, WORTH $6,000. WHAT WILL you give? Must sell. Elegant modern 9-room brick house; one block south of Humboldt Park, west of Ashland-av. N. ROBINSON, 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$9 FT., VACANT, E. F., 1475 WASHington-blvd., 400 ft. from Garfield Park, fine improvements both sides. J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, CORNER, 966 West Taylor-st.; all modern improvements; this will make fine business property. For terms, etc., apply to WM. MULVIHILL, 317 West Taylor-st.

FOR SALE—WEST SIDE, NEAR UNION PARK, corner brick; 11 rooms; newly improved; $6,500 per annum; price $55,000.

J. S. CLARK, Room 6 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT, LAKE-ST., NEAR HOman-av., south front, 25x83; $1,500. 3 choice lots, W. Adams-st., near W. 42d. M. D. BIRGE & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—40 LOTS ON ADAMS AND WEST 68TH-sts.; desirable property for investment. J. H. KEELER, 628 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—WARREN-AV., NEAR ALBANY, LOT 25x124 at bargain. HARDY BROS., 5th-av. and Madison-st.

FOR SALE—50X132, S. F., HARRISON-ST., EAST and within 1/3 R. R. crossing. Highest offer takes it. Address O 31, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, 25 FT. ON E. Lake-st., near California-av. BOWES & CRUICKSHANK, 187 and 189 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEST HOME IN CHICAGO FOR $3,500; new, 6 rooms, pressed brick, stone foundation; small payments; rare chance; don't miss it.

H. G. TEED & CO., 87 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ON OGDEN-AV., ELEGANT 3 STORY store and flat building; a special bargain, sure.

N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

WE HAVE A BARGAIN IN A LOT IN DOLAND'S SUBDIVISION, ROGERS PARK. LOOK THIS UP BEFORE YOU BUY; 80X150; STONE SIDEWALKS, ETC.

WM. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 and 158 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—

10 PER CENT NET INVESTMENT.

On North Clark-st., south of North-av., e. f., 3-story and cellar flat bldg., 50x90.

H. S. MERRITT & CO., 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—

LA SALLE-AV., NEAR GOETHE-ST.

Three-story and basement brick residence of 12 rooms; three rooms down in elegant order; also a large barn; possession at once, or owner will lease same until May 1, 1891.

M. A. WELLS, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT and stable block of fine house in flats and business stores on North Side; price reasonable.

J. McGRATH, 21 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM MODERN RESIdence ½ block from Lincoln Park, north of Fullerton-av.; can be sold now for $7,500; easy terms.

GOLDSMITH & SAXE, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NORTHSIDE RESIDENCES—LARGE list. H. O. STONE & CO., 306 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—700 FEET JOINING LINCOLN PARK; fan elegant block; ripe for improvements; $110 foot; investigate. OLIN HALL, 183 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE 14-room stone-front residences on La Salle-av.; owner leaving city; will sell at sacrifice; $12,500; terms to suit.

JOHNSON & SAXE, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE, NEAR CLARK-ST. bridge, 4-story and basement business block; rent $5,000 per annum; lot 70x100; alley side and rear; building covers the lot; price $62,500.

J. S. CLARK, Room 6 Metropolitan Block.

HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—2 LOTS ON CHAMPLAIN OR FAR-well-av., near 66th-st., at $500 this week. BOWES & CRUICKSHANK, 187 and 189 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, FIRST-class; all modern improvements, 50 feet, barn, 2 minutes boulevard, train, and street-cars. 284 40th-st., near Grand-blvd., owner.

FOR SALE—CORNER VERNON-AV. AND 32D-ST., $ 50 feet at $42 per foot. C. G. ROSENBLATT, 801 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—50 FEET AT ONE OF MAIN ENtrances Washington Park; price, $250 per foot; worth $350; need money. Address H 61, Tribune.

FOR SALE—MADISON-AV. AND 67TH-ST., FOR quick sale, $65 per foot.

WARREN F. PITNEY, 99 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—DECIDED BARGAIN—FINE HOUSE at Woodlawn Park, with eight cheerful, home-like rooms. RUSSELL & MORTON, 504 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—ELLIS-AV., E. F., NEAR 63D-ST.—DE-cided bargain today. C. H. THOMPSON & CO., 95 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—ON MICHIGAN-AV.—A CHOICE E. f. corner north of 51st-st. at $210 a foot this week. BOWES & CRUICKSHANK, 187 and 189 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—

E 25 feet, east front, Michigan-av., bet. 49th and 50th-sts., at $250, if taken at once.

NESSLER & LEACH, 405 Chamber of Commerce Building.

FOR SALE—100 FT. SQUARE S. E. COR. WOOD-lawn-av. and 63d-st.; also S. E. cor. 64th and Woodlawn-av.; east front, 60 ft. south of 63d, at $125 a ft.; one-third cash, balance easy terms; commission 2½. Owner, FRANK E. WILSON, 415 Montgomery-st., San Francisco.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—COTTAGE GROVE-AV., F near 52d-st., store building, flat above; pays 12½ per cent on cash; rent $1,200; $9,500, for immediate sale. CALVIN P. TAYLOR, 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—

COTTAGE GROVE-AV., NEAR 56TH-ST., $125 A FOOT.

Fine location for store and flat bldg., opposite entrance to Flower Grounds, etc.

MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

BARGAIN!

THIS WEEK ONLY.

NO WORLD'S FAIR PRICE ASKED.

The corner of 67th-st. and South Chicago-av. and South Park-av., 132 feet on 67th, 141 feet on South Chicago-av.

Apply to

A. H. KINKAID, 116 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

FOR SALE—

HYDE PARK BARGAINS.

200 feet State-st., corner 77th	$50
100 feet State-st., between 71th and 72th	40
600 feet Wabash-av., 76th to 79th-st	25
600 feet Michigan-av., 78th to 79th-st	25
300 feet Michigan-av., corner 80th-st	30
100 feet Indiana-av., between 80th and 81st-sts	20
400 feet State-st., 82d to 83d	A bargain
600 feet Wabash-av., 82d to 83d-st	A bargain
300 feet Michigan-av., corner 83d-st	20
300 feet Indiana-av., corner 83d-st	20

NESSLER & LEACH, 405 Chamber of Commerce Building.

FOR SALE—

COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

450 feet between 62d and 64th-sts.; entire frontage or in parcels.

C. H. THOMPSON & CO., 95 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—

HYDE PARK.

Call and see our large list of dwelling houses in Hyde Park; prices ranging $6,000 to $30,000. Can be bought at reduced prices and on easy terms. Persons looking for such will do well to call on us; also vacant lots in all parts of the city.

O. M. WELLS & CO., 17, 162 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—

SOUTH PARK-AV.

50 feet, near 60th-st., $250.
150 feet, near 61st-st., $200.
132 feet, corner 60th-st., cheap.
150 feet, near 57th-st., $250.
100 feet, near 57th-st., with improvements, very cheap. Easiest of terms.

SNOW & DICKINSON, Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—HYDE PARK BARGAINS.

Champlain-av., 25x125; e. f., n. e. cor. 45th	$ 100
Champlain-av., 100x125; near 47th-st	40
Calumet-av., corner 60th	40
Indiana-av., 82x125, corner 61th	50
Langley-av., 50x125, e. f., near 49th	
Wabash-av., 100x125, s. f., near 49th-st.	
St. Lawrence-av., 30x120, cor. 46th	at a bargain
South Park-av., 85feet, north 67th	250
Vincennes-av., 100x125, corner 67th	6,250
Wharton-av., near 58th-st	90

BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS.

50 feet, Wharton-av., near 62d.
50, 100, or 300, Cottage Grove-av., near 62d, $175.
125 feet corner Ada-st. and 65th-st., $225 ft.
50 feet 1 block from 63d and Stony Island, $70 ft.
300x300 Stony Island and 58th, two frontages, only $800 ft.; will divide.
100 feet, 61st-st., near Stony Island, $175 ft.

BRANDENBURG & GILBERT, 108 Tacoma bldg.

FOR SALE — A GENUINE SNAP — 50 FT. W., World's Fair frontage; $115 per ft.; must be taken quick.

PETTIBONE & CO., 161 La Salle-st., Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER GENUINE SNAP— 200 feet frontage near entrance to Washington Park on St. Lawrence-av., $100 per foot.

PETTIBONE & CO., 161 La Salle-st., Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—

OAKWOOD BOULEVARD.

Six elegant houses, 1-5 cash, balance 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years at 6 per c

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—
NORTH SHORE ACRES.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO OFFER FOR SALE, FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE IT WAS PURCHASED FROM THE GOVERNMENT, WHAT IS, WITHOUT QUESTION, THE FINEST LAKE SHORE TRACT NORTH OF CHICAGO, CONSISTING OF 320 ACRES. ONLY AN HOUR'S RIDE FROM CITY. ON C. & N. W. RY. HAS ¼ OF A MILE BEAUTIFUL BEACH, WITH RIPARIAN RIGHTS, AND THE SHERIDAN ROAD WILL POSITIVELY RUN THROUGH IT FOR THE SAME DISTANCE. THE BLUFFS, OVER ONE HUNDRED FEET IN HEIGHT, AFFORD A MAGNIFICENT VIEW OF THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY. EVERY FOOT OF THIS PROPERTY CAN BE UTILIZED FOR RESIDENCE PURPOSES. HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A SYNDICATE TO BUY AT $500,000 (INCLUDING FINE RESIDENCE, BARN, ETC.) WHAT WILL RETAIL FOR $800,000, IF PROPERLY HANDLED. MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. WILL TAKE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS TO THE GROUND AT ANY TIME.

W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
155 AND 158 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

CHOICE ACRES.

10 acres in the heart of the Stickney tract, on the proposed line of the Northern Pacific R. R.; adjoining properties are held at $0 per cent higher than our prices.

35 acres on Oak Park-av., at the crossing of the Ill. Central R. R., near the Northern Pacific purchase; will double in value on breaking ground for their works.

5 acres near Morton Park, at 39th-st.; a splendid piece of property; suitable for immediate subdivision; will be open only a few days.

SNOW & DICKINSON,
Exclusive Agents,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—BY THE OWNER, ROOM 212, STOCK Exchange Bldg.
10½ acres, Madison-st., s. e. cor. of Austin-av.; very high and beautiful ground in the midst of elegant improvements; three lines of railroad; 80 trains a day; electric line will soon be running.
3 acres, n. w. corner of Garfield Park Boulevard and 12th-st.; choicest subdivision block in Chicago.
11 acres s. w. corner of Adams-st. and Franklin-av.; Madison-st. electric cars will run within 200 feet; offered for a limited period for one-third less than value.
These three pieces are especially adapted for syndicates, and skillfully handled will double; terms easy.
Randolph-st., s. w. corner of 44th-st.; 600 feet front; at cost price two years ago; on extra easy terms.
Madison-st., 750x176, to a 20-foot alley; four corners on Austin, Howard, and Franklin-avs.; the electric cars will shortly be in operation past this property, which should then advance greatly.
North Shore—80 acres on Fort Sheridan covered with old white oak trees; a beautiful tract and can be bought cheap.
COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

FOR SALE—
DESIRABLE ACRE TRACTS.
THERE IS MONEY IN THE FOLLOWING PIECES:
10 ACRES NEAR HAMMOND, $250 per acre.
11 ACRES NEAR HARVEY, $1,000 per acre.
120 ACRES NEAR DESPLAINES, at the junction of the Wisconsin Central and Chicago and Northwestern R. R., $400 per acre.
10 ACRES about ¼ mile n. w. of Humboldt Park, $1,500 per acre; worth $2,200.
40 ACRES IN THORNTON, near Dolton, $300 per acre.
A good list of bargains in acres. Call for map and full particulars.
TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
FOR BELMONT AND JEFFERSON-AVS.
40 acres, s. e. ¼ 21, 40, 13; convenient to depot. Ripe for subdivision.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—

ACRES.	CALL	ACRES.

And see our list of special bargains in acres in different localities; also several bunches of lots at great bargains on some of the leading streets south.
O. S. WELLS & CO.,
152 La Salle-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—
Great bargain in 320 acres in the town of Bloom; will double in price in six months; finely located; three railroads.
J. S. HAIR & CO.,
161 Dearborn-st.,
Exclusive Agents.

FOR SALE—
Cor. Drexel and 35th-st., 8 acres on line of I. C. Ry; below the market.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR HAMMOND, IND., 80 ACRES of high and dry land, big bargain; price $100 per acre. W. H. PHARE, 116 La Salle-st., Room 28.

FOR SALE—ACRES—
5 acres at Brainard, 92d-st., 1 blk. from depot.
10 acres at Longwood, 1 blk. from station.
12½ acres at So. Englewood, subdivided.
20 acres, e. s. S. W. R. R. State-st. frontage.
5 acres at Washington Heights, 1 blk. from depot.
20 acres at Fernwood Park, ready for retailing.
MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—30 ACRES ON KEDZIE-av., between 32d and 35th-sts.
H. C. HANSEN,
415, 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—COR. 16TH AND W. 44TH-STS., 40 acres at a price sure to effect a quick sale.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—7 ACRES NEAR WABASH R. R. CAR shops and 70th-st.; $4,500 per acre. J. H. KELLEY, 201 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK, 15 ACRES AT $1,100. Rogers Park, 1,500 feet on Pratt-av., $6 per foot.
2 acres near Hammond and East Chicago, $300.
Hyde Park, 543 acres in tracts to suit purchaser, $1,000. Owner, J. H. H., 115 Dearborn-st., Room 43.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERSIDE, E. 29½ ACRES, splendidly located for subdivision.
4 acres with 16-room frame house, stone foundation, and splendid barns. OGDEN & McCAUGHTON,
85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE KEY TO THE SITUATION—16 acres in Worth, Sec. 1, on terminal south of feeder and adjacent to the Wabash R.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—
CHOICE MANUFACTURING PROPERTY.
We have unquestionably the best MANUFACTURING SITE IN CHICAGO, consisting of 40 acres right in the heart of the city, with a large RAILROAD and RIVER FRONTAGE, and well situated to sell at one-half the price of adjoining property.
This is certainly a very safe and profitable investment and will bear inspection.
FIRTH & COCHRAN,
90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
40 acres N. W. 11 miles from Court-House.....$275
40 acres S. W., 12 miles from Court-House..... 750
Both bargains. Both near railroad. Address
B. B. F., 70 Commercial Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE—23 ACRES IN MAINE, ADJOINING Columbian Steel Car company's purchase.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—
10½ ACRES.
10 feet, east front, on South Park-av.;
600 feet, south front, on 61st-st.
By the owner, THOMAS LYMAN,
221 Chamber of Commerce Building.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERSIDE—40 ACRES IN S. E. ¼ 30, 38, 12; very desirable.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—3 ACRES NEAR MAYWOOD, ON AND near three railroads; price now $500; the adjoining tract now being subdivided.
W. E. SLOSSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES COR. 56TH AND W. 44TH-sts.; we want an offer.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—HAMMOND ACRES—80 ACRES; $300 per acre; railroad passes through it; adjoining tract held at $600; would do to sub-divide. Address O 17, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MOAK & DUTHIE, 118 LA SALLE-ST., Room 30, 32, and 10 acres near new railroad at Perry; 40 acres on Little Calumet, $50 per acre; 80 acres at La Grange Village, cheap.

FOR SALE—CHICEST ACRES AND LOTS IN Norwood Park, on the hill and near main line of C., R. I. and P.
H. O. BALES,
Room 729, 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES CORNER OF 90TH-ST. and Crawford-av at $1,100; adjoining property sold for $1,500; 4 acres in Section 14 of Worth, at $1,250 per acre. THOS. DWYER & CO., Exclusive Agents, Room 6, 166 5th-av., S. W. cor. Washington.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES, RIPE FOR SUBDIVISION, between St. Louis and Homan-avs., 39th and 40th-sts.
A. WATSON,
319 South Robey-st.

FOR SALE—NEED MONEY—MUST BE SOLD AT once; wanted party with $600 ready cash to purchase a choice 40 acres tract, ripe for immediate subdivision at the city limits; $30,000 to be made a permanent risk within four months; only bona-fide quick buyers need address H 50, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ASCHER-AV. AND 47TH-ST., 5,000 ft. frontage, 15 acres; a bargain.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—40-ACRE FARM, ONLY ONE HOUR'S ride from city and within walking distance of station, on G., H. & S. R. R.; will take $60 an acre.
W. E. SLOSSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
Valuable and cheap farms in Illinois; valuable and cheap farms in Wisconsin, East Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Michigan, Nebraska, and Minnesota. Many of them clear of incumbrance; can trade most of them for Chicago equities.
ROWLEY & BLAIR,
83 Washington-st., R. 1.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—ELEGANT STOCK farm 10 miles from Chicago; 420 acres; $30,000 worth improvements. Address O 2, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FARM AT HALF ITS VALUE. NEW house, large orchard, good land, 60 miles west of Chicago. Address MRS. ROSELLA CALVIN, Steward, Lee Co., Ill.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—
Real estate to sell direct from owners. Inside property, improved and unimproved, acres, suburban lots, and residences. Property will be advertised freely and an active, energetic agency put to work to sell it. Good salesmen, both inside and outside the city. No sale, no charge.
JAMES R. LANE,
131 Chamber of Commerce,
Tel. 5353. Ground Floor.

WANTED—ALL OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE wanting a prompt sale call on us; no expense or commission unless sale is made.
HEPER & MUELLER, 176 La Salle-st.

WANTED—MODERN RESIDENCE ON FOREST, Calumet, or Ellis-avs., from $7,000 to $12,000; between 35th and 40th-sts.
GALLOWAY, LYMAN & PATTON,
Tacoma Bldg.

WANTED—25 OR 50 FEET BETWEEN 44TH-ST. and Washington Park, on Vincennes-st. Lawrence, or Champlain.
WM. BUTLER,
461 The Rookery.

WANTED—LOTS IN VICINITY OF WASHINGton Park, from $80 to $30 per foot, from owners. J. H. KELLEY, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

WANTED—FOR CUSTOMERS—OWNERS ONLY; cheap lot at Woodlawn, at Normal Park or bargain on north shore. Address G 43, Tribune.

WANTED — FOR IMMEDIATE CUSTOMER, central or South Side saloon property for about $5,000. OGDEN & McCAUGHTON,
85 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A BARGAIN ON WASHINGTON OR Madison, east of 44th-st. Name lowest cash price. Address H 90, Tribune office.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—3 TO 10 ACRES near Washington Heights; also North Shore acres. Address H 51, Tribune office.

WANTED—50 FT. E. F. ON LANGLEY, EKANS, or Champlain, between 47th and 49th-sts. Address H 89, Tribune office.

WANTED—25 OR 50 FEET COTTAGE GROVE, 92d or 93d-sts.; for cash. H. C. HULLINGER, 923 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—TO BUY—100 FT. OR MORE ON CALumet, bet. 70th and 79th. Address H 22, Tribune office.

WANTED—FROM OWNER ONLY—FOR IMMEdiate purchaser, lot on Bond-av., between 71st and 76th-st. Address H 61, Tribune office.

WANTED—A WEST SIDE FLAT BUILDING, business block preferred, but I would just as soon have any other, or will buy a vacant lot. Address H 2, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD LIGHT FACTORY SITE BEtween river and Halsted, north of 16th-st.; all cash.
W. P. BUTLER,
461 The Rookery.

WANTED — FROM OWNERS — SOUTH SIDE cash property. Have several customers with cash on hand. If you don't want to sell your property don't list it with me. Subdivisions a specialty.
HUGH DALEY, 94 Washington-st. Phone 2,510.

WANTED—FOR CASH AND GOOD RESTAUrant, feeding over 250 daily, also horse, buggy, and market wagon, a good 50-ft. corner lot worth about $3,500; must be a bargain; no agents. Address H 86, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY—50 FT. ON 57TH, 62D, 63D OR 64th, east of Drexel-blvd. Address H 21, Tribune office.

WANTED — CHEAPEST 25-FT. LOT ON HALsted-st., between 49th and 70th-sts, on easy terms; state price. Address H 20, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—80 ACRES EAST OF HAMMOND, ON Mich. Cen. R. R.; will take improved city property; if you want to double your money call quick and get particulars.
F. B. YOAKUM & CO.,
73 Dearborn-st., Room 1.

EXCHANGE—$24,000 EQUITY IN IMPROVED city property; will take clear farm in Illinois or Indiana.
F. B. YOAKUM & CO.,
73 Dearborn-st., Room 1.

EXCHANGE—CLOTHS AND CLOTHING; $5,000 to $9,000 and cash for $10,000 or $12,000 business property. 51 Reaper Block.

EXCHANGE—$12,000 WORTH OF VACANT LOTS. Clear; will take a residence or flats and assume. F. B. YOAKUM & CO., 73 Dearborn-st., Room 1.

FOR EXCHANGE—4 ACRES OF LAND WITH good house and barns in finest suburb of Chicago, for good saloon property in central location on South side. OGDEN & McCAUGHTON,
85 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—AT CASH VALUATIONS—
16,000 acre ranch, well stocked, clear.....$200,000
Property near Washington Park.....120,000
Business block well rented, for acres..... 80,000
Colorado ranch, stocked, for city equity..... 40,000
Equity in business block, for acres..... 35,000
Block of 4 houses, equity for farm..... 35,000
Equity business block, for lot..... 25,000
3 elegant South Side residences, clear, for lots 22,000
Fine Wabash-av. corner, clear, for lots..... 20,000
Equity in business block for farm..... 13,000
$40,000 worth clear South Side income property for equity in business block.
PETTIBONE & CO., 161 La Salle-st., ground floor.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR CHICAGO VACANT REAL estate, several desirable residence properties in Kansas City, Mo.; well located, unincumbered, and rented; will exchange one or all and pay cash difference.
H. M. McINTOSH,
No. 94 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—HAVE IN AN WHOLESALE trade; no competition; will trade for part cash and vacant lots. Address G 118, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—FINE MILLINERY, CLOAKS, suits, fancy goods, and notions; will take two-thirds clear real estate and cash. Address Box 1280, Jefferson, Iowa.

TO EXCHANGE—17,000 ACRES OF FINE TIMBERland near Newport, Ark., on 2 railroads, for equity in Chicago real estate. P. R. Peterson, Rooms 9 and 11, 163 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—
CHOICE CICERO ACRES.
Handsomely located and ripe for subdivision (big profits in sight). For good income or vacant business or residence property, $75,000 up; on cash basis only; will assume some paper.
H. S. MERRITT & CO., 406, 59 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—A GOOD NEW PIANO FOR safety bicycle or fine shotgun. Address H 78, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—A NEW MODERN HOME, large lot, in South Side suburb, for modern house on one of avenues south. Address H 83, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—DENTAL WORK FOR TAILORing. Address H 84, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR HOUSE AND LOT WORTH $6,000 to $7,000 my corner house, 16 rooms, now rented for $125 per month; finest location South Side; my price is $15,000; South or East Side preferred. H. C. HULLINGER, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—LEGAL SERVICE AND FIRE insurance, for first-class tailoring. Address H 38, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—320-ACRE DAKOTA farm, 160 acres under cultivation, for improved city property. What have you to offer? Address H N 58, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD FARM IN EXCHANGE FOR well rented city property; owners only. W. G. PHYALL & CO., Room 91, 187 La Salle-st.

WANTED—STOCK OF MERCHANDISE IN EXchange for good city property. W. G. PHYALL & CO., Room 91, 187 La Salle-st.

12 HOUSES NEAR GARFIELD PARK; ALSO 2 Millwaukee-av. blocks; for farms. GARDNER, Owner, 12 Major Block.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

A SPECIAL FUND TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL estate, without commission, at 5 and 6 per cent; no delay; money on hand.
PETER VAN VLISSINGEN,
95 Washington-st.

ANY AMOUNT TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL estate. Property inspected at once.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO.,
91 Dearborn-st., main floor.

AT WESTERN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, 173 Washington-st., money to loan in sums of $1,000 to $5,000 on choice city improved real estate.

GREENEBAUM SONS BANKERS
126 and 128 La Salle-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE IN COOK COUNTY, including building loans, made promptly at current rates. BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st.

LOAN—FROM $5,000 TO $9,000 ON IMPROVED CITY real estate at 6 per cent; no commission. Address O 24, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOWEST RATES ON
IMPROVED CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
No delay. Will loan in amounts
of $2,000 and upwards.
ROGUE & HOYT,
Real Estate Board Building.
N. E. cor. Dearborn and Randolph-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECOND MORTGAGES ON improved property, on first mortgages on unimproved lots, upon manufacturing plants, livery outfits, teaming companies, etc., etc., at bottom rates; get my prices before borrowing.
W. R. TRASHER,
108 Washington-st., main floor.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, FROM $200 up to any amount, at lowest rates.
CRELL & SCHONFELD,
151 and 153 Monroe-st., Rooms 41 and 42.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT
LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, Rooms 13 and 14, 116 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved city property in any amount.
MONEY ON HAND. W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
155 and 158 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT.
Special rates on large amounts.
SIDNEY LOEB, 32-51 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates. GEORGE M SCHMIDT,
419 Chamber of Commerce Building.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON good real estate security. W. E. SLOSSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE AT LOW-est rates. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., E. S. JUDD, Loan Dept. Mgr. s. e. cor. Madison and La Salle-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 AND 6 PER CENT ON IMproved real estate or to build; no appraisal or abstract expenses. E. C. JOHNSON, 138 Washington.

PETERSON & BAY, BANKERS, S. W. COR. La Salle and Randolph-sts., loan money on improved real estate at lowest rates of interest.

TO LOAN—$1,000 ON REAL ESTATE IN COOK County. L. J. HITZ, 116 La Salle-st., Room 5.

TO LOAN—$10,000 FOR 5 YEARS AT 6 PER CENT on city property; money in hand; no delay.
MATSON HILL, 188 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—$6,000 ON 5 YEARS STRAIGHT; 6 PER cent; first-class city improved. Address W. G., 99 Van Buren-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

WANTED—$3,000 FOR FIVE YEARS AT 6 PER cent interest on South Side property. Address H 34, Tribune office.

FINANCIAL.

ADVANCES. LOANS.
DO YOU WANT MONEY?
ADVANCES AND LOANS MADE ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, ETC., WITHOUT DELAY OR PUBLICITY AND WITHOUT REMOVAL. PERSONS WISHING A LOAN OF THIS KIND WILL DO WELL BY CALLING AT OUR OFFICE BEFORE DEALING ELSEWHERE.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
ROOM 36 LA SALLE-ST.
OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? KINDLY CALL at the office of the Hyman Loan Co.; loans made in amounts from $1 to $1,000 at the rate of 2, 3, 4, and 5 per cent on gold and silver, diamonds, watches, jewelry, seal garments, secured notes, goods in storage, furniture, pianos, and any available collateral; if you wish to make a loan privately and desire to be treated honorably call to see us. The Hyman Loan Co., Room 4, second floor, 142 Dearborn-st., southwest corner Madison.

BETWEEN $500 AND $5,000 CAN BE INVESTED IN buying stocks; the value of these stocks will in the next six months increase more than 1,000 per cent; the best reference given and required. Address H 75, Tribune office.

CHICAGO TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, COR. Clark and Washington-sts.—Loans made at market rates upon commercial paper, approved names, warehouse receipts, merchandise, secured notes, equities in real estate, and any available collateral.

CAPITALISTS, ATTENTION—WANTED SOME One to take a note of $240, drawing 6 per cent for 2 years, secured by real estate. Address H 8, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGES—$3,500 TO $80,000—NETting the purchaser 6 per cent interest; secured on improved Chicago real estate.
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO.,
91 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, HORSES, wagons, etc. Please call for rates before borrowing elsewhere. WILLIAMS, 79 Dearborn-st., Room 43.

MONEY LOANED ON COMMERCIAL PAPER, life policies, real estate mortgages, equities, first-class chattel mortgages, or any good security. 94 La Salle, Suite 66. Telephone 1275.

PARTNER—TO TAKE HALF INTEREST IN well-established banking business in Central Iowa; will bear most rigid investigation. Address THOMAS HOLLIS, Radcliffe, Iowa.

LIPMAN'S LOAN OFFICE, 99 MADISON-ST.—Will loan money to any amount on all goods of value; forfeited watches and fine diamonds for sale, less than store prices; cash paid for old gold and silver; watches and jewelry repaired; not connected with so-called mortgage companies; business confidential.

WANTED—LOAN OF $4,500, FROM PRIVATE party; property worth $9,000, when building is finished. Address O 41, Tribune office.

WANTED—THE LOAN OF $400 FROM PRIVATE party, good chattel security, for 6 months. Address H 62, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE FINANCIAL AS-sistance to furnish A1 rooming house; understands and means business. Address O 36, Tribune.

$20 TO $500 LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, diamonds, jewelry, sealskins, horses, fixtures, storage receipts, or any good security; low rates; honest dealing. KNOWLTON, 167 Dearborn-st., R. 402.

$5,000 TO LOAN; NO DELAY. W. B. CUNningham, 122 La Salle-st.

TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—99 YEARS WITHOUT REVALUATION —all or part of 275x100 on West Harrison-st. and Desplaines-st.; also 2,000 feet on Pan-Handle and Northern Pacific Rys., at Campbell-av. and Taylor-st.
J. W. HEDENBERG, 103 Washington-st., Room 5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AN EXCELLENT OPENING FOR RIGHT PARTY to start in the storage business; 40x75-ft., elegant pressed brick and plate-glass front; room 21x60 feet.
CHARLES G. FRENCH, 116 La Salle-st.

AT GOLSEN & SIMMONS, TACOMA BUILDING —Furnished grand, 15 rooms, two flats, near Sherman House; roomers and transients; nets monthly $250; long lease; reason for selling; $2,250.

BOARDING-HOUSE FOR SALE; GREAT SACRIfice; full; everything running first-class and paying; satisfactory reasons; cash only. A 1, 2, Tribune.

BELL'S LIGHTNING CHURN DASHER MAKES butter in five minutes; cheap and simple; can be used in any churn; one more State right for sale. 309 East Indiana-st.

ELEGANT FRONT FLAT, ED STORY OVER drug store; grand opening for a physician; 646 41th-st. CHARLES G. FRENCH,
116 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A GREAT OPPORTUNITY—LET IT be distinctly understood that the Chicago Department Store that we own and offer for sale at Bloomington, Ill., is the best location in that city; a fine four-story building, with elevator; four years' lease if desired; very choice stock of goods of 40,000 to $45,000, with a heavy all cash trade; the stock can be turned six times a year, and a business of $300,000 per annum be done with but little additional stock and effort. We will take some choice property for part pay.
LAMOREAUX COMPANY,
65 Reaper Block, Chicago.

FOR SALE—
We have a very fine (water power) mill plant, consisting of flour and saw mills, together with 200 acres of fine farming land in Michigan, on the M. C. R. R., now in successful operation. Owner being wealthy and advanced in years, wishes to retire, offers the above at a bargain on easy terms, or will exchange for Chicago real estate.
WILLIAMS & CO.,
1008 Opera House Building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL SALOONS IN BUSINESS district; very cheap; owners retire.
J. C. KLEENE, 79 Dearborn-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY PLANT AT ONE-third its value for cash; complete in every detail; best bargain in Chicago. Address H 41, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS MARKET. APPLY 661 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND FEED STORE DOING about $2,000 per month; good location. Owner has other business to attend. A 1, 11, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CORNER SALOON SOUTH of 39th-st. on State-st. The same can be bought cheap if taken at once. Please do not answer unless you mean business, as life is too short. Address H 80, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—THE BEST LOCATED DRUG STORE in a Pacific coast city; does new; splendid chance to party having $10,000. Address A 1, 66, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$4,000—GENERAL STOCK OF DRY goods and groceries; brightest manufacturing town in Northern Illinois; good reason for selling. Terms cash or equivalent. Address O 16, Tribune.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE IN BEST CITY IN Central Michigan; $9,000; best location; long lease; splendid prescription business; reason for selling, ill-health. RITZ & CO., Tribune-st. Office 30. care G. L. GARY & CO., 70 Board Trade-court, Rialto Building.

FOR SALE—SALOON—CLARK-ST., NEAR MADison; new fixtures and doing big business; lease to 1894; this is a first-class saloon and will be sold only for cash; $8,000. Apply to J. S. CLARK,
Room 5 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—COAL AND FEED BUSINESS, AT Ridgeland, Ill., the only yard there, a rare opportunity; 200 tons of orders to fill. J. M. HOSTETTER, 113 W. Madison-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON FIR, 1,120 ACRES, 35 million feet; accessible; a fortune, $17,500. BACON & CALKINS, Agents, Inter-Ocean Building.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN DETECTIVE agency, $300; hardware store, $1,100, will inventory $1,500; 10 barber shops, $100 up; barber outfits, cost $800, sell for $300. C. W. MOONEY, 132 East Washington-st., Room 1.

FIRST-CLASS SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE AND insurance agency, with or without an interest in a subdivision making big money and selling freely; owing to old age and sickness. Address this State-st., or call personally.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—SMALL HOTEL; must sell; investigate at once. Inquire ROGERS HOTEL, 75 East Van Buren-st.

GROCERY FOR SALE—THE BEST CORNER IN the West Side for business; want to sell on account of health. Address H 42, Tribune office.

IN SIGHT—GOLD—GOLD—LODE SIX TO EIGHT feet wedge between well-defined vertical granite walls. Wanted, $5,000 to put in machinery, for which will give a large interest in mine. This is a rare opportunity to make a fortune. Address or call at 175 Dearborn-st., Room 62, for full particulars.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A BUSINESS of any kind call on or address J. D. BISHOPP, R. 16 80 E. Madison-st.

RARE CHANCE FOR AN INVESTMENT—OWNers of 5-story factory building desire to sell and lease of purchaser. Will pay well. $30,000 required. Address H 74, Tribune office.

TO RENT—OR FOR SALE—A WHOLESALE COAL yard on the North Side. Address H 85, Tribune office.

THE OWNER OF TWO LOTS AT DAUPHIN PARK must have money, and with $660 cash you can make more than in any business. Room 75, 187 La Salle-st.

WANTED—GOOD PICTURE-FRAME MAN WITH a few hundred dollars for investment that will make splendid business and all the money he wants. Also man to buy grocery store and tea store and butter and cheese market; very little money and chance to prove all of them. THOS. CLUCK,
Room 32, 92 La Salle-st.

WANTED—LARGE MANUFACTURING PLANTS of any kind worth from $50,000 to $3,000,000 for European investor; must pay big percentage. Address with full particulars E. A. LINN, 99 Dearborn-st., in the Bank.

WANTED—THE BEST SALOON THAT $5,000 TO $15,000 cash will buy; owners preferred. Address H 73, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN INTEREST IN AN ESTABlished, profitable manufacturing business; can furnish a large amount of capital. Address P., O. Box 356, Chicago.

WANTED—A COMPETENT FOREMAN FOR architectural iron foundry with some capital to take charge of large concern. Address G 31, Tribune office.

WANTED—A THOROUGH BUSINESS MAN TO take a half interest in a well established lumber, grain, and coal business, in Central Iowa; for particulars address THOMAS HOLLIS, Radcliffe, Iowa.

WILL SELL FINE DRUG STORE CENTRALLY located, doing fine business. H 72, Tribune.

$300 BUYS DECEASED PARTNER'S HALF interest; business netting $200 per month; investigate this. Address H 44, Tribune office.

$350 TO $1,000 WILL START YOU IN THE "DEpartment store" business. Send for circular. CISSNA & WILDER & CO.,
230-236 Adams-st.

$2,500 WILL BUY MY EUROPEAN HOTEL of 50 rooms; must sell on account of other business; a bargain. Z 29, Tribune office.

$4,000 WILL BUY INTEREST OF RETIRING partner; well-established paying manufacturing business; a bargain to the right party. Address H 61, Tribune office.

$10,000 WILL BUY ONE-THIRD INTEREST in a new invention which has already been tested; patents secured in all progressive countries. Best of reference required. Address H 76, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—PRIVATE RESIDENCE, PARLOR, sitting-room, dining-room, and kitchen on parlor floor; second floor, four rooms deep; third floor, three rooms; plumbing and gas fixtures; floors recovered and papered; gas fixtures, range, porcelain laundry tubs, electric bells, speaking tubes, etc. Location best in the city. 2631 Lake-av. Fifteen minutes from Van Buren-st. Open today. Owner, Room 66, 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—SOUTH PARK-AV., NORTH OF 37TH-st., corner house, stone front, fully furnished; two parlors, dining-room and kitchen on parlor floor; six bed-rooms, all have washbowls and closets; piano; house in complete order; family going to Europe; possession Nov. 15; to private family only; $125. Address G 131, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3417 INDIANA-AV.—A BRICK ENglish basement cottage; price $23 per month; single family $35. Call at 3325 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3535, 3537, AND 3539 GRAND-BLVD., 3-story and cellar modern marble-front residences; first-class barn. ENYDACKER & CO.,
153 Washington.

TO RENT—3236 MICHIGAN-AV., 14 ROOMS, newly painted and papered, new plumbing, etc.; $60 per month until May, $60 per month one year after. Will extend it beyond World's Fair at reasonable rate to good party. JOHN C. LONG, Room 13 Portland Block.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON WAbash-av., north of 27th-st.
E. PERCY MAYNARD,
Room 210, 95 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FINE STONE-FRONT HOUSE ON Rhodes-av., 10 rooms; modern and flats.
S. LLOYD & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED house, 10 rooms, closets and every modern convenience; Ellis-av., near 37th-st.; near steam and cable roads; highest references required.
H. E. SLOSSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NO. 3230 WABASH-AV.—ELEGANT brown-stone modern residence, 12 rooms, in excellent order; on the best part of the avenue.
D. SLOCUM, Room 15, 106 Fifth-av.

TO RENT—3213 VERNON-AV., ELEGANT 8-room brick house; in perfect repair; rent $40 per month.
C. U. GORDON & CO.,
115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3235 GROVELAND-AV., AN ELEGANT modern eleven-room house, nearly new, with screens, window shades, and carpets if desired; will be handsomely decorated to suit tenant; location very convenient and desirable. Key and owner, 3237 same street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON INDIana-av., near 19th-st.; to private family only.
MATSON HILL, 188 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—
3317 Wabash-av., fine 2-story 10-room house; newly papered and new plumbing.
BAIRD & BRADLEY,
90 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT—NO. 2317 INDIANA-AV., 10 ROOMS, elegantly furnished; 50-ft. lot. CLEVELAND & NORTON, 87 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3024 LAKE PARK-AV., ROCK-FACED stone front, oak finish; all improvements. G. D. THOMAS, 177 La Salle-st., Room 10.

TO RENT—3244 PRAIRIE-AV.—TWO-STORY and basement, stone-front residence; in good order. A. D. HYDE, 126 Dearborn-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEW 2-STORY BRICK HOUSE ONE block north Garfield Park, 8 rooms, modern improvements, $20, or sell on $25 monthly payments. 171 La Salle-st., office 4.

FOR RENT—51 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.—THREE story and basement stone-front residence.
CHANDLER & CO.,
110 Dearborn-av.

FOR RENT—423 JACKSON-BLVD., FINE CORner brick house; key 351 W. Adams-st.

TO RENT—10-ROOM BRICK, DOUGLAS PARK station, modern improvements, $25 month; worth double; good parties. Owner, 34, 117 La Salle-st.

FOR RENT — 1075 WASHINGTON-BLVD., 8-room house; large, bright, airy rooms; immediate possession; rent $40 per month.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO.,
99 Monroe-st., N. W. cor. Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—705 MONROE-ST.—2-STORY AND basement stone-front house; newly papered throughout; frame barn. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

TO RENT—
291 Ontario-st., brown stone-front, 14 rooms.
381 Ontario-st., brown stone-front, 15 rooms.
54 St. Clair-st., 11 rooms.
58 St. Clair-st., 11 rooms.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
84 Clark-st.

Hyde Park.

TO RENT—NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, ELLIS-AV. and 51st-st.; east front; hot and cold water, bath; rent $25.
A. R. HECKMAN & CO.,
79 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE OF CULTURED tastes to take charge of house until 1st of May, to board suits for the low rent; or will make other suitable arrangements; a good chance for the right parties. Call or address E. C. MORRIS, 4018 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE ON BOWENav., near Drexel-av.; price, $20.
A. R. HECKMAN & CO.,
79 Dearborn-st.

Lake.

TO RENT—RAVENSWOOD—MODERN 8-ROOM house; $38 per mo.
R. N. LLOYD & CO.,
167 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—AT LAKE FOREST—MRS. WM. Warren's place; completely furnished; use of horses, vehicles, and cow free of charge; $90 per month.
SNOW & DICKINSON,
Dearborn & Washington-sts.

FOR RENT — WINNETKA RESIDENCES; 40 minutes' ride; out-houses and lots; several bargains for the winter and longer; one store. Call 704 Opera House.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—SEE THOSE NEW 8-ROOM FLATS; cooking

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Union Trust Company,
CHICAGO,
At Close of Business, October 7th, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$2,369,833.85
Overdrafts	50.76
United States, Cook County, and City of Chicago Bonds	184,500
Other Municipal Bonds and Stocks	442,650.00
Premiums	26,910.81
Real Estate and Fixtures	15,986.71
Current Expenses	8,602.95
Cash on hand and due from Banks and Bankers	878,118.91
	$3,926,653.99

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 500,000.00
Surplus	346,500.00
Undivided Earnings	41,956.08
Deposits	3,039,197.91
	$3,926,653.99

S. W. RAWSON, President.
G. M. WILSON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
J. H. PEARSON, E. F. PULSIFER,
JAMES LONGLEY, G. M. WILSON,
S. W. RAWSON.

FOR SALE.
AT THE PRINCIPAL GATEWAY OF THE WORLD'S FAIR.
COTTAGE GROVE-AV.
Northeast Corner of Fifty-first-st,
The Choicest Corner on the street.
LOT 208X100.
For price and terms call on
NESSLER & LEACH
405 Chamber of Commerce,
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

ACRES.
Washington Heights.
On both sides Western-av., beautifully wooded, 110 feet above the city, and on Chicago Central R. R., the new suburban route to the city.
Only 4 pieces left.
JAS. JAY SMITH & CO.,
167 Dearborn-st., Room 612.

CHOICE BONDS.
We offer the following subject to sale:
$42,000 Topeka, Kas., Funding.....5s
$10,000 Owatonna, Minn., Water.....6s
$44,000 Wichita, Kas., School.....5s
$40,000 Morrison Co., Minn., Ct-House..5s
$40,000 Stanton Co., Neb., Refunding....5s
$40,000 Buffalo Co., Neb., Court-House..5s
$ 5,000 Calumet Township (Cook Co., Ill.)5s
CALL OR WRITE FOR BOND LIST.
Deal in Local and all Securities listed on Chicago Stock Exchange.
Banking in all branches. Your account solicited.
S. A. KEAN & CO. BANKERS,
N. Y. OFFICE, 119 BROADWAY. 100 WASHINGTON ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

TO RENT.
FOR MANUFACTURING OR WHOLESALE BUSINESS.
One of the most desirable buildings on the West Side, Nos. 242 to 244 Monroe-st., 6 stories and basement, 40x185. Large engine, 2 boilers, 2 elevators, shafting, etc. Can give immediate possession.
RICE & CREIGHTON,
130 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE.

HAMMOND	ACRES		HAMMOND
20 acres at			$200 per acre
20 acres at			225 per acre
20 acres at			250 per acre
50 acres at			300 per acre
50 acres at			500 per acre
30 acres at			1,000 per acre
30 acres at			1,250 per acre
28 acres at			1,200 per acre
40 acres at			350 per acre

Other bargains in and near Hammond.
O. M. WELLS & CO., Room 17, 162 La Salle-st.

COTTAGE GROVE-AV.,
Southwest cor. 50th-st.,
72x180, a Saloon Corner, can be had at a bargain if taken at once.
NESSLER & LEACH
Exclusive Agents,
405 Chamber of Commerce Building.

FOR SALE.
AT A SACRIFICE
A number of lots on Archer-av., 34th and Lincoln-sts.
WANT AN OFFER.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO.,
85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN
On City Property at Lowest Rates.
Building Loans made.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOWEST RATES.
WALKER, LARNED & MOSS,
201 Tacoma Building.

Money to Loan
On Real Estate at 5, 6, and 7 per cent.
Special attention to making
BUILDING LOANS.
Baird & Bradley, 90 La Salle-st.

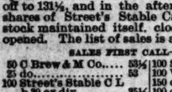
FOR SALE OR TRADE,
FOR 30 DAYS,
The Iowa Packing Co.'s Plant at Sabula, Iowa; in perfect running order. Packing capacity in winter, 5,000; in summer, 1,500 hogs. Immediate possession.
Apply to INGWERSON BROS.,
Union Stock-Yards, Chicago.

NOTE THIS BARGAIN.
65 ft. on Austin-av., east of Ashland. Splendid for low-priced flats if improved, or manufacturing site; pays now 10% on price asked. To be sold at once.
STRONG, 127 La Salle-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE.
ACRES. ACRES. ACRES.
10 acres, South Park-av., corner 39th-st., at a bargain.
NESSLER & LEACH
405 Chamber of Commerce Building.
Exclusive Agents.

GREAT BARGAIN.
20 acres at Chicago Lawn, near depots; very choice property; $250 per acre under last sale.
SNOW & DICKINSON,
Exclusive Agents,
Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

A CHOICE
80-ACRE TRACT
In Section 29, Calumet, near the Morgan Tract, for sale at a bargain.
B. F. JACOBS,
99 Washington-st.

Carette STOCK $75 a SHARE
100 Shares in lots to suit. SCOTT & GAGE, 45 Clark St.

Office Desks, Folding Beds.
A. H. Andrews & Co.
Wabash Av., Chicago.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL.

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	Oct 15.	Oct 8.
New York	$127,055,603	$141,625,483
Boston	17,489,719	18,410,863
Chicago	14,575,000	13,979,000
Philadelphia	12,201,717	12,807,539
St. Louis	3,802,973	3,611,317
Baltimore	2,344,062	2,396,131
New Orleans	1,350,600	1,493,895

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 60@50c discount; Boston, 10@15c discount; St. Louis, 75c discount.

The money situation in London and in New York appears to be growing easier. The call loan rate in London yesterday fell to 3½@4 per cent. There was little change in the discount rate here over. An improvement in the foreign and in the New York situation will in time have its effect here, but there is certainly little evidence yet of any loosening in the money situation. As has been repeatedly said, merchants and manufacturers are getting about all the bank accommodation they find necessary, but the borrower outside of those lines finds almost nothing. A contraction of just how tight the market still is the incident might be mentioned of the unsuccessful efforts of a borrower to secure a loan of $200,000. He was willing to pay 7 per cent and to offer as collateral North Chicago Railway stock at par. As that stock is worth on the market about 175 there would certainly be little question about the security of a loan that had the stock pledged at par as collateral. It is extraordinary that such opportunities for the profitable loaning of funds as is offered by the Chicago stock market should not attract outside money. There is much talk of new banks, but tangible evidence in the shape of funds to loan is what is wanted.

Sterling was slightly stronger yesterday. Quotations for demand were marked up by Brown Bros. in the morning, and that was taken as indicating an advance in the Bank of England rate today, but that was the only evidence to be seen that such an advance was probable. The general opinion here is that there will be no advance. Rates yesterday for sterling exchange were 4 85¾@486 for demand and 480¾ for sixty-day bills.

Business still languishes at the Stock Exchange. Sales on the first call were but 750 shares, and only 475 in the afternoon. Even with the light as that there was decided weakness developed. West Side stock on the morning call went off to 131¼, and in the afternoon to 130. A few shares of Street's Stable Car were sold, but that stock maintained itself at 134, a higher than it opened. The list of sales is as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

50 C Brew & M Co	53½	100 St S C L b 30 ex div	35¾
25 do	53	50 W Chi St Ry b 30	132¾
150 Street's Stable C L	134	150 do	134½
b 30 ex div	35¾	100 do b 15	132
100 do cash	35	25 C Brew & M Co pfd	48½

BONDS.

$2000 W Chi St R B 1st M 5s cash	99¾	$6000 C Gas L & C Co 5s b 30	86¾
1000 do cash	99¾		

SALES SECOND CALL—2:15 P. M.

25 C Brew & M Co	53	50 W Chi St R R Co b	132¾
100 Street's Stable C L cash	36¼	50 do	130¾
100 do b 30 ex div	35¾	250 do	130

The dissatisfaction in the form of the Chicago Brewing and Malting company stock certificates was so general and so well-founded that the promoters set to work yesterday to see how the objectionable features could be remedied. Charles Henrotin developed a plan which met with the hearty approval of the directors of the company, the members of the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange, and the shareholders. The plan is to have all the shares of the company which are owned by American shareholders issued direct in the name of the Northern Trust company or assigned to that company, the Northern Trust company to hold those certificates and to issue against them certificates to the effect that those shares are held in trust. This plan as elaborated seems to cover every point on which objections have been raised. The plan will undoubtedly be adopted, as only in regard to the Brewery securities, but for all the other international issues.

The stock of the National Linseed Oil company, which was recently listed on the New York Stock Exchange, is receiving unusual attention from Chicago speculators. A statement just made of the financial condition of the company June 30, 1890, is as follows:

ASSETS.

Plant investment and equipment representing the amount paid in capital stock at par for the 52 plants, including real estate, buildings, machinery, trade marks, patent rights, tank cars, and stations, and the good will of the concerns taken over, many having been in successful operation over twenty years	$16,902,481
Bills receivable	270,481
Deferments	
Accounts receivable, stock on hand, etc	6,049,512
Cash	551,766
	$23,680,240

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$18,000,000
Bills payable and accounts payable, including transfers between mills and stations	4,478,836
	$22,478,836

Assets over liabilities, representing net earnings last twelve months, 6 87-100 per cent on capital, $18,000,000 | 1,201,405

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—[Special.]—After their recent misfortunes the bulls were very timid at the opening today. They opened a few of the stocks at fractional advances and a few fractionally weaker, while the rest of the list hung about steady. The early news from London was not over-reassuring, for it portended a continuation of liquidation, an increasing stringency in the money market, and probable advance in the Bank of England rate. But in the face of this the market held pretty firm, and not long after the opening the London advices seemed to change their tenor. In fact, it was discovered that large buying orders from London were held here, and before noon on moderate actions the whole list showed advances of ½ to 1¼ over the closing. Louisville and Nashville was the most prominent of the active stocks and advanced 1¾ on London buying. The grangers found more support than for some time and gained ⅝@¾ each. The Villard and the coalers were also stronger, but in a less degree.

The market eased off slightly during the early afternoon, but only ¼ or ⅜c, which was not considered even an indication of weakness. On the contrary the indications were decidedly more favorable than for some time. Still full confidence is far from restored, and the bears are known to be wary and strong, and it is not believed that they have quite used up all their ammunition yet. The general list either retained its strength or increased its gains during the afternoon, except the Vanderbilts, which were subjected to a sharp raid by the bears with the evident design of breaking the market. They sold Central off for a point and Lake Shore for ⅞, but the market failed to yield.

Money on call easy, ranging from 4 to 6 per cent, last loan 4, closed offered at 5. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@7½. Sterling exchange quiet and fairly steady at 486¾ for 60-day bills and 487¾ for demand.

The total sales of stocks today were 273,767 shares, including Atchison, 11,615; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 15,628; Lake Shore, 5,510; Louisville and Nashville, 29,832; Missouri Pacific, 3,165; North American, 12,066; Northern Pacific preferred, 13,825; Reading, 16,607; Rock Island, 5,200; Texas Pacific, 3,978; St. Paul, 25,560; Union Pacific, 21,300.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Oct. 15	Closing Oct. 14
Am. Cot. Sd. T.	300	19	18¾	18¾	18¾
Atchison	11,115	31¾	30¾	31¼	30¾
Alton & T. H.	100	31¾	31¾	31¾	
Do pfd	100	115	115	115	
C. B. & Q.	5,150	91⅜	90¾	91⅛	90¾
Canada So	3,720	52	51¾	51¾	51¾
Central Pac	300	30¾	29¾	30¾	30¾
Canadian Pacific	100	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
Ches. & Ohio	200	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Do 1st pfd	300	52¾	52¾	52¾	53
Colo. Coal	1,000	44¾	43¾	44¾	44
C. St. Louis & P. pfd	100	60	60	60	60
C. & E. Ill. pfd	100	89	89	89	90
C. C. C. & St. L.	5,050	66¾	66¼	66¾	66¾
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	250	193¾	193¾	193¾	
Chicago Gas	4,525	43¾	42¾	43¾	43¾
D., L. & W.	15,625	144¾	143¾	144¾	143¾
Del. & Hud.	631	140¾	139	139½	139¾
D. & E. G. pfd.	600	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾
Erie	4,700	21¾	21	21¾	21¾
East Tenn.	300	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Hocking Valley	400	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
Hocking Coal	100	23¾	23¾	23¾	
Ill. Cent	625	99¼	98¾	99¼	99¼
Jersey Cent	400	111	111	111	111
Kan. & Tex	610	16¾	15¾	16¼	16¾
Lake Shore	5,510	106¾	105¾	106¾	106¾
Lake. & Flash	30,650	79¾	78¾	78	79¾
Long Island	200	89	89	89	90
L. E. & W.	100	15	15	15	
Lead Trust	1,100	18¾	18¼	18¾	18¾
Lead Trust pfd	4,185	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Lacede Gas	200	15¾	15¾	15¾	
Mo. Pac	3,300	69	67¾	68¾	69
N. Y. C. & H. R.	1,250	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾
N. Y. Sus. & W. pfd.	100	26¾	26¾	26¾	27
N. Y. C. & St. L.	100	15¾	15¾	15¾	
N. American Co	11,000	32¾	31¾	32¾	31¾
Oregon S. Line	200	30¾	30¾	30¾	30
Ontario & Western	1,525	17¾	17	17¾	17¾
Omaha Com	300	28¾	27¾	28¾	28¾
Pacific Mail	200	39	39	39	39
Pullman	1,250	217¾	211	214¾	216
Reading	13,300	35¾	34¾	35¾	35
Rich. Term	3,978	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	100	72	72	72	
Rock Island	6,510	76	75	75¾	74¾
St. Paul	25,900	99¾	98	99¾	98
Do pfd	850	105¾	104¾	105¾	105¾
Southern Pacific	500	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Sugar Trust	37,595	75¾	73¾	74¾	74¾
Silver B	156,000	109¾	108¾	109	109
Texas Pacific	2,900	17¾	16¾	17¾	17¾
T. A. & A. N. M.	100	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
Tenn. Coal	200	42¾	41	42¾	41¾
Union Pacific	21,300	61¾	59¾	60¾	61¾
W. & L. E.	1,250	32	31¾	31¾	31¾
Do pfd	900	71¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Wabash	100	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	2,940	21	20	20¾	20¾
Western Union	1,900	81¾	81	81¾	80¾
Whitby Trust	100	47¾	47	47¾	48
Wisconsin Central	300	20	20	20	20

*Ex. Rights. †Ex. div. 1½ per cent quarterly.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	145	Fargo	140
American	111	United States	65

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4s reg	123½	U. S. 4½s reg	104¾
U. S. 4s coup	123½	U. S. 4½s coup	104¾

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 12 M.

$2000 U S 4s cp	123¾	$ 1000 NP&M 1st	103
20000 U S 4s reg	123¾@123¾	12000 Or Imp 1st	103¾
19000 Atch 4s	82¼@82¾	5000 O R & N 1st	109¼
105000 Atch Inc	53¼@54	2000 P Co 1st cp	68
5000 B & P 1st	111	1000 P D E 1st	68
5500 B C R & N 1st	95¾@96	2000 P & E 1st	78
1000 Can S 2d	98	2000 P & E Inc	22
5000 C P 1st	110	86000 P & R 1st pfd	82¾@83
2000 C & O con 5s	100¾	100¾ 37000 P & R 2d pfd	13¾@14
2000 C & O—R & A 1st con	120	8000 P & R 3d pfd	31½@31¾
12000 C B & Q 4s	96¾@97	6000 P & R m 4s	90¾@90¾
10000 C & H 1st	85¾	2000 P & W 1st	71¾
10000 C & H 2d	85	2000 Rio G W 1st	77
10000 D & R G 4s	82	9000 R & A I M 5s	91¾
3000 Erie 2d m	114	7000 T & R 5s T D	88
5000 F W & D 1st	104	2000 T P 1st 5s	91¾
3000 Ft W & R G 1st	112	1000 T P 2d Inc	34¾
9000 L E & W 1st	109½	10000 Un El 1st	109
2000 L N & A C cn	100	10000 Un Col tr 4½s	93
11000 M & St L 1st	113¾@113¾	10000 U P 4s	101¾
1000 M & S P 1st C M 5s	103¾	1000 Utah S ex 1st	101¾
1000 M & S P 1st S M D	112¾	1000 Wab 1st	101¾
10000 N O & T reg	82¾	1000 Wab 2d	87
9000 N Y L E & W new 5cn	97¼@99	1000 Wab deb 6s	35
15000 N Y O & W cn 5s	53¾@54	12000 W N Y & P 1st	98¾@98¾
3000 N P 2d cp	112	15000 W St L 1st	98¾
11000 N o P con 5s	88¾@89¼	15000 Wis C inc	44

12 M. TO 2 P. M.

3000 Atch 4s	82	21000 C B & Q Neb Inc	23
28000 Atch Inc	55¼@56¾	56000 P & R 1st pfd	82¾@83¼
10000 Brk El 1st	111	9000 P & R 2d pfd	42¾@43
10000 Can So 2d	98¾	1000 P & R 3d pfd	31¾
2000 C B & Q deb 5s	102¾	7000 Rio G W 1st	78¾
2000 C & El gen 5s	99¼	3000 R T coll tr 5s	70
2000 C & El 1st	113¾	5000 St L & T 2d tr rcp	22
4000 C I & L 1st cp	68	1000 St L & S F 1st 6s	120¾
6000 C H V & T 5s	81¾@81¾	1000 S A & A P 1st 6s	108½
1000 D & M 1st	107¾	80000 S O P Col 1st	70¾@70¾
1000 D & M 1st Inc	100	7000 S P C on 5s	100¾@100¾
1000 L S 1st rg	121¾	1000 T C & R e-T D	88½
1000 L S 2d cp	123½	1000 T P 1st Ter	98¾
10000 L S & M S 1st	129¾@130	7000 T A & A G T 1st	107¾@107¾
1000 L S & I T 1st	99¾@99¾	5000 T A & A N M 1st	103¾
5000 Mut El 1st	113	5000 U P D & G 1st	89¾
1000 M & St L 1st	113¾@113¾	1000 U P a 1st of 1897	112¾
4000 M & S P 1st C M R 5s	100¾	2000 U P a 1st of 1896	113
2000 M & E 1st	112¾	3000 Wab 1st deb ser B	35
3000 M & St L 1st	113¾	28000 Wab 1st	101¾@102
7000 N P con 5s	86¾@86¾	10000 Wab 2d	86¾
2000 O & M cn	114	10000 W St L 1st	109¾
1000 O R Imp 1st	103	12000 W N Y & P 1st	98¾
2000 O S L & U cn	90	6000 Wis Cen 1st	98
6000 Penn 4½s reg	107		

2 P. M. TO 3 P. M.

3000 Atch 4s	85¼@85¾	3000 P & R 2d pfd	43¼@43¾
50000 Atch Inc	55¼@56	3000 P & R 3d pfd	32¾
5000 C B & Q Den Div 4s	91¾	25000 P & R m 4s	90¾@90¾
2000 C & E Ill cons	112	1000 Rich & W 1st	103
2000 C & El con	117	2000 S J & G 1st	105¾
3000 C El & P 1st cp	109¾	10000 St L A & T 2d tr rcp	23
1000 C H & D 2d	120¾	1000 St L & S F 1st 6s	120¾
3000 C H V & T 5s	81¾	1000 S L A M 4s	108¾
9000 G H & S A W D 1st	95¾	8000 T P 2d inc	33¾@33¾
1000 M L S & W 1st	102	3000 U Pa 1st of 1896	113¾
2000 M & S P 1st I & D ex	124	17000 U P D & G 1st	88¾@89
5000 Mob & O g m	65¾	15000 Wab 1st	101¾
1000 M & E 1st Ch	112¼	2000 Wab deb ser B	35
9000 N Pac 3d cp	100	5000 W S gtd 4s	102¾@103
5000 Or Imp con 5s	90¾	5000 W S gtd 4s rg	102¾@103¾
1000 P C O 4th cp	102¾	11 Adams Ex	141@141
40000 P & R 1st pfd	42	5 Am Ex	115

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	Sales.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.
Atchison	4,000	33	34¼	33	34¼
Bell Telephone	19	222	224	222	224
C., B. & Q.	2,400	90¾	91⅜	90¾	91⅜
Oregon R. Line	100	30	30	30	30
Pullman	30	219	219	218	218
Sugar Trust	4,150	74	75¾	73¾	74¾
Thomson & Hou'n	475	51	51¾	51	51¾
Do Ser D	15	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Union Pacific	610	59¾	61¾	59¾	61¾
Wisconsin Central	15	21	21	21	21

Bond sales and quotations:

$2000 B & M cons 7s	135	$20000 Atch Inc	55¾
200 C B & N 5s	101¾	20000 do	55¾
14000 Mex 4s		5000 do	56
5000 do	70¾	15000 do	56¼
10000 do	70¾	5000 do	56¾
22000 Atch 4s	81	2000 N Eng 6s	115¾
1000 do	80¾		

Money at the clearing-house 5 per cent. Call loans are 5@6 per cent and time paper 6½@6¾ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—The market closed firm and fractionally higher; Pennsylvania, 51⅜@52¼; Reading, 17 13-16@17⅝; Lehigh Valley, 51 bid; Lehigh Nav., 78¾; St. Paul, 98¾; Northern Pacific common, 69¾; New York Central, 106; Pennsylvania, 53¾; Reading, 13¾; Mexican Central new 4s, 72¾.

Bid and asked prices for one hour, 2 to 3 p. m. cent. Rate of discount in the open market, 5 per cent.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Three per cent rentes, 86f 50c for the account.

MINING STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Mining quotations: Alice, $2.00; Gould & Curry, $2.00; Horn Silver, $1.75; Homestake, $9.50; Horn Silver, $3.25; Iron Silver, $1.50; Ontario, $41.00; Smallhopes, $1.60.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—Closing prices: Alliouez Mining company (new), $3.12½; Atlantic, $20.00; Boston and Montana, $62.00; Calumet and Hecla, $395.00; Franklin, $21.00; Humboldt, 75; Kearsarge, $2.50; Osceola, $39.75; Quincy, $115.00; Santa Fe Copper, 30¾; Tamarack, $190.00; Centennial Mining, $20.00.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows: Aita, $1.50; Bulwer, 30c; Best & Belcher, $2.05; Bodie Consolidated, $1.30; Challenge Con., $1.05; Consolidated Cal. & Va., $4.75; Crown Point, $2.35; Confidence Con., $4.00; Gould & Curry, $2.15; Hale & Norcross, $2.15; Mexican, $3.30; Mono, 65c; Navajo, 30c; Ophir, $5.00; Potosi, $7.75; Savage, $3.35; Sierra Nevada, $2.35; Union Consolidated, $3.05; Utah, $1.25; Yellow Jacket, $3.40; Commonwealth, $2.50; Nevada Queen, 80c; Belle Isle, $1.00; North Belle Isle, $1.25.

GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

One private cable quoted Liverpool dull and easier. Another, "strong upward tendency. Wheat turned dearer."

New York wired that the light stocks of wheat were beginning to have an effect on the market. Hutchinson was selling December and buying May wheat. Mitchell was a big buyer of May wheat also. Bloom was regarded as a buyer and Logan was selling.

Minneapolis reported sales of flour for export at 3c advance over Monday's price.

Some operators were buying May corn and selling oats at a spread of 8c, or on the basis of 52c for corn and 44c for oats.

Quantities of wheat and flour on passage to the European markets decreased 2,100,000 bu during the week and corn decreased 560,000 bu.

An elevator man reported the sale Tuesday of a round lot of clipped oats to be delivered at the seaboard at 54c, and furthermore was yesterday offered for another lot a figure equivalent to 55c.

Out of total shipments yesterday of 66,515 bu flaxseed 50,268 bu were taken from the Armour elevator and loaded into the propeller Lackawanna. Receipts were increased to 159 cars.

Bradstreet's figures on the available supply of grain east of the Rockies noted an increase of wheat by 3,390,000 bu, while corn decreased 860,000 bu and oats 20 000 bu.

The Russian and Danubian shipments to the United Kingdom during the week aggregated 1,280,000 bu, being 1,400,000 bu less than during the previous week and 1,680,000 bu less than during the corresponding week of 1889.

Privilege trading after the close of the regular session was at a narrow spread. Late in the afternoon puts on December wheat sold at $1.02¼, and calls at $1.03¾. Puts on May corn were 52@53c and calls at 53@54c.

During the last week the Indian wheat shipments to the United Kingdom were 160,000 bu. The total shipments to the United Kingdom from India since April 1 were 10,740,000 bu, against 9,848,000 bu during the corresponding period of 1889.

Beerbohm figures that Oct. 3 the visible stocks in the United States, afloat for Europe, in the United Kingdom, France, Russia, and Germany aggregated 75,100,000 bu, against 71,400,000 bu in 1889, and 96,200,000 bu in 1888.

"Fifty-cent oats" is now the watchword with a class of traders who favor the long side of the market, one prominent bear yesterday predicting as high a figure as 60c. It was believed by some observers that the purchases of Swarts-Dupee were for investment.

The heavy rains in the Northwest have, according to some observers, done considerable damage to the wheat in stack, and the quality will surely be unfavorably affected by it. People who have been looking over the wheat country say that they are continually reducing their estimates of the crop up there. One prominent bear who had been talking of 100,000,000 bu thinks now that it will be nearer 80,000,000.

Advices from the Northwest indicate that there will be a large increase in the receipts in the next few weeks, though the rush is over at the primary receiving stations. As soon as the railway companies are in shape to furnish more cars there will be a marked increase in the quantities arriving at St. Paul and Duluth. One elevator company operating seventy-three houses in Minnesota and Dakota received 35,000 bu one day last week and yesterday received but 6,500 bu at all their houses, indicating that the rush is over there. Farmers are busy with their plowing, and a good many of them who are able to do so are holding back their wheat.

Some time ago a popular young member of the board, whose name is not McPherson but might be easily mistaken for it, while chatting with a friend at the Stock-Yards agreed for the fun of the thing to abstain from cocktails and claret lemonades for one month. At the expiration of the period he sent a message to his Stock-Yards friend. It was the single word, "Time," but the friend knew what it meant and wired a reply which was never delivered to the young man on 'Change. A few days ago the Stock-Yards young man received a letter from the Rev. S. J. McPherson, whom he knows only by name, to the following effect: "My dear sir: Upon returning from my vacation I found a telegram from you reading as follows: 'Time is all right, but what about the windup?' I fail to comprehend the message, as I do not remember anything to which it might refer. Have I forgotten an engagement, or what is it? I was quite sure that I had kept all appointments, and am mystified by your language."

Then the Stock-Yards young man saw that his telegram had miscarried and that the good clergyman had received what was intended for his Board of Trade friend. And now both of them are wondering what they had better do. Perhaps this will save them the necessity of explaining to the Rev. Mr. McPherson.

THE MARKETS.

The leading produce markets were moderately active. Wheat closed weak, after ruling steady through most of the session. Corn was steady and quite strong and higher. Provisions were easier. The weather in the Northwest was generally clear and cool, though rain was reported from a few points in Minnesota and Dakota and Duluth, Minn., was getting "blizzardy" weather. The indications are for occasional rains but generally fair.

The impression was general yesterday morning that a break in wheat was due. Commission houses have been advising their customers to hold off for a while, as lower prices are sure to come, temporarily, at least. The opening was at ¼c below the closing of the previous day, but there didn't seem to be much wheat for sale. Public sentiment was bearish, however, and prices were conflicting. Local receipts were below the estimates, and those in the Northwest were larger than the same date a year ago. The export demand was fair, but there was no outside support to the market. The feeling in the domestic markets was easier. Under the circumstances Singer thought it a good time to take in a little wheat. He began buying cautiously, and McDougall was of a similar opinion. Then everybody tried to get a few thousand, and before they knew it the market was up ¾c. It was only a temporary bulge, for selling by Farnum and Brosseau and Hutchinson it eased off and closed 5c below the latest price of the previous day. December opened at $1.03, with a few sales at $1.03¼, sold at $1.03¾@1.03⅞, declined to $1.03⅜, improved to $1.03¾, eased off to $1.03¼, sold to $1.03¾@1.03⅝, broke to $1.02⅝, advanced to $1.03¾@1.03⅞, closed with sellers at the latside figure. Sales in store and to go to store were made at $1.00⅝@1.00¾ for No. 2 red, 88c for No. 3 per bu, and 84¾c for No. 2 Turkish, and $1.00¾ for No. 2 spring. Free on board lots of No. 4 red winter sold at 84@88c. No. 3 do at 94@96c, and No. 3 spring at 89@96c. Total cash sales about 65 cars.

Corn was rather neglected, but the feeling was quite steady all through the session. At times the pit was deserted, but Hutchinson was a buyer and the receipts were not up to expectations and there was an advance in prices pretty well maintained to the close when there was a slightly easier feeling in sympathy with wheat. Cables were steady and domestic markets firm. The shipments continue large. May opened steady at 53@53¼c, advanced to 52¾@53¼c, declined to 52¼@52⅝c, sold at 52⅜c, eased off to 52¼c, improved to 52¾@53¼c, and closed at that. Sales in store and to go to store were made at 49¾@49¾c for No. 2, 51¼c for No. 2 yellow, 49¾@49¾c for No. 3, 50¾@50¾c for No. 3 yellow, and 48¾c for No. 4. Sample sales were at 48¾@48½c for No. 4 mixed and 49¾@51¼c for No. 3 and No. 3 yellow. Total cash sales about 203 cars and 10,000 bu.

Oats attracted unusual interest, selling at a higher range of prices with considerable animation, especially May delivery. The offerings on cash account were moderate, but there was a continued brisk demand both on local and shipping account, and the export talk of the last day or two was also a bull argument in the sight of operators. Hutchinson had practically withdrawn from the recent position of a seller, and there was a good demand for account of shorts, with some purchasing believed to be long early on, even at the present highest prices of the year. Driver, Wylie, and Henderson sold some oats, Swarts-Dupee and Sibley were among the buyers, and Norton, Worthington and Fowler both bought and sold. The close showed a net advance for the day of ⅝c. May ranged at 45¾@46¼c early to 44¾@45c, and rested at 44¾@45c paid and asked. December sold at 41¾@41¾c, and closed at medium figures, with November at 41c early, to 41¼c, resting about 41¾c. No. 2 sold at 44¾c for May, 41¾c for ⅜c for advance. Samples sold quickly, with everything absorbed at the advance. Free on board lots went at 46@46½c for No. 2 white, 45¾@46c for No. 3 white, and 43@44¾c for No. 2 white. Total cash sales about 186 cars and 40,000 bu.

Rye showed essential change with a fair demand at recent figures, transactions including some changes of this month to December at 2¾c difference. Cash offerings were small, and no inspected receipts were but ten cars. October sold in exchange at 63½c, December went at 66c, January at 67¼c, and for May 69¾c. No. 2 in store or to arrive at 66c and by sample at 63¾@65c. Total cash sales about 11 cars and 4,000 bu. Barley was fully steady, choice to fine samples being very scarce and firm. The regular offerings were small and a good clearance of the sample tables was noted. Free-on-board lots sold at 87@90c for No. 2 and 84@86c for No. 4. Total about 73 cars.

Provisions ruled dull, though generally steady. The receipts of hogs were moderate, and they were fairly active and 5@10c higher early. Hutchinson was the principal seller of lard. Cables were unchanged, and the domestic markets were steady. Shipping inquiry fair. The feeling toward the close was easier. January pork opened at $11.67½, eased off to $11.45, declined to $11.17½, declined to $11.32½, and closed at that, cash lots being $9.62½@9.75. January lard opened at $6.45, advanced to $6.47½@6.50, declined to $6.41½, and closed steady at that, with cash lots $6.15@6